

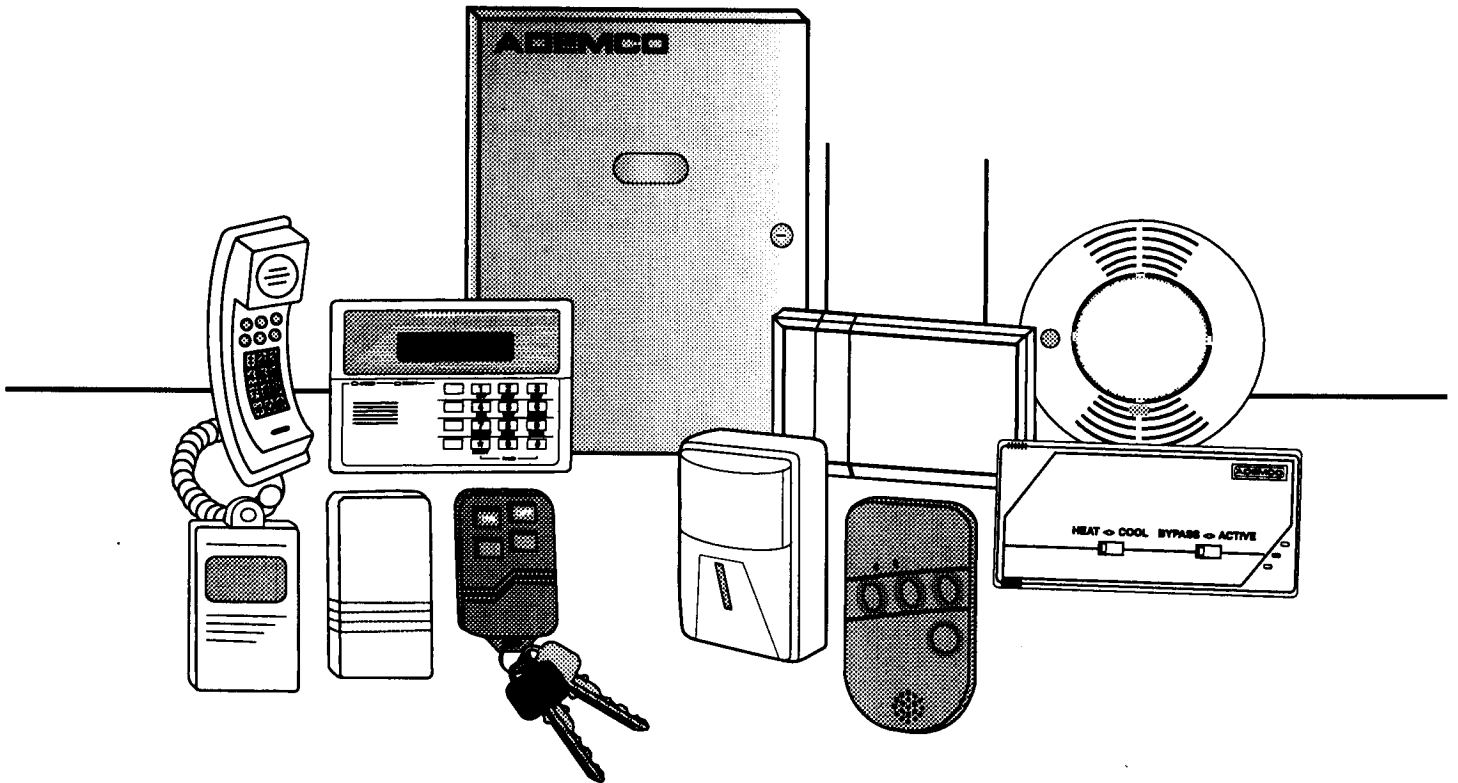
# ***V12C***

## ***Security System***

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### ***Installation and Set-Up Guide***



# Recommendations for Proper Protection

The Following Recommendations For The Location Of Fire And Burglary Detection Devices Help Provide Proper Coverage For The Protected Premises.

## Recommendations For Smoke And Heat Detectors

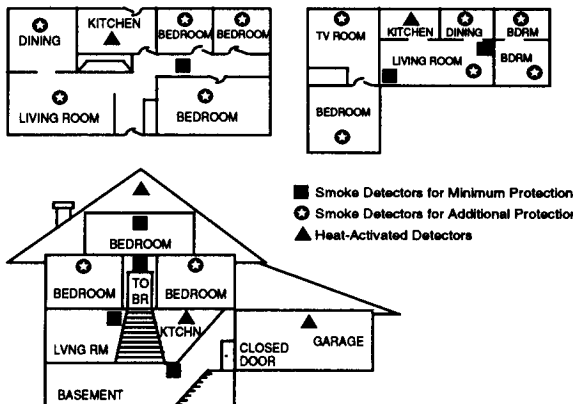
With regard to the number and placement of smoke/heat detectors, we subscribe to the recommendations contained in the National Fire Protection Association's (NFPA) Standard #72 noted below.

Early warning fire detection is best achieved by the installation of fire detection equipment in all rooms and areas of the household as follows: For minimum protection a smoke detector should be installed outside of each separate sleeping area, and on each additional floor of a multi-floor family living unit, including basements. The installation of smoke detectors in kitchens, attics (finished or unfinished), or in garages is not normally recommended.

For additional protection the NFPA recommends that you install heat or smoke detectors in the living room, dining room, bedroom(s), kitchen, hallway(s), attic, furnace room, utility and storage rooms, basements and attached garages.

In addition, we recommend the following:

- Install a smoke detector inside every bedroom where a smoker sleeps.
- Install a smoke detector inside every bedroom where someone sleeps with the door partly or completely closed. Smoke could be blocked by the closed door. Also, an alarm in the hallway outside may not wake up the sleeper if the door is closed.
- Install a smoke detector inside bedrooms where electrical appliances (such as portable heaters, air conditioners or humidifiers) are used.
- Install a smoke detector at both ends of a hallway if the hallway is more than 40 feet (12 meters) long.
- Install smoke detectors in any room where an alarm control is located, or in any room where alarm control connections to an AC source or phone lines are made. If detectors are not so located, a fire within the room could prevent the control from reporting a fire or an intrusion.



**UL** This control complies with NFPA requirements for temporal pulse sounding of fire notification devices.

## Recommendations For Proper Intrusion Protection

For proper intrusion coverage, sensors should be located at every possible point of entry to a home or commercial premises. This would include any skylights that may be present, and the upper windows in a multi-level building.

In addition, we recommend that radio backup be used in a security system. These backup signals can be sent to the alarm monitoring station in the event that the telephone lines are out of order (alarm signals are normally sent over the phone lines, if connected to an alarm monitoring station).

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**Note:** A Programming Guide is supplied in addition to this manual.

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# ***How To Use This Manual***

This manual is written to accommodate both the new and the experienced installer of ADEMCO products. A general description of the entire system is located at the beginning of the manual, followed by the basics of programming. The wiring and physical setup of the hardware follows.

The sections at the core of the manual include both hardware setup and programming requirements of each device to make that specific device operational in the system. A checkout procedure is included at the end of each section. We recommend this method to ensure that each device is working properly before proceeding to the next section. It must also be used if you are making a particular addition to the system of one of these devices.

Each of the sections covering the installation of peripheral devices includes the programming for that device. If you are an experienced user of ADEMCO products, you may choose to wire and then program the entire system at once. If so, refer to *The Mechanics of Programming and Data Field Descriptions* in the *Programming Guide* that has been supplied after the hardware setup is complete. The *Programming Guide* contains all of the information needed to program the system (including a blank *Programming Form*). However, detailed programming for hardwired zones 1–6, wired expansion zones, and wireless zones are contained in the following sections in this manual: *Basic Hardwired Zones 1–6*, *Wired Expansion Zones*, and *Wireless (RF) Zone Expansion (5800 RF Systems)*.

Without an understanding of the programming methodology, you will not be able to successfully perform the required programming in each of these sections. We therefore urge you to read the *Mechanics of Programming and Data Field Descriptions* in the separate *Programming Guide* before any programming is performed.

This manual uses various icons to denote critical notes and technical tips to assist you with the installation of this system. These are easily seen in the left-hand column of the relevant information.

# Conventions Used in This Manual

Before beginning to use this manual, it is important to understand the meaning of the following symbols (icons).

---

**UL**

These notes include specific information that must be followed if you are installing this system for a UL Listed application.

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These notes include information that you should be aware of before continuing with the installation, and that, if not observed, could result in operational difficulties.

---



---

This symbol indicates a critical note that could seriously affect the operation of the system, or could cause damage to the system. Please read each warning carefully. This symbol also denotes warnings about physical harm to the user.

---

Enter Zn Num.  
= Quit)

Many system options are programmed in an interactive mode by responding to alpha keypad display prompts. These prompts are shown in a single-line box.

**\*20**

When programming the system, data fields are indicated by a star (\*) followed by the data field number.

**PRODUCT MODEL NUMBERS:** Unless otherwise noted, references to specific model numbers represent ADEMCO products.

# General Description

.....

## In This Section

◆ *General*

◆ *Features*

.....

## General

The V12C is a control that supports up to 36 zones, using basic hardwired, wired expansion, and/or wireless, plus remote keypads.

## Features

### Basic Hardwired Zones

Provides 6 basic hardwire zones with the following characteristics:

- Zones 1-6 response time is 300-500 milliseconds.
- Zone 3 – programmable for fast response time (10 milliseconds).
- EOLR supervision supporting N.O. or N.C. sensors.
- Zone 5 – supports as many 4-wire smoke or heat detectors the control can power.
- Zone 7, 95, and 96 – keypad Panics.
- Zone 8 – Duress.
- Zone 9 – Expansion module failure/trouble.

### Optional Expansion Zones (up to 30 total, wired and wireless zones)

#### Wired Expansion

Supports up to 8 additional wired zones using a 4219 Expansion Module or 4229 Expansion/Relay Module. Zones have the following characteristics:

- EOLR supervision supporting N.O. or N.C. sensors.
- 300–500msec normal response with an option for fast (10–15 msec) response on loop A (first expansion zone).

### Wireless Expansion

Supports up to 30 wireless zones (fewer, if using wired expansion zones).

Requires the use of a 5881 (5882 in Canada) type RF receiver (with 5800 Series wireless transmitters):

<u>Receiver Model</u>	<u>No. of Zones</u>	<u>Transmitter Type</u>
5881L/5882L*	Up to 8	5800
5881M	Up to 16	5800
5881H/5882H*	Up to 30	5800

\* Only 5882L or 5882H available for use in Canada.

### Remote Keypads

Up to four of any of the following keypads may be used:

*Fixed-Word Keypads:* **6128** and **6137** (Fixed-word display).

*Alpha Keypad:* **6139** (2-line alphanumeric display).



For programming from a keypad, a 6139 2-line alpha keypad must be connected (but need not necessarily stay in the system).

---

### Security Codes

- One Master code for entire system (User 2). Installer code is User 1.
- Up to six Secondary User codes (for Users 3–8). If **not** using a Duress code, User code 9 is available for an additional user.
- User 8 is designed for use as a babysitter code, since it has limited capabilities – User 8's code cannot be used to disarm the system if it was armed by another user's code.
- One Duress code (User 9) that, when used to disarm or arm the system, will send a silent Duress message to the central station.

### Keypad Panic Keys

- Up to three programmable Panic key functions are provided, designated as Zones 7, 95, 96.
- Activated by wired and wireless keypads.
- Reported separately, distinguished by subscriber ID number.

### Paging Feature

If the paging feature has been programmed for your system, a pager will respond to certain conditions as they occur in your system, and display code numbers on the pager indicating the type of condition that has occurred.

### Quick Arm Feature

Quick Arm may be programmed, allowing use of the [#] key in place of the security code for arming (Quick Arm will not work unless the Master code has been programmed into the system).

### Optional Output Relays

- Up to four relays using one ADEMCO 4204 Relay Module.
- Up to two relays using one ADEMCO 4229 Zone Expansion/Relay Module.
- Actions programmable to respond to zone activity or manual keypad entries.

### Optional Phone Module

- Supports the 4285 Phone Module.
- Provides access to the system via on-premises or off-premises phones for arming, disarming, etc., plus control of relay outputs

### Optional Long Range Radio

- Allows all messages that have been programmed to go to the primary telephone number, to be reported additionally to an ADEMCO 7720 PLUS or 7820 Radio.

### Alarm Output

- Provides a 12VDC, 2A output that can drive the compatible sounders listed in *Section 9: External Sounders* (assumes a fully charged battery is connected).
- Steady output for Burglary/Panic, or temporal pulse sounding output for Fire notification, as required by UL.
- Uses current-limiting circuitry for protection.

### Auxiliary Power Output

- Provides 12VDC, 500mA maximum. Uses current-limiting circuitry for protection.
- This output interrupts for smoke detector reset if 4-wire smoke detectors are used on basic wired zone 5 (if zone 5 is programmed for Fire).

### Programming

- Programmed options are stored in electrically erasable, non-volatile EEROM memory (information can be reprogrammed at any time and will not be lost in the event of a power loss).
- The system can be uploaded, downloaded, or controlled via an IBM compatible computer, Windows downloading software and a HAYES modem specified by Ademco.

Keypad programming consists of:

- Data field programming.
- Interactive (menu) mode programming.



For programming from a keypad, a 6139 2-line alpha keypad must be connected (but need not necessarily stay in the system).

---

**Communication Formats Supported**

- 4+2 ADEMCO Low Speed (Standard).
- 4+2 Radionics (Standard).
- 4+2 ADEMCO Express.
- ADEMCO Contact ID.

**Zone Descriptors**

You can assign Alpha descriptors to all zones (useful only when using Alpha keypads and/or the 4285 Phone Module).

**AC Power Supply**

- Uses 1317 120VAC plug-in transformer with 16.5VAC, 25VA output.

**Backup Battery**

- Rechargeable (gel type) 12VDC, 4AH minimum.



# Installing The Control

.....

## In This Section

- ◆ *Mounting the Cabinet*
  - ◆ *Installing the Lock*
  - ◆ *Installing the Control's Circuit Board Alone or with a Relay Unit*
  - ◆ *Installing the Control and RF Receiver Circuit Boards Together in the Cabinet*
  - ◆ *Standard Phone Line Connections*
  - ◆ *Wiring the AC Transformer*
  - ◆ *Installing the Backup Battery*
  - ◆ *Earth Ground Connections*
- .....

## Mounting the Control Cabinet

Mount the control cabinet to a sturdy wall using fasteners or anchors (not supplied) in a clean, dry area that is not readily accessible to the general public. The back of the control cabinet has four holes for this purpose.

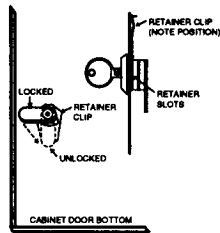
If an RF receiver is being used and you intend to mount its PC board within the cabinet, note the following:

- Do not mount the cabinet on or near metal objects. This will decrease RF range and/or block RF transmissions from wireless transmitters.
- Do not locate the cabinet in an area of high RF interference (revealed by frequent or prolonged lighting of the LED in the receiver after it is operational; random flicker is OK).

## Installing the Cabinet Lock

Use an ADEMCO No. N6277 Cam Lock and No. N6277-1 Push-On Clip (Retainer Clip).

**Note:** The cabinet can be closed and secured without a lock by using two screws in the cover's edge.



**Figure 2-1: Installing the Lock**

1. Remove the cabinet door. It is easily removable for servicing and is easily re-installed.
2. Remove the lock knockout from the control cabinet door. Insert the key into the lock. Position the lock in the hole, making certain that the latch will make contact with the latch bracket when the door is closed.
3. Hold the lock steady, and insert the retainer clip into the retainer slots. Position the clip as illustrated in order to permit easy removal.



---

Before installing the cabinet's contents, remove the metal cabinet knockouts required for the wiring entry. Do not attempt to remove the knockouts after the circuit board has been installed.

---

## Installing the Control's Circuit Board Alone or With A Relay Unit

### Installing the Control's Circuit Board in the Cabinet

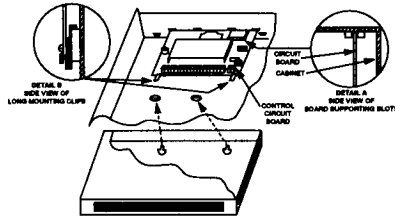
- Hang two long red mounting clips (provided) on the raised cabinet tabs (see Detail B in *Figure 2-2*).
- Insert the top of the circuit board into the slots at the top of the cabinet. Make sure that the board rests on the correct row (see Detail A in *Figure 2-2*).
- Swing the base of the board into the mounting clips and secure the board to the cabinet with the accompanying screws (see Detail B in *Figure 2-2*).

### Installing the 4204, 4219 or 4229 Module in the Cabinet

Any one of these units can be mounted in the cabinet with the main control board, if used. (See *Figure 2-2*.)

- Insert self-tapping screws (provided) in two adjacent raised cabinet tabs. Leave the heads projecting 1/8".
- Hang the unit on the screw heads via two of the slotted holes at the rear of its housing, as shown in *Figure 2-2*.
- The 4204's cover can be left off if the unit's DIP switch is set with its position 1 set ON (to the right) as shown in its instructions. The 4219's or 4229's cover can be left off if the cover tamper jumper is placed in its upper (not tampered) position (see Detail C in *Figure 2-2*).

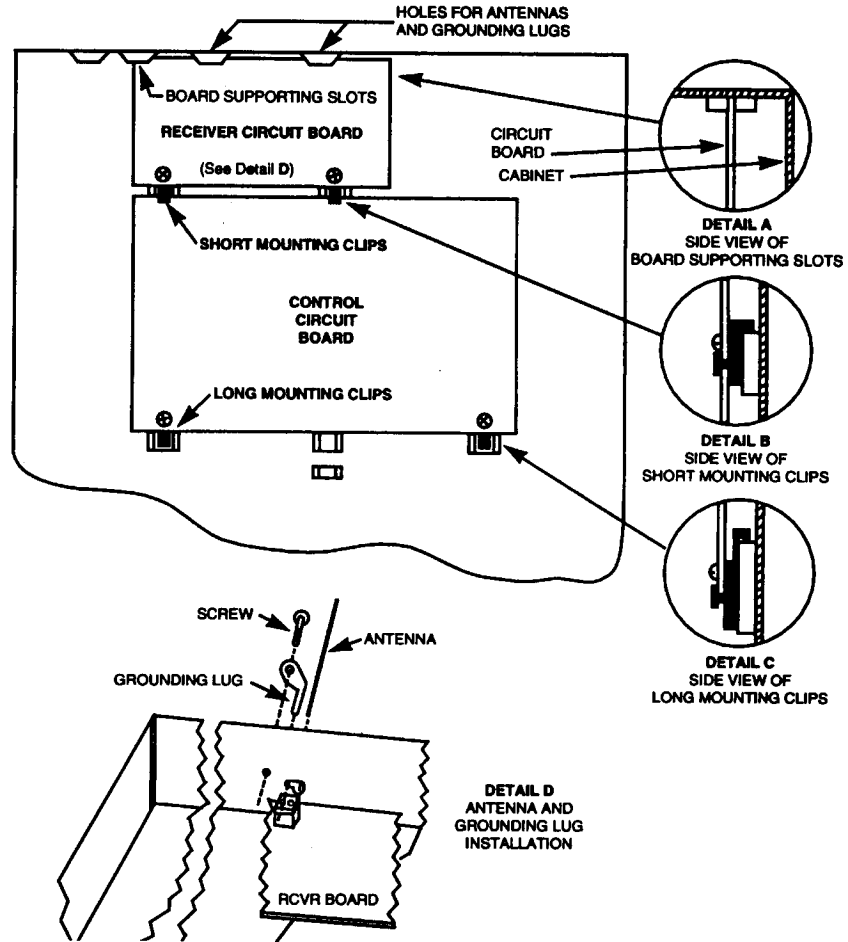
The tampered cover is necessary for installations outside of the control's cabinet.



**Figure 2-2: Installing the PC Board in the Cabinet Alone  
or (if used) with a 4204, 4219, or 4229**

### Installing the Control and RF Receiver Circuit Boards Together in the Cabinet

1. Hang two short (black) mounting clips (provided with receiver) on the raised cabinet tabs, as shown in Detail B in *Figure 2-3*.
2. Insert the top of the receiver board (removed from its own case as described in its instructions) into the slots at the top of the cabinet, as shown in Detail A in *Figure 2-3*. Make sure that the board rests on the correct row of tabs, as shown.
3. Swing the base of the board into the mounting clips and secure it to the cabinet with the accompanying screws (see Detail B in *Figure 2-3*).
4. Insert the top of the control's board into the slot in the clips and position two long (red) clips at the lower edge of the board (see Detail C).
5. Swing this board into place and secure it with two additional screws.
6. Insert grounding lugs (supplied with the receiver) through the top of the cabinet into the left-hand terminals of the antenna blocks (at the upper edge of the receiver board), and secure them to the cabinet top with the screws provided, as shown in Detail D.
7. Insert the receiver's antennas through the top of the cabinet, into the blocks' right-hand terminals, and tighten the screws.
8. Setup and wiring of the receiver is contained in *Section 6: Wireless (RF) Zone Expansion (5800 RF Systems)*.



**Figure 2-3: Installing the PC Board and RF Receiver (if used) Together in the Cabinet**

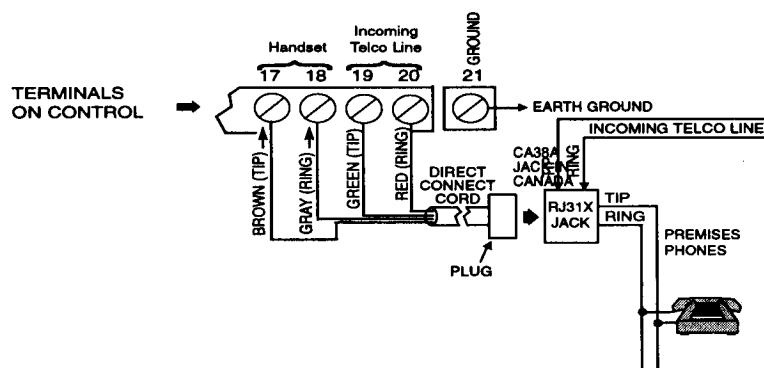


The wiring connections shown here are not applicable if the 4285 Phone Module is used. Refer to *Section 8: 4285 Phone Module* for information regarding phone line connections.

The incoming phone line and handset wiring is connected to the main terminal block via a RJ31X Jack (CA38A Jack in Canada), as indicated below and shown in *Figure 2-4*.

- Term. 17: Local Handset (TIP – Brown\*).
- Term. 18: Local Handset (RING – Gray\*).
- Term. 19: Incoming Phone Line (TIP – Green\*).
- Term. 20: Incoming Phone Line (RING – Red\*).

\* Colors of wires in Direct Connect Cord.



**Figure 2-4: Standard Telephone Line Connections**

### Wiring the AC Transformer

**1317 Transformer** Wire the transformer to terminals 1 and 2 on the control board. See the wiring table below for wire gauge to use.

WIRING TABLE	
Distance of Transformer from the Control Panel	Wire Gauge to Use
Up to 50 feet	# 20
50–100 feet	# 18
100–250 feet	# 16



The wiring to the AC transformer must not exceed 250 feet using 16-gauge wire. Do not plug the transformer into the AC outlet until instructed to do so later in the manual.

## Installing the Backup Battery

1. Place the 12-volt backup battery in the control cabinet. To calculate the correct battery size for an installation, refer temporarily to *Calculating the Battery Size Needed* in *Section 12: Final Power-Up*.
- 

**UL**

Use a 4AH battery or larger for UL Installations.

---

2. Attach red and black wires on the battery connector cable to the control board as follows:
  - a. Red to the positive (+) battery tab on the control board<sup>†</sup> (see Summary of Connections diagram for location, if necessary).
  - b. Black to the negative (-) battery tab on the control board<sup>†</sup>.

<sup>†</sup> These wires may have already been connected to the battery tabs on the control board. If so, disregard steps a. and b.

---



Do not attach the connector cable to the terminals on the battery until instructed to do so later in the manual.

---

## Earth Ground Connections

The designated earth ground terminal (**21**) must be terminated in a good earth ground for the lightning transient protective devices in this product to be effective. The following are examples of good earth grounds available at most installations:

### Metal Cold Water Pipe

Use a noncorrosive metal strap (copper is recommended) firmly secured to the pipe to which the ground lead is electrically connected and secured.

### AC Power Outlet Ground

Available from 3-prong, 120VAC power outlets only. To test the integrity of the ground terminal, use a 3-wire circuit tester with neon lamp indicators, such as the UL Listed Ideal Model 61-035, or equivalent, available at most electrical supply stores.

# Installing Remote Keypads

---

## In This Section

- ◆ *Keypads That May Be Used*
  - ◆ *Wiring to the Keypads*
  - ◆ *Mounting the Keypads*
  - ◆ *Using a Supplementary Power Supply to Power Additional Keypads*
  - ◆ *Preliminary Checkout Procedure*
  - ◆ *Installing the Hardwired Zones*
  - ◆ *Wiring Burglary and Panic Devices to Zones 1-6*
  - ◆ *Wiring 4-Wire Smoke/Combustion Detectors on Zone 5*
  - ◆ *Programming Hardwired Zones*
  - ◆ *Checkout Procedure for Basic Hardwired Zones (1-6)*
- 

## Keypads That May Be Used

- Fixed-Word Display: 6128, 6137
- Alpha Display: 6139
- Up to four keypads, independent of auxiliary power considerations (an auxiliary power supply might be needed if the 500mA aux. output is exceeded)




---

Be sure the keypads are set to the Nonaddressable mode (address 31).

---

## Wiring to the Keypads

1. Determine wire gauge by referring to the wiring length/gauge chart below. For devices (keypads, RF receivers, expansion/relay units, etc.) connected to a single 4-wire run, determine the current drawn by all units connected to the single wire run. Then refer to the Wiring Run Chart to determine the maximum wire length that can be safely used for each wire size. Current draw for all devices can be found in *Section 19: Specifications And Accessories*.

**Note:** Refer to Auxiliary Device Current Draw Worksheet in *Section 12: Final Power-Up* for current draw for all keypads.



Maximum wire lengths for any device that is homerun to the control can also be determined from the chart, based on the current draw of only that device.

**Wiring Run Chart for Devices\* Drawing Aux Power from the Control (12V+ & 12V-)**

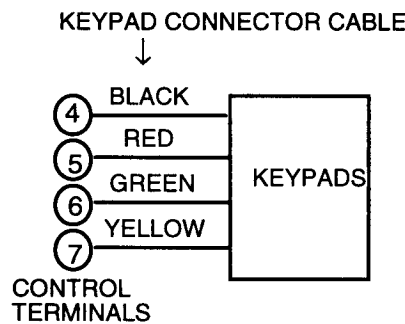
Wire Size	TOTAL CURRENT DRAWN BY ALL DEVICES CONNECTED TO A SINGLE WIRE RUN			
	50mA or less	100mA	300mA	500mA
#22	500 ft (152m)	250 ft (76m)	80 ft (24m)	50 ft (15m)
#20	750 ft (228.6m)	380 ft (116m)	130 ft (39.6m)	80 ft (24m)
#18	1300 ft (396m)	650 ft (198m)	220 ft (67m)	130 ft (39.6m)
#16	1500 ft (457m)	1000 ft (305m)	330 ft (100.5m)	200 ft (70m)

\*Includes keypads, RF receivers, expansion/relay units, or the 4285 Phone Module.



The length of all wire runs must not exceed 1500 feet (457m) when unshielded quad conductor cable is used (750 feet if shielded cable is used). This restriction is due to the capacitive effect on the data lines when quad cable is used.

2. Run field wiring from the control to the keypads (using standard 4-conductor twisted wire cable using the wire gauge determined in step 1).
3. Connect remote keypads to terminals 4, 5, 6, and 7 on the control board.



**Figure 3-1: Keypad Connections to the Control Board.**

**Mounting the Keypads**

**Make sure keypads** are set to Nonaddressable mode (address 31), which is the factory default setting. Refer to the instructions provided with the keypad for address setting procedure.

**Mount the keypads** at a height that is convenient for the user. Refer to the instructions provided with the keypad for mounting procedure.



You can either surface mount or flush mount keypads (using an appropriate trim ring kit: 550TRK (except 6128). Refer to the mounting instructions and template included with the keypad and/or trim ring kit for specific information.

## Using a Supplementary Power Supply to Power Additional Keypads

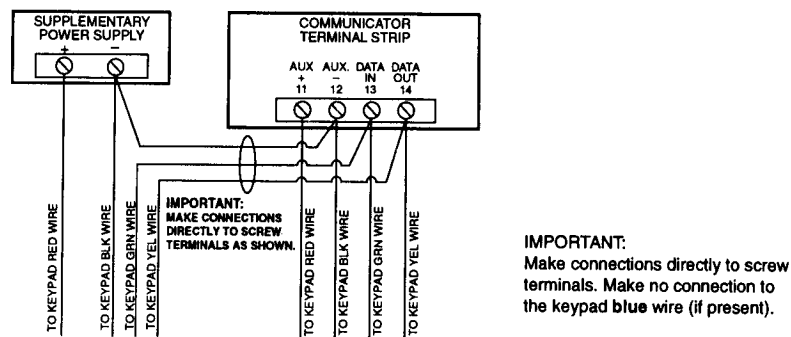
The control provides 500mA for powering keypads (up to four) and other devices from the auxiliary power output. The backup battery will supply power to these keypads in the event that AC power is lost.

When the control's auxiliary power load for all devices exceeds 500mA, you can power additional keypads from a regulated, 12VDC power supply (e.g., 487-12 supplies 12V, 250mA; 488-12 supplies 12V, 500mA). Use a UL Listed, battery-backed supply for UL installations.

The 487-12/488-12 power supplies have a backup battery that can power these keypads in the event of AC power loss.



Keypads powered from supplies that do not have a backup battery **will not function** when AC power is lost. Therefore, be sure to power at least one keypad from the control's auxiliary power output.



**Figure 3-2: Using a Supplementary Power Supply for Keypads**

## Preliminary Checkout Procedure/

To check that the system is working before connecting field wiring from zones and devices, do the following:

1. Temporarily connect a 1000-ohm end-of-line resistor across each of the basic hardwire zones 1–6, as shown in the Summary of Connections diagram. Without actual zone wiring or EOL resistors connected, the keypads will not display the READY message.
2. Power up the system temporarily by plugging the AC transformer (previously wired to the control) into an unswitched 120VAC outlet.
3. BUSY – STANDBY (Alpha keypads) or dI (Fixed-Word keypads) will be displayed. After approximately 1 minute,\* the green READY LED should light, and the word READY (Fixed-Word keypads), or DISARMED...READY TO ARM (Alpha keypads) should be displayed.

\* To bypass the 1-minute delay, press [#] plus 0.

If the READY display does not appear on any of the keypads in the system, or a NOT READY message is displayed, check the keypad wiring connections, and make sure each of the six basic hardwired zones has a 1000-ohm resistor connected across its terminals.

4. When you get the proper READY displays on the keypad(s), the system is functioning correctly.

Do not remove the EOL resistors until you are ready to make connections to the hardwired zones, to allow for testing later in the manual.



If an OC or OPEN CIRCUIT message is displayed on the keypad, data from the control is not reaching the keypad. Check the wiring.

---

# Basic Hardwired Zones 1-6

.....

## In This Section

- ◆ *Common Characteristics of Hardwired Zones 1-6*
- ◆ *Wiring Burglary and Panic Devices to Zones 1-6*
- ◆ *Wiring 4-Wire Smoke/Combustion Detectors on Zone 5*
- ◆ *Programmed Hardwired Zones*
- ◆ *Checkout Procedure for Basic Hardwired Zones (1-6)*

.....

## Common Characteristics of Hardwired Zones 1-6

- Response time from 400 milliseconds, nominal.
- Zone 3 can be programmed (in field \*52) for normally-closed sensor fast response (10 msec max) to an open (suitable for vibration-type contacts). Default response is 400msec nominal that should be used for most standard contacts.
- EOLR supervised zones supporting both open circuit and closed circuit devices.
- As many 4-wire smoke detectors as can be powered from Auxiliary Power on the control in Zone 5.

## Wiring Burglary and Panic Devices to Zones 1-6

1. Connect sensors/contacts to the hardwire zone terminals 8–16 (zones 1–4, and zone 6). See the Summary of Connections diagram.
2. Connect closed circuit devices in series in the high (+) side of the loop. The EOL resistor must be connected in series with the devices, following the last device. See the Summary of Connections diagram.
3. Connect open circuit devices in parallel across the loop. The 1,000-ohm EOLR must be connected across the loop wires at the last device.




---

If the EOLR is not at the end of the loop, the zone will not be properly supervised, and the system may not respond to an open circuit in the zone..

---

## Wiring 4-Wire Smoke/Combustion Detectors on Zone 5

The system will support as many 4-wire detectors as can be powered from Auxiliary Power on the control in Zone 5. Refer to the detector’s instructions for complete details regarding its proper installation and operation.

1. Connect 12-volt power for the detectors from Auxiliary Power terminals 4 and 5 (that will interrupt power for fire alarm reset). Observe proper polarity when connecting detectors.

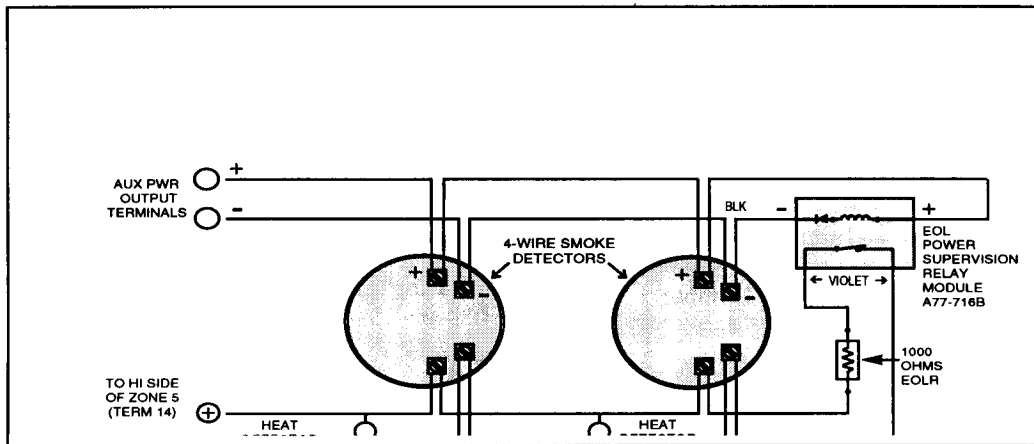
(Refer to *Figure 4-1*.) If 4-wire detectors are used on any zone other than Zone 5, a separate reset switch must be used (to interrupt auxiliary power to the detector).

2. Connect detectors (including heat detectors, if used) across terminals of Zone 5. All detectors must be wired in parallel.



Remove 1000-ohm EOL resistor if it is connected across Zone 5 terminals. The EOL resistor must be connected across the loop wires at the last detector.

3. Use a supervisory module to supervise power (e.g., System Sensor No. A77-716B Relay module) to meet NFPA 72 requirements.



**Figure 4-1: Wire Smoke Detector Connections to Zone 5**

Compatible System Sensor 4-Wire Smoke/Combustion Detectors	
<b>1412</b>	4-wire ionization products of combustion detector.
<b>2412</b>	4-wire photoelectric smoke detector.
<b>2412TH</b>	4-wire photoelectric smoke detector w/135° F (57° C) heat detector.
<b>A77-716B</b>	EOL relay module (supervisory module for wired 4-wire fire zone).
<b>2112/24T</b>	Low-profile 4-wire photoelectric smoke detector w/135° F (57° C) heat detector.

## Programming Hardwired Zones

1. With at least one 2-line Alpha keypad (6139) connected to the keypad terminals on the control, power up the system temporarily. If you previously connected the AC transformer to the control panel, you need only plug in the transformer (to 120VAC outlet) to power up the system.
2. Enter the Programming mode by keying the following on the Alpha keypad:  
**Installer code (4 1 1 1) + 8 + 0.**



Datafields \*22 RF SYSTEM and \*25 WIRED EXPANSION/RELAY USED must be programmed as required before continuing.

3. **Press \*56.** Note that this is an interactive programming mode. You will use it to program zone numbers, zone types, and Alarm Report codes for hardwired zones.

**Note:** If you enabled the 5800 Wireless System in field \*22 (a 1 entry), the first screen prompt will be **Program Tool?...** 0 = No 1 = Yes. Enter 0 (No). The next prompt will ask you to enter zone number.

Enter Zn Num.	
(00 = Quit)	01

Default Zone Number  
after entering \*56

Enter the first zone number that you wish to program (or 00 to exit zone programming). If you are starting with Zone 1, leave as is and press [\*] to continue.

If programming another zone, enter the desired zone number; e.g. 02, 03, etc. (Zone 03 is shown in the next display). Press [\*] to continue.

Typical summary display

Zn	ZT	-	RC	In	L
03	03	-	00	HW:	-

A summary display will appear, showing the present status of that zone's programming.

**Zn** = zone number.

**ZT** = zone type.

**RC** = Report code for that zone.

**In** = input type of zone (HW will be displayed).

Values displayed are currently programmed values. The summary display at the left shows the default values (except for zone number 3 shown entered, its default zone type being 03).

If programmed satisfactorily, press [#] to back up one step and enter the next zone number.

If you want to change a zone's programming, press [\*]. A prompt for zone type will appear.

Each zone must be assigned a zone type that defines the way in which the system responds to faults in that zone. Refer to *Response Type Definitions* in the separate *Programming Guide* for an explanation of each zone type.

Enter the desired Zone Type code, from the list on the next page.

The example on the left shows Zone Type 03 (Perimeter) entered (this is the default for zone 3).

– Zone Number

03 Zone Type	
Perimeter	03

Zone Type

**Zone Types**

- |                              |                        |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 00 = Zone Not Used           | 08 = 24-Hr Aux         |
| 01 = Entry/Exit #1           | 09 = Fire              |
| 02 = Entry/Exit # 2          | 10 = Interior w/Delay  |
| 03 = Perimeter               | 20 = Arm-Stay o 5800   |
| 04 = Interior Follower       | 21 = Arm-Away o RF     |
| 05 = Trouble Day/Alarm Night | 22 = Disarm o Only     |
| 06 = 24-Hr Silent            | 23 = No Alarm Response |
| 07 = 24-Hr Audible           |                        |

When the display shows the zone type you want, press [\*] to continue.



**00** must be entered as the **zone type** for any hardwired zones that are not used.

03 Report Code
1st 03 2nd 12 3C

The report code consists of 2 hexadecimal digits, each in turn consisting of 2 numerical digits. For example, for a report code of 3C, enter **03** for 3 and **12** for C. Refer to *Section 15: System Communication* for complete information on report codes, if necessary. Enter the desired report code and then press [\*] to continue.

Typical summary display

Zn	ZT	-	RC	In	L
03	03	-	3C	HW:	-

A summary display will appear, showing the data for the zone that was just programmed. If it is programmed satisfactorily, press [\*] to continue.

Program Alpha?
0 = No 1 = Yes 0

The next request is to enter Alpha descriptors for the zones. The entry may be done now (enter 1), or may be done at a later time using \*82 interactive mode (enter 0). Refer to *Section 13: Alpha Descriptor Programming* for specific procedure.

Enter Zn Num.
(00 = Quit) 04

If **0** (No) was entered above, the system will return to the **Enter Zn Num.** prompt. Proceed with the programming for the next zone, i.e., [\*] and zone number.

Enter next zone number

**Programming Panic Keys**

When programming zones, note the following:

**The defaults for Panic key pairs or individual Panic keys are:**

- Zone 07. [\*] & [#], or B: zone type 06 (24 Hr Silent).
- Zone 95. [1] & [\*], or A: zone type 00 (not used).
- Zone 96. [3] & [#], or C: zone type 00 (not used).

Panic keys are programmed (or reprogrammed) by keying the zone number, e.g., \*07, \*95, and \*96, and entering the desired zone type that will provide the desired Panic function for each of these keys, using the list of zone types below.

- 06 = 24-Hr Silent
- 07 = 24-Hr Audible
- 08 = 24-Hr Aux
- 09 = Fire

**Note:** With keypads not having individual Panic keys (A, B, C), the [\*] and [#] pair can be programmed (in field \*86) to send a Service Request message to the central station. If so programmed, the [\*] and [#] key pair cannot be used for.

When you have programmed all the hardwired zones and Panic keys satisfactorily, exit \*56 interactive mode at the **Enter Zn Num.** prompt by entering 00 as the next zone number.

Then exit the programming mode by keying \*99.

See the special notes below, then proceed to the checkout procedure that follows.

### Special Notes on Zone Programming

- *In field \*56, at the summary line for each zone, the entered values can be checked.* If you wish to change anything, press [#] to move to the previous entry. Press [#] a number of times to move to earlier entries. Press [\*] to move to later entries again.
- *Zone entries can be reviewed* by pressing [#] 56. Changes cannot be made here, so this is safer for review. Enter the first zone number to be viewed and press [#]. To view each zone, press [#] and the zone number will advance to the next programmed zone. When the end of the list is reached, press 00 to exit. This method of exiting may also be done at any time during the review.
- *To either temporarily or permanently remove a zone from the system, go into programming mode and press [\*] 56.* Enter the zone number and press [\*]. At the **Zone Type** prompt, enter 00 and [\*]. This sets the type of the zone to Not Used. The next prompt will be **Delete Zone?**. Yes will permanently remove the zone from the system, while No will disable it but retain all data except the original zone type. You can then go back to this zone later and put back an active zone type to re-enable it.

### Checkout Procedure for Hardwired Zones

After installation of all hardwired zones is complete, the security system should be checked as follows.

Make certain that all devices and sensors connected to the hardwired zones are not in a faulted state. Doors and windows with contacts should be closed, PIRs should be covered (use a cloth to mask them temporarily, if necessary).

1. Plug in the AC Transformer if it has not already been plugged in.
2. With all hardwired zones intact, the alpha keypads connected to the system should display:

DISARMED  
 READY TO ARM.

If the following is displayed instead, press the [\*] key to display the faulted zone(s).

DISARMED Press \*  
 to show faults

Restore any faulted zone(s) as necessary (also make sure that a 1000-ohm EOL resistor has been connected across the terminals of unused zones). When the DISARMED...READY TO ARM message is displayed, proceed to the next step.

3. Fault and then restore every contact or sensor on each zone individually to ensure that it is being monitored by the system. Each time a zone is faulted, the keypads in the partition to which the zone is assigned should display the number of the faulted zone. **Tripping fire and panic zones will cause external sounders to sound and may trigger the dialer.** When each zone is restored, the READY TO ARM message should appear again.



---

If a zone or zones are not displayed at the correct partition's keypad(s), check both keypad and zone programming to verify the correct partition assignment.

---

When the proper displays on the keypad(s) are received, the hardwired zones in the system are functioning properly.

4. Power down and continue to the next section.



# Wired Zone Expansion

.....

## In This Section

- ◆ *Installing Zone Expansion Units*
- ◆ *Checkout Procedure for Wired Expansion Zones*
- ◆ *Wiring/Addressing RPM Devices*

.....

## Installing Zone Expansion Units

The system can be expanded from the basic 6 zones to up to 14 zones by using a number 4219 Wired Expansion Unit or 4229 Wired Expansion/Relay Unit.

### Location

- You can mount an expansion unit within the control cabinet if space permits. Otherwise, mount the unit outside the cabinet.

### Supervision

- Units are supervised against removal. Keypads will display CHECK and zone 09 if a zone expander is disconnected.
- Units have tamper protection for security when mounted outside of the cabinet.

### Zone Information

- Assign zone numbers 10–17 for the eight wired expansion loops (designated A to H). You can program these zones individually (in \*56 Interactive mode, as indicated in *Programming Wired Expansion Zones* later in this section).

## Connections and Setup

1. Connect the 4219 or 4229 module to the control's keypad terminals (see diagram below).
2. **Set the 4219 or 4229's DIP switch for device address 1** (switch 2 OFF and switches 3, 4, 5 ON). Switch 1 determines expansion zone A's response time (ON = normal response, OFF = fast response). For location of the DIP switch in either unit, see the diagram below. For additional information, refer to the instructions supplied with the 4219 and 4229.

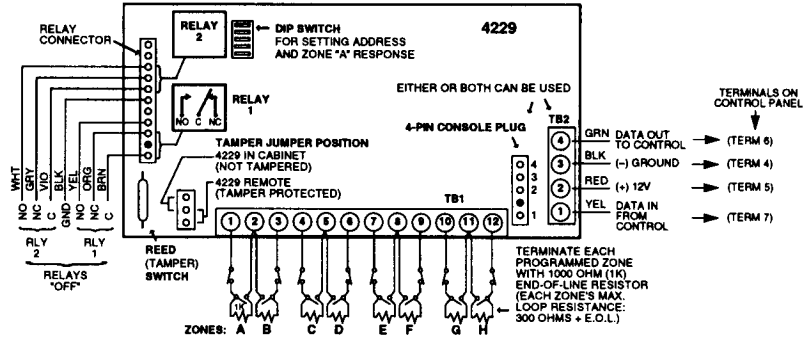


Figure 5-1: Wiring Connections, 4219 & 4229 (4229 shown)

### Programming Wired Expansion Zones

1. With at least one 2-line Alpha keypad (6139) connected to the keypad terminals on the control, power up the system temporarily. If you previously connected the AC transformer to the control panel, you need only plug in the transformer (to 120VAC outlet) to power up the system.
2. Enter the programming mode by keying the following on the Alpha keypad:  
**Installer code (4 1 1 1) + 8 + 0.**



If RF zones or wired expansion is used, data fields Q22 RF SYSTEM TYPE and Q25 WIRED EXPANSION/RELAY USED must be programmed as required before continuing (refer to the Programming Form in the separate *Programming Guide*).

3. **Press \*56.** Note that this is an interactive programming mode. It is used to program zone numbers, zone types, and alarm report codes for all zones that are going to be used.  
**Note:** If you enabled the 5800 wireless system in field \*22 (a 1 entry), the first screen prompt will be **Program Tool?... 0 = No 1 = Yes.** Enter 0 (No). The next prompt will ask you to enter a zone number.

Enter Zn Num.	
(00 = Quit)	10

Enter the first zone number that you wish to program (or 00 to exit zone programming). Normally, you will be starting with zone 10 (this is the default).

Zone Number

Press [\*] to continue.

Zn	ZT	RC	In	L
10	00	-	00	RF: 1

A summary display will appear, showing the present status of that zone's programming.

**Zn** = zone number.

**ZT** = zone type.

**RC** = report code for that zone.

**In** = input type of zone (AW for Aux Wired).

**L** = loop (not used for wired expansion zones).

Values in the summary display are the currently programmed values.

To start programming zone 10, press [\*]. A prompt for zone type will appear.

– Zone Number

```

10 Zone Type
Perimeter          03
    
```

Zone Type 03 entry shown

Each zone must be assigned a zone type that defines the way in which the system responds to faults in that zone. A detailed explanation of each zone type is provided in Response Type Definitions in the in the separate **Programming Guide**.

Enter the desired zone type from the list below.

- |                              |                        |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 00 = Zone Not Used           | 06 = 24-Hr Silent      |
| 01 = Entry/Exit #1           | 07 = 24-Hr Audible     |
| 02 = Entry/Exit #2           | 08 = 24-Hr Aux         |
| 03 = Perimeter               | 09 = Fire              |
| 04 = Interior Follower       | 10 = Interior w/Delay  |
| 05 = Trouble Day/Alarm Night | 23 = No Alarm Response |

When the display shows the zone type you want, press **[\*]** to continue.

```

10 Report Code
1st  03 2nd 12   3C
    
```

The report code consists of 2 hexadecimal digits, each in turn consisting of 2 numerical digits. For example, for a report code of 3C, enter **03** for 3 and **12** for C. Refer to *Section 15: System Communication* section for complete information on report codes, if necessary.

Enter the report code and then press **[\*]** to continue.

```

10 Input Dev:  LP#
AUX WIRED AW: 01
    
```

At the **Input Dev:** prompt, enter **2** (AUX Wired) as the input device. The display on the left will appear.

Press **[\*]** to continue.

Typical summary display

```

Zn  ZT  RC  In  L
10  03  -03 AW: -
    
```

A summary display will appear, showing the data for the zone that was just programmed. Note that AW indicates an auxiliary wired (zone expansion module) zone.

If it is programmed satisfactorily, press **[\*]** to display the next prompt.

```

Program Alpha?
0 = No  1 = Yes   0
    
```

For all zone types, the next request is to enter Alpha descriptors for the zones. The entry may be done now (enter 1) or may be done at a later time using **\*82** interactive menu mode (enter 0). We recommend that the entry of Alpha descriptors be done later using **\*82** menu mode.

Refer to *Chapter 13: Alpha Description Programming* section for specific procedure.

```

Enter Zn Num.
(00 = Quit)          11
    
```

If 0 (No) was entered above, the system will display a prompt for entry of the next wired expansion zone number. Proceed with the programming for the next zone, as indicated previously.

When all wired expansion zones are programmed satisfactorily, exit **\*56** mode at the **Enter Zn Num.** prompt by pressing: **00\***.

Exit the programming mode by keying **\*99**.

Enter next zone number

Proceed to the checkout procedure that follows.

## Checkout Procedure for Wired Expansion Zones

After installation of all devices is complete, all wired expansion zones of the security system should be checked as follows:

1. Be sure that all devices and sensors connected to the wired expansion zones are not in a faulted state. Doors and windows with contacts should be closed, PIRs should be covered (use a cloth to mask them temporarily, if necessary).
2. With all zones intact (including hardwired zones), the alpha keypads connected to the system should display:

DISARMED  
READY TO ARM.

3. If the following is displayed, press the [\*] key to display the faulted zone(s):

DISARMED Press \*  
to show faults

4. Restore any faulted zone(s) as necessary. Also make sure that a 1000-ohm EOL resistor has been connected across the terminals of unused expansion zones on the 4219 or 4229 module. Proceed to the next step when the DISARMED...READY TO ARM message is displayed.
5. Fault and then restore every contact or sensor on each zone individually to ensure that it is being monitored by the system. Each time a zone is faulted, the keypads in the partition to which the zone is assigned should display the number of the faulted zone. **Tripping fire and panic zones will cause external sounders to sound and may trigger the dialer.** When each zone is restored, the READY TO ARM message should appear again.



---

If a CHECK 09 message appears on the display, data from the control is not being received by the zone expander module. Check the wiring and DIP switch settings.

---

# Wireless Zone Expansion

---

**In This Section**

- ◆ *Wireless Systems Available*
- ◆ *Installing the Wireless Receiver (5881 or 5882\*)*
- ◆ *Installing the 5800TM Module*
- ◆ *Installation and Setup of the 5881(or 5882\*) RF Receiver*
- ◆ *Installation and Setup of the 5800TM Module*
- ◆ *Enrolling 5800 Series Wireless Transmitters*
- ◆ *Checkout Procedure for Wireless Zones*

\* 5882L or 5882H in Canada.



Wireless devices may not be used in UL commercial burglary installations.

---

**Wireless Systems Available**

The V12C supports wireless zones that may be used exclusively or in addition to hardwire zones 1 through 6. The following receivers may be used with this system. Each supports the number of zones shown:

**5 8 0 0 S e r i e s**

<b>Recvr</b>	<b>Zones</b>
5881L	up to 8
5881M	up to 16
5881H	up to 30
5882H	up to 30




---

In Canada, 5800 systems must use 5882 Series receivers: 5882L/5882H. Information in this manual relative to the 5881 receivers applies as well to the 5882 receivers. 5881 and 5882 receivers can all use the same transmitters.

---



Any zone number from 10 to 39 can be used as a 5800 Series wireless zone. (Do not confuse this with the number of zones that can be used, shown in Table 1.)

---

## RF System Operation and Supervision

The receiver responds to status and alarm signals from wireless transmitters [operating at 345MHz for 5800 series (in USA and Canada)] within a nominal range of 200 feet; the receiver then relays this information to the control.

Except for transmitters that may be carried off-premises (such as the 5800 system's 5802, 5802CP, 5804, 5827, and 5827BD), each transmitter is supervised by a check-in signal that is sent to the receiver at 70 to 90 minute intervals. If at least one check-in is not received from each supervised transmitter within a 12-hour period, the missing transmitter number(s) and CHECK will be displayed on the keypad.

The supervision for a particular transmitter in the 5800 system may be turned off by entering it as a UR (unsupervised RF) type, as described later.

5800 Series Transmitters have built-in tamper protection and will cause a Check condition to be annunciated if covers are removed.

Each transmitter is also supervised for low battery and will transmit a low battery signal to its receiver, with the battery having at least 30 days of life remaining. A LOW BATTERY message and appropriate zone number will appear on a wired keypad's display. If a 5827 or 5827BD Wireless Keypad has a low battery, it will be displayed as Zone 00 when it transmits.

**Note:** After a low or dead battery is replaced, activate the transmitter and then enter the **Security code + OFF** to clear the system's memory of the low battery signal.

### Transmitter Battery Life

- Batteries in the wireless transmitters may last from 4 to 7 years, depending on the environment, usage, and the specific wireless device being used. External factors such as humidity, high or low temperatures, as well as large swings in temperature may all reduce the actual battery life in a given installation. The wireless system can identify a true low-battery situation, thus allowing the dealer or user of the system time to arrange a change of battery and maintain protection for that point within the system.
- Some transmitters (e.g., 5802, 5802CP) contain long-life but non-replaceable batteries. At the end of their life, the complete unit must be replaced (and a new serial number entered into the control).
- Button-type transmitters (e.g., 5802, 5802CP, 5804) should be periodically tested by the user for battery life.

### Receiver Supervision

The receiver itself is supervised. A tamper report (Zone 9) will be generated:

- a) If communication with the receiver is interrupted.
- or
- b) If valid RF signals are not received within 12 hours from at least one supervised wireless transmitter (if any are included in the system).

## Wireless System Installation Advisories

Disregard the following advisories if the receiver is mounted in the control cabinet as described in *Section 2: Installing The Control*.

1. Place the receiver in a high, centrally located area for best reception. Do not place receiver on or near metal objects. This will decrease the range and/or block transmissions. Do not mount receivers or transmitters in an attic, where extreme temperatures could prevent proper operation.
2. The RF House ID code must be entered (in field \*24) for the receiver (applies only if using a 5827/5827BD Wireless Keypad in the 5800 RF system).

## Installation and Setup of the 5881 Wireless Receiver

1. Mount the receiver as indicated in *Section 2: Installing The Control* (if not installed previously in the control cabinet). If the receiver is to be mounted outside the cabinet, install it in its desired location (see advisories above). Receivers can detect signals from transmitters within a nominal range of 200 feet. Take this into consideration when determining mounting location outside of the cabinet.
2. Make sure that the receiver's DIP switches are set for device address 0 as shown in *Figure 6.1* (all switches to the right...OFF).
3. Connect the receiver's wire harness to the control's keypad terminals (4, 5, 6, and 7). Plug the connector at the other end of the harness into the receiver (refer to *Figure 6-1*).
4. Refer to the receiver's installation instructions for further installation instructions regarding antenna mounting, etc.

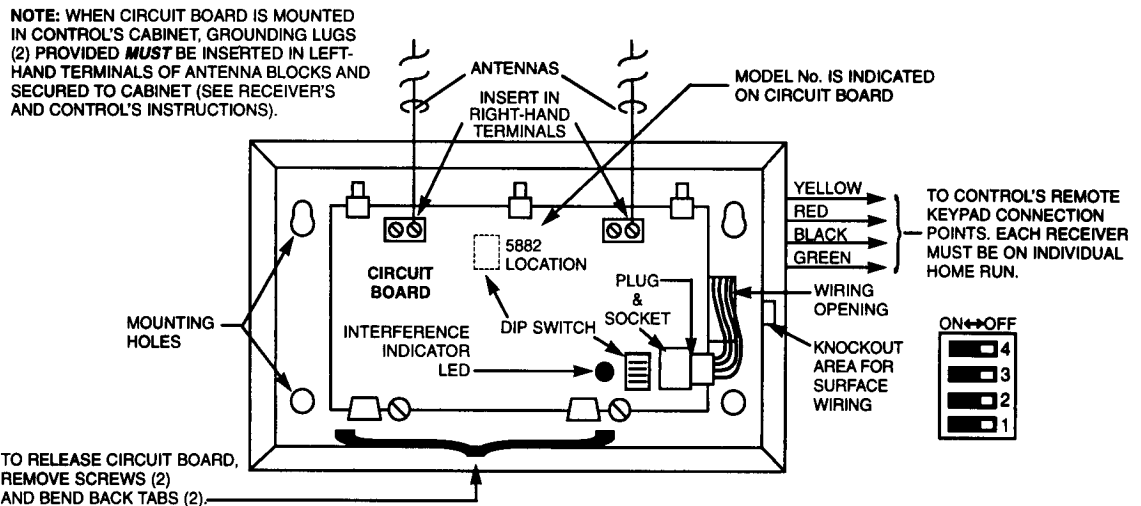


Figure 6-1: 5881 & 5882 Series Wireless Receivers (cover removed)

## Installing the 5800TM Module

Installation of this module is necessary only if you are using one or more 5827BD Wireless Bi-Directional Keypads.

The 5800TM must be located between one and two feet from the 5881 Receiver's antennas. **The 5800TM must not be installed within the control cabinet.** Mount the unit using its accompanying mounting bracket.

### 5800TM Wiring Connections

Connect the 5800TM to the control panel's keypad connection terminals, using the supplied connector with flying leads, as follows:

Wire	Terminal On Control
RED (+12VDC)	Terminal 5
BLACK (Ground)	Terminal 4
GREEN (Data to Control)	Terminal 6
YELLOW (Data from Control)	Terminal 7
BLUE: Not Used	

**Do not cut any of the jumpers on the 5800TM when using it with the V12C.**

For additional information, refer to the 5800TM's instructions.



---

Other than the 5827 and 5827BD, 5800 Series devices do not communicate by House ID, but by transmitting a unique serial number to the control. In this case, programming a House ID is not necessary.

---

### Programming the Control for Wireless

1. With at least one 2-line Alpha keypad (6139) wired and set to address 31, power up the system temporarily by plugging the AC transformer into a 120VAC outlet (previously wired to the control).
2. Enter data field programming mode by keying: **[Installer Code] + 8 + 0**.
  - If using a 5800 RF system: data field \*22 must be set to 1
  - If using a 5827 or 5827BD wireless keypad, you **MUST** enter an RF House ID in field \*24. If not, enter **00**.

### Enrolling 5800 Series Transmitters

5800 Series Transmitters have built-in serial numbers that must be entered into the system using the \*56 or \*83 Interactive Menu mode, or input to the control via the downloader. The 5800 Series Transmitters (except 5827, described separately) do not have DIP switches. The procedure for enrolling transmitters into the system in the \*56 mode will be found later in this section (refer to *Enrolling Through Zone Programming*).

### 5800 Series Transmitter Input Loops

Each transmitter's zone number is programmed into the system in \*56 mode. Some transmitters, such as the 5816 and 5817, can support more than one zone (referred to as loops or inputs). On the 5816, for example, the wire connection terminal block is loop 1, the reed contact is loop 2. Each loop must be assigned a different zone number and entered separately.

For button transmitters (wireless keys) such as the 5804, you must assign a unique zone number to each individual button used on the transmitter. Each button on the transmitter also has a predesignated loop or input number that is displayed when entered. Refer to *5800 Series Transmitter Input Loop Identification* in the separate *Programming Guide*.



**UL**

The 5816 and 5817 do not supervise their loop wiring for shorts. Therefore, for UL Household Burglary installations, the loop wiring may not exceed 3 feet.



Programming an RF H The 5827 Wireless Keypad reports low battery status as Zone 00. House ID (01–31) in field \*24 is **necessary only if using 5827 or 5827BD Wireless Keypads**. An RF House ID is not necessary for other 5800 Series Transmitters and the entry should be left at 00 (default) in those cases..

The 5827 Wireless Keypad reports low battery status as Zone 00.

### 5800 Series Transmitter Input Types

All of the transmitters described have one or more unique factory-assigned loop inputs. **Each of the inputs requires its own programming zone** (e.g., a 5804's four-button inputs require four programming zones).

Transmitters can be entered into the system as one of the following input device types:

Input Device Type	Description
<b>RF</b>	Sends periodic check-in signals, as well as Fault.
<b>(Supervised RF)</b>	Restore, and Low Battery signals. The transmitter must remain within the receiver's range  Sends all the signals that the RF type does, but the control does not supervise the check-in signals. The transmitter may, therefore, be carried off-premises.
<b>BR</b> <b>(Unsupervised Button RF)</b>	Sends only fault signals. They do not send low battery signals until they are activated. The transmitter may be carried off-premises.



Do not install batteries in wireless transmitters until ready to use them. Refer to *Programming the Receiver and Transmitters (5800 RF System)* later in this section. Though it is not critical to remove batteries after entering into the system, it is recommended in order to avoid interference while entering additional transmitters into the system.

## Compatible 5800 Series Transmitters

Model	Product	Enter As Input Device Type	Description
5801	Wireless Panic Transmitter	UR or RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has four pushbuttons, each with a unique input (loop) code.</li> <li>Programmable responses (e.g., Panic, Arm-Stay, Arm-Away, Disarm, etc.)</li> </ul>
5802	Pendant (Personal Emergency Transmitter)	BR only	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has single pushbutton.</li> <li>Usually programmed for response type of 24-Hr Audible or 24-Hr Silent (other zone responses are possible).</li> <li>Contains a nonreplaceable battery. At the end of the battery's life, the entire unit must be replaced.</li> </ul>
5802CP	Belt Clip (Personal Emergency)	BR only	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Same as 5802.</li> </ul>
5802MN	Miniature (Personal Emergency Transmitter)	UR or RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has single pushbutton.</li> <li>Usually programmed for a response type of 24-Hr Audible or 24-Hr. Silent (other zone responses are possible).</li> </ul>
5804	Wireless Key Transmitter	BR only	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has four pushbuttons, each with a unique input (loop) code.</li> <li>Programmable responses (e.g., Arm-Stay, Arm-Away, Disarm, etc.).</li> </ul>
5806 5807	Wireless Photoelectric Smoke Detectors	RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>One piece smoke detectors with a built-in transmitter.</li> </ul>
5816	Door/Window Transmitter	RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has two unique input (loop) codes: one for a wired closed circuit contact loop; the other for a built-in reed switch (used in conjunction with a magnet).</li> </ul>
5816 TEMP	Low Temperature Sensor	RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Transmits a fault when the temperature drops below 45 degrees.</li> </ul>
5817	Multi-Point Universal Transmitter	RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Has three unique input (loop) codes: one for a primary contact loop with programmable options; the others for two auxiliary closed circuit contact loops.</li> </ul>
5818	Recessed Transmitter	RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reed switch magnetic contact sensor that is easily concealed in the frame and edge of a door or window.</li> <li>Has a single unique input (loop) code.</li> </ul>
5819	Shock Processor Transmitter	RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Connects to externally mounted inertia-type shock detector (not supplied).</li> <li>Has built-in tamper cover switch.</li> <li>Has three unique input (loop) codes: <b>Loop 1:</b> Terminals for a wired, N.C. sensor loop.</li> </ul>

Model	Product	Enter As Input Device Type	Description
5819			<p><b>Loop 2:</b> For a closed circuit contact loop using the built-in reed switch in conjunction with a magnet.</p> <p><b>Loop 3:</b> Terminals for a wired, closed circuit contact loop.</p>
5827	Wireless Keypad	House ID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Can be used to turn the burglary protection on and off.</li> <li>• Features the same built-in Panic functions as wired keypads.</li> <li>• The keypad is identified as Zone 00 on wired keypads when it transmits with a low battery.</li> </ul>
5827BD	Wireless Two-Way (used with 5800TM)	House ID	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Operates the system similarly to wired keypads.</li> <li>• Can indicate system status via its three LEDs and sounder.</li> <li>• Includes three Panic keys.</li> <li>• House ID must be set.</li> <li>• Requires 5800TM Transmitter Module.</li> </ul>
5849	Glassbreak Detector	RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Requires both sound and shock of breaking glass to cause alarm to be transmitted.</li> </ul>
5890	PIR Detector	RF	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Dual-element passive infrared detector/transmitter with built-in selectable pulse count.</li> </ul> <p><b>Note:</b> There is a three-minute lockout between fault transmissions to conserve battery life.</p>
5899	Magnets		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Package of four magnets for use with 5816 and 5817 transmitters.</li> </ul>



The 5816 and 5817 do not supervise their loop wiring for shorts. Therefore, for UL Household Burglary installations, the loop wiring may not exceed 3 feet..

### Programming the Receiver and Transmitters (5800 RF System)

1. With at least one 2-line Alpha keypad (6139) connected to the keypad terminals, power up the system temporarily. If you previously connected the AC transformer to the control panel, you need only plug in the transformer (to 120VAC outlet) to power up the system.
2. Enter the programming mode by keying: [Installer Code]+ 8 + 0.



Data field \*22 RF SYSTEM TYPE must be programmed before continuing (1 must be entered for 5800 RF System without Jam Detection, 2 for 5800 RF System with Jam Detection).

3. **\*24. RF HOUSE ID CODE** Default is **00**. The House ID identifies a 5827 or 5827BD Wireless Keypad if it is to be used (enter **01-31**). The keypad should be set to the same ID. If no wireless keypad is to be used, leave as **00**.

## Enrolling Transmitters Into the System

There are two methods you may use to enroll transmitters. The first method is performed in **\*56 Zone Programming mode** (described in this section). Using this method, you enroll each transmitter into the system as you are entering the zone information.

The second method is called sequential enrolling, that uses **\*83 mode**. *Section 14: Sequential Mode* in this manual describes how transmitters are enrolled into the system after all zone information has been entered.

As an option, the zone programming and sequential modes allow you to use a 5804 button-type transmitter as a program tool. The upper left-hand and right-hand buttons of the tool duplicate the **\*** and **#** keypad programming functions (left = **\***, right = **#**). The advantage of using a program tool is that it enables remote enrolling. You can move to the physical location of the transmitter to be enrolled, press the upper left-hand button of the program tool, and then trip the intended transmitter (see step 10 for operation).

The transmitter that you use as the program tool can also be used as a transmitter in the system. If you plan to use an existing transmitter, it must first be enrolled into the system as its associated zones. You may then program it as the tool.



Batteries can remain in the transmitters after the transmitters have been enrolled into the system. However, to prevent possible problems, make sure these transmitters are not faulted while other transmitters are being enrolled. Wireless motion detectors should be covered or placed face down to prevent transmissions.

## Enrolling Through Zone Programming (\*56)

1. Enter Programming mode [**Installer Code**] + **8** + **0**.

Enter Zone Programming by pressing **\*56**. If the system has been set up to use 5800 series RF, and a program tool has been entered, proceed to step 4. If no program tool has been entered, the following prompt will appear:

Program Tool? 0 = No, 1 = Yes    0
---------------------------------------

2. If a program tool is being used, enter **1**. If not using a tool, enter **0** and proceed to Step 4.

00 Input S/N:    L A X X X - X X X X
---

3. If **1** is entered, the system will prompt for the unit's serial number. Enter the program tool's serial number using one of the following methods:

a) Enter the 7-digit serial number for the transmitter  
or

b) Press any button on the transmitter. The keypad should beep twice, and display the serial number of the tool.

00 Input S/N:    L A123-4567       3
---

In this example, the serial number is A123-4567. Once enrolled, the upper left-hand button of the program tool can be pressed to ready the system for enrolling a transmitter into the system.

Pressing **[#]** on the keypad will cause the system to back up to the **Program Tool?** prompt.

The serial number for the program tool will only remain in the system until the programming mode is exited. (Entering \*97 will not delete the tool.)

Press [\*] to continue.

Enter Zn Num.  
(00 = Quit)      10

4. Enter the zone number that you wish to program. As an example, zone 10 is shown here.

Press [\*] to continue.

ZN ZT – RC In: L  
10 00 – 00 RF: 1

5. A display will appear, showing a summary of that zone's programming. If the zone is not programmed, the display will appear as shown here. If you are checking a zone's programming, and find it to be programmed satisfactorily, press [#] to back up one step and enter another zone number, if desired. Otherwise, press [\*] to continue.

Zone Number

10 Zone Type  
Perimeter      03

6. Each zone must be assigned a zone type that defines the way in which the system responds to faults in that zone. Enter the zone type desired (or change it, if necessary). Available zone types are listed below.

Entry for Zone Type 03 shown

- |                              |                        |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 00 = Zone Not Used           | 08 = 24-Hr Aux         |
| 01 = Entry/Exit #1, Burglary | 09 = Fire              |
| 02 = Entry/Exit #2, Burglary | 10 = Interior w/Delay  |
| 03 = Perimeter               | 20 = Arm-Stay*         |
| 04 = Interior Follower       | 21 = Arm-Away*         |
| 05 = Trouble Day/Alarm Night | 22 = Disarm*           |
| 06 = 24-Hr Silent            | 23 = No Alarm Response |
| 07 = 24-Hr Audible           | (Ex: Relay activation) |

\* These are special zone types used with 5800 Series Wireless Pushbutton units that will result in arming the system in the STAY or AWAY mode, or in disarming the system, depending on the selection made. A button programmed for these functions will report to the central station the zone number of the button as the user number that armed/disarmed the system.

Press [\*] to continue.

10 Report Code  
1st 03 2nd 12 3C

7. Enter the Report code. The Report code consists of 2 hexadecimal digits, each in turn consisting of 2 numerical digits. For example, for a Report code of 3C, enter 03 for 3 and 12 for C.

(Refer to the *System Communication* section for more information about report codes and report code formats.)

Press [\*] to continue.

10 Input Dev: LP #  
Rf Trans. RF: 1

8. Enter the transmitter input device type as follows:

- 3 = RF (supervised RF transmitter)
- 4 = UR (unsupervised RF transmitter)
- 5 = BR (button-type RF transmitter - unsupervised)

(Refer to the Installation Instructions for more information about transmitter input types.)

Press [\*] to continue.

10 Input Dev: LP#  
RF Trans. RF: 1

9. The cursor should now be flashing above the loop number. The default is 1. To accept this, press [\*]. If a different loop number is being used on this transmitter, enter the loop number (1-4) and press [\*] to continue (refer to the loop designations for various transmitters in the separate *Programming Guide*). **The loop number must be entered here, whether using Zone Programming or Sequential Mode to enroll transmitters.**

10 Learn S/N?  
0 = No, 1 = Yes 0

10. If the transmitter's serial number has not been previously enrolled, you may enter the Enrolling mode now by either entering 1 (Yes) or by pressing the upper left-hand button of the program tool. **If using the program tool, move to the physical location of the transmitter to be enrolled before pressing the button.** A single short beep will verify that the button has been pressed. The system will respond to the first serial number transmitted after the [\*] key on the keypad or the button of the program tool is pressed. Enter 0 (No) if you wish to enroll the transmitter later, using the sequential mode described in *Section 14: Sequential Mode*.

If 0 is entered, go to step 13 (skip steps 11 and 12).

10 Input S/N: L  
A X X X - X X X X

11. This prompt is displayed if 1 (Yes) is entered in response to the **Learn S/N?** prompt. The serial number may be enrolled by one of two methods:

- a) Enter the 7-digit serial number printed on the transmitter using an alpha keypad
- or
- b) Activate the transmitter by faulting or restoring the input you wish to use for that zone (e.g., press a button, open or close a door, etc.).

10 Input S/N: L  
A002-4064 1

The system will enroll the serial number of the first transmitter heard; add to this serial number the loop number you enter; display the serial and loop numbers; and cause the keypad to beep twice.



If the serial and loop number combination is already present in the system, the keypad will emit a single long beep. If this happens, the system will not display the serial number, but will wait for a transmission from another transmitter or transmitter loop input.

12. The system will then enter an optional confirmation mode so that the operation of the actual programmed input can be confirmed. Activate the loop input or button that corresponds to this zone. **We recommend that you confirm the programming of every transmitter before proceeding to the next zone.**

When the system sees activity on the appropriate input, it will beep three times and display the confirmation message.

10 Confirmed  
A022- 4064 1



At any time during this step, you may press [\*] on the keypad or the upper left-hand button of the program tool if you are satisfied with the serial and loop number combination that has been enrolled, regardless of whether or not the enrolled input has been confirmed.

If the incorrect transmitter has been enrolled, press [#] on the keypad or the upper right-hand button of the program tool to delete the serial number and return to the **Learn S/N** prompt. The keypad will emit a single long beep to verify pressing of the upper right-hand button. Then press **1** (Yes) or press the upper left-hand button of the program tool (a single short beep will verify the system is ready for enrolling) and re-activate the proper transmitter or transmitter loop input.

ZN ZT – RC IN: L  
10 03 – 3C RF: 1S

13. The summary screen for the zone will appear. Note that an *s* indicates that a serial number has, in fact, been enrolled. The cursor will be flashing above the loop number. Press [\*] to accept the zone information.

**Note:** If you entered **0** in step 10 previously, you will not get an indication that the serial number has been enrolled.

If you want to delete the serial number, enter **0** and press [\*]. The system will then prompt, **Delete S/N?** Press **1** (Yes) to complete the delete sequence. This process deletes the serial number only, **not** the loop number. The assumption is that the proper loop number was programmed, but the wrong serial or loop number was enrolled. To change the loop number, you must go back through zone programming for that zone and manually enter the loop number over the existing one.

Program Alpha?  
0 = NO 1 = YES 0

14. If you want to program alpha descriptors now, enter **1** (Yes). Refer to *Section 13: Alpha Descriptor Programming* section for more information.

If not, enter **0** (No).

Enter Zn Num.  
(00 = QUIT) 11

This will bring you back to the **Enter Zn Num.** prompt for the next zone. When all zones have been programmed, enter **00** to quit.

If you plan to enroll serial numbers in the sequential mode, enter **00** to quit, then go to *Section 14: Sequential Mode* to enroll the serial numbers.



When you have finished programming all zones (including all serial numbers), test each zone using the system's Test mode. Do not use the Transmitter ID Sniffer mode for this, as it will only check for transmission of one zone on a particular transmitter, and NOT the zones assigned to each additional loop.

## Checkout Procedure for Wireless Zones

### Go/No Go Test

Before mounting transmitters permanently, conduct Go/No Go Tests to verify adequate signal strength and reorient or relocate transmitters, if necessary.

During this mode, wireless receiver gain is reduced by 50%. Testing in this mode assists in determining good mounting locations for the transmitters and verifies that the RF transmission has sufficient signal amplitude margin for the installed system.

1. Once transmitters are placed in their desired locations and the approximate length of wire to be run to sensors is connected to the transmitter's screw terminals, fault each transmitter. **Do not conduct this test with your hand wrapped around the transmitter, as this will cause inaccurate results.**
  - The keypad will beep three times to indicate signal reception.
  - If the keypad does not beep, reorient or move the transmitter to another location. Usually a few inches in either direction is all that is required.
2. Mount the transmitter according to the instructions provided with the transmitter.
3. Exit the Go/No Go Test mode by entering [Installer Code] + (OFF).

### To Remove Either Temporarily or Permanently a Zone in \*56 Mode

1. Enter the programming mode ([Installer Code] + 8 + 0) and press [\*]56.
2. Enter the zone number and press [\*]. A summary display will appear.

Press [*] again.20
Zone Type
Not Used            00

4. The **Zone Type** prompt will appear. Enter 00. This sets the zone type to **Not Used**.  
Press [\*] to continue.

20 Delete Zone?
1 = Yes    0 = No

5. The next prompt will ask whether you want to delete the zone. Yes will permanently remove the zone from the system, while No will disable it but retain all data except the original zone type. You can then go back to this zone later and put back an active zone type to re-enable it.

**A serial number that has been entered for a 5800 system will not be deleted if the zone is temporarily disabled by answering No to the prompt above.**

If only the physical transmitter is to be removed or changed (i.e., its serial number deleted, as when replacing a unit that has a nonremovable battery), it can be done in Q56 mode.

### Deleting a Transmitter Serial Number from a Zone in \*56 Mode

#### Procedure:

1. In the Programming mode, press [\*]56 to enter Zone Programming mode.
2. Then enter the zone number, and press [\*] repeatedly until the cursor is under the RF Input Loop (L) position. This is the specific input (loop) or button on the transmitter that has been entered for that zone.
3. Enter 0, then press [\*].



4. The prompt **Delete S/N?** is displayed.  
Enter **Yes** to delete the existing serial number from the system.  
Note that the other programmed values for that zone will not be deleted. This will allow you to reinstate a new transmitter in its place.
5. A display for the next zone number will appear. To exit, enter **00**.
6. Press **\*99** to exit the Programming mode.



# Relay Outputs



## In This Section

- ◆ Relay Basics
- ◆ Wiring the 4204 Relay Module (4 relays)
- ◆ Wiring the 4229 Zone Expander/Relay Module (2 relays)



## Relay Basics

Relays are programmable switches that can be used to perform many different functions. They can be used to turn lights on and off, control sounders, or indicate status. In this system, each relay must be programmed how to act (ACTION), when to activate (START), and when to deactivate (STOP). Each function is described below, and in the programming procedure for \*80 and \*81 Interactive Modes described at the end of this section.

The control supports the following relay modules:

- 4204 Relay Module (4 relays).
- 4229 Zone Expander/Relay Module (2 relays).

The 4204 and 4229 relays provide Form C (normally open and normally closed) contacts




---

A 4204 cannot be used if a 4219 or 4229 is already being used.

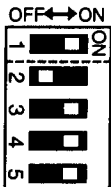
---

In \*80 and \*81 Interactive modes, a series of keypad prompts will request entries for programming of the relay outputs used in the system. Refer also to *Output Relays Worksheet for Fields \*80 and \*81* in the blank programming form provided in the separate *Programming Guide*.

## 4204 and 4229 Relay Modules

### 4204/4229 Setup

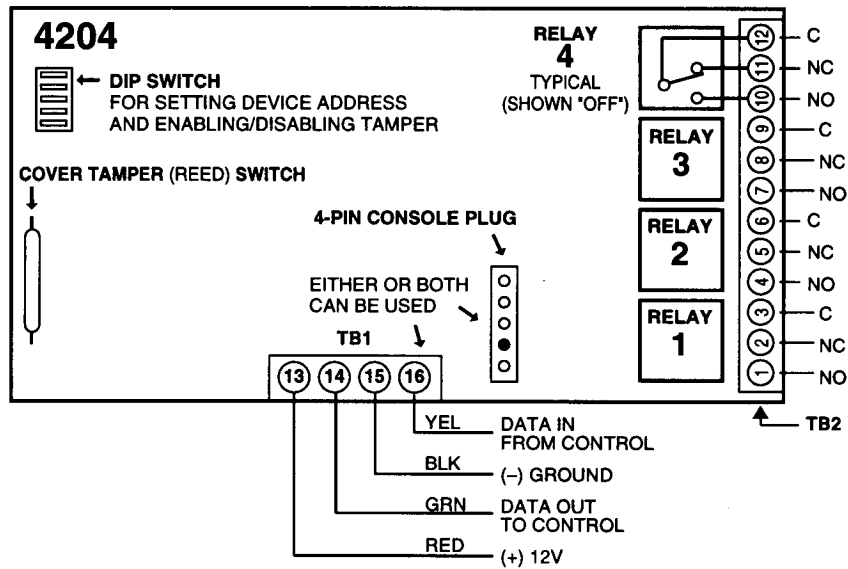
The 4204 unit can be mounted either remotely or in the control panel. The following steps should be taken to properly set up the 4204:



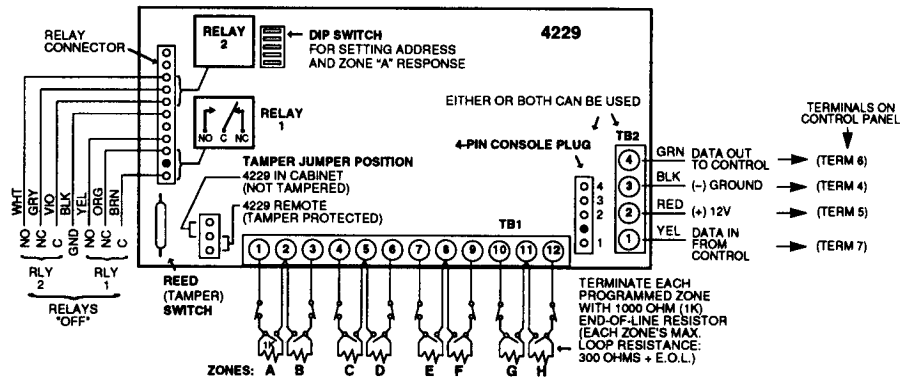
1. **Connect the 4204 or 4229 module to the control's remote keypad terminals (4–7),** using the connector supplied with the module. Use standard 4-conductor twisted cable for long wiring runs.
2. **Set the 4204 or 4229's DIP switch for a device address of 1** (switch 2 OFF and switches 3, 4, and 5 ON). Switch 1 determines the unit's cover tamper response (ON = disabled, OFF = enabled).
3. **Connect the desired field wiring** to the unit's relay contact terminals. Refer to *Figures 7-1 and 7-2*.

**Supervision**

The 4204 and 4229 modules are supervised against removal. **CHECK** and Zone **09** will be displayed if a module is disconnected from the control's keypad terminals (4, 5, 6, & 7).



**Figure 7.1: 4204 Connections to Control**



**Figure 7.2: 4229 Connections to Control**

## Programming Options Defined

The following will help you understand the programming of output relays when using \*80 and \*81 Interactive Menu modes. The options used to start and stop relays are described below, followed by the actual screen prompts and available entries.

The letter(s) in parentheses after each function described below, such as (A) after ACTION, are those that appear in the various summary displays of programmed data during programming.

**ACTION (A)** The ACTION of the relay is how the relay will respond when it is activated by the START programming. You may want the relay to activate momentarily, to pulse on and off continuously, or to remain activated until some other event occurs to stop it. There are four different choices of actions:

- ACTIVATE for 2 SECONDS and then reset.
- ACTIVATE for 2 SECONDS and then reset ACTIVATE and REMAIN ACTIVATED until stopped by some other event.
- PULSE ON and OFF until stopped by some other event.
- NOT USED when the relay is not used.

**START (STT)** The START programming determines when and under what conditions the relay will be activated. The following START options are available:

A) **EVENT (EV)** is the condition (Alarm, Fault, Trouble) that must occur to a zone or group of zones (zone list) in order to activate the relay. These conditions apply **only** when a zone list is used. The different choices for EVENT are listed below and in the Programming Output Relays paragraphs that follow.

- **ALARM** Relay action begins upon any Alarm in an assigned zone in the zone list.
- **FAULT** Relay action begins upon any opening or short in an assigned zone in the zone list.
- **TROUBLE** Relay action begins upon any Trouble condition in an assigned zone in the zone list.
- **NOT USED** Relay action is independent of the above events.

**ZONE LIST (ZL)** is a group of zones to which the EVENT applies in order to activate a particular relay. Note that there are a total of three zone lists that can be programmed in field \*81 mode; when the selected EVENT (Alarm, Fault or Trouble) occurs in **any** zone in the selected START ZONE LIST (1, 2, or 3), activation of the selected relay will START.

B) **ZONE TYPE/SYSTEM OPERATION (ZT)**. If you want a SYSTEM OPERATION, such as Disarming or Any Fire Alarm, to activate the relay, the appropriate choice would also be entered under the ZONE TYPE option. ZONE TYPE is used independently of the EVENT/ZONE LIST combination.

If a specific ZONE TYPE is chosen, any zone of that response type going into Alarm, Trouble, or Fault will cause the relay to activate as selected in ACTION. If the same ZONE TYPE is also chosen for the STOP programming, any zone of that type that restores will deactivate the relay.

If a SYSTEM OPERATION is chosen (e.g., End of Exit Time), that operation will cause the relay to activate as selected in ACTION. The different choices for ZONE TYPE and SYSTEM OPERATION are listed in Programming Output Relays later in this section, and in the Programming Form in the separate **Programming Guide**.

**STOP (STP)**

The STOP programming determines when and under what conditions the relay will be deactivated. The following options are available:

- A) **RESTORE ZONE LIST (ZL).** If a ZONE LIST is used as the STOP event, the relay will deactivate when **all** the zones in that list restore from a previous Fault, Trouble, or Alarm condition. This will occur regardless of what is programmed to START the relay; therefore, a RESTORE ZONE LIST would normally only be used when a ZONE LIST is used to start the relay.
- B) **ZONE TYPE/SYSTEM OPERATION (ZT).** Instead of using a RESTORE ZONE LIST, a specific zone (response) type or system operation action can be selected to deactivate the relay.

If a specific ZONE TYPE is chosen, any zone of that response type that restores from a previous Alarm, Trouble, or Fault condition will cause the relay to deactivate.


If a SYSTEM OPERATION is chosen, that operation will cause the relay to deactivate.

If relay outputs are used, two keypad entries available to the user are included among the System Operation choices that may be programmed (34 and 35). They can manually activate or deactivate the relay(s) for starting or stopping some action, such as turning lights on or off, etc.

These entries are: [Security code] + [#] + 7


and [Security code] + [#] + 8

---



Whichever entry is used to start the action cannot also be used to stop it. The opposite action must be performed either by the other keypad entry or by some other event or operation offered in the programming section.

---



If a relay is energized before a 4-wire smoke detector is reset, the relay will be stopped by the interruption of Aux. Power that resets the smoke detector. If this is not desired, the power to the relay unit should be supplied from another 12V power source (e.g., the same source that is powering external equipment through the relay contacts).

---

### Programming Output Relays

1. With at least one 2-line Alpha keypad (6139) connected to the keypad terminals on the control, power up the system temporarily. If you previously connected the AC transformer to the control panel, you need only plug in the transformer (to 120VAC outlet) to power up the system.
2. Enter the Programming mode by keying the following on the Alpha keypad:  
**Installer code (4 1 1 1) + 8 + 0.**

---



Program field \*25 WIRED EXPANSION/RELAY USED must be programmed as required before continuing (i.e., 2 = 4229, 3 = 4204).

---

3. **Press \*80.** Note that this is an interactive Menu Programming mode. It is used to program all output relays used in the system (4204 or 4229 modules). Refer to the Programming Form worksheet in the separate *Programming Guide*.

### Output Relay Displays

Enter Relay No. (00 = Quit)      01
--

Upon pressing \*80, this screen will appear.

Enter the Relay Number **01**, **02**, **03**, or **04** for a 4204; or **01** or **02** for a 4229 (or **00** to end these entries).

Press [\*] to continue.

The [*] key is used to accept an entry and advance to the next prompt.
--

The [#] key is used to revert back to the last question to check or change an entry. Press [*] to go forward again.
---

02    A    EV    ZL    ZT STT   0    0    0    00
--

This screen displays a summary of the current relay START programming (for this example, relay 02 has been selected).

Press [\*] to continue.

02    A    EV    ZL    ZT STP   -    -    0    00
--

This screen displays a summary of the current relay STOP programming.

Press [\*] to continue.

02 Relay Action No Response      0
---------------------------------------

Enter the desired relay action:

0 = No response                      2 = Close and Stay Closed

1 = Close for 2 seconds    3 = Continuous Pulse on & off (1 sec ON, 1 sec OFF)

Press [\*] to continue.

02 Start Event Not Used          0
---------------------------------------

Enter the event to START the relay:

0 = Not used; 2 = Fault; 1 = Alarm; 3 = Trouble

A zone list must be used in conjunction with an event. If a zone type/system operation is to be used instead of an event, enter 0.

Press [\*] to continue.

02 Start:      Zn List No List          0
--

If a zone list will be used to START the relay action, enter the zone list number (to be programmed in field \*81): **1**, **2**, or **3**. If not used, enter **0**.

Press [\*] to continue.

02 Start:      Zn Typ Not Used      00
---

If a zone type or system operation will be used to START the relay action, enter the appropriate two-digit code (refer to the table that follows on the next page). If not, enter **00**.

Press [\*] to continue.

CHOICES FOR ZONE TYPES		
00 = Not Used	04 = Interior Follower	08 = 24-Hr Aux
01 = Entry/Exit #1	05 = Trouble Day/Alarm Night	09 = Fire
02 = Entry/Exit #2	06 = 24-Hr Silent	10 = Interior w/Delay
03 = Perimeter	07 = 24-Hr Audible	

CHOICES FOR SYSTEM OPERATION		
20 = Arming-Stay	33 = Any Burglary Alarm	39 = Any Fire Alarm
21 = Arming-Away	34 = Code + # + 7 Key Entry	40 = Bypassing
22 = Disarming (Code + OFF)	35 = Code + # + 8 Key Entry	41 = AC Power Failure
31 = End of Exit Time	36 = At Bell Timeout**	42 = System Batt. Low
32 = Start of Entry Time	38 = Chime	58 = Duress

\*\*Or at Disarming, whichever occurs earlier.

02 Stop:	Zn List
No List	0

If a zone list will be used to STOP, or restore, the relay action, enter the zone list (ZL) number 1, 2, or 3 (to be programmed in \*81 mode). If not used, enter 0.  
Press [\*] to continue.

02 Stop:	Zn Typ
Not Used	00

If a zone type or system operation will be used to STOP the relay action, enter the appropriate two-digit code (refer to the ZT choices listed above). If not, enter 00.  
Press [\*] to continue.

02	A	EV	ZL	ZT
STT	0	0	0	00

This screen again displays a summary of the current relay START programming.  
Press [\*] to continue.

02	A	EV	ZL	ZT
STP	-	-	0	00

This screen again displays a summary of the current relay STOP programming.  
Press [\*] to continue.

The display then returns again to the first screen so that the next relay number to be programmed can be entered, or enter 00 to end relay programming.

Previously entered data can be reviewed by pressing [#] 80. After the relay number is chosen, press [\*] to go to the next screens.

This is a Review mode only, and data cannot be changed.

Example of Output Relay Programming

**A lamp is to be turned on when any one of 3 specific zones is faulted or when any 24-hour auxiliary zone is disturbed. You want to turn off the lamp manually without affecting the arming status of the system.**

In field \*80, select **Output Relay 01**, and program the Action (A) to be 2 (Close and stay closed). The Event required to start the relay action is a fault; therefore; program 2 in (EV). Using Zone List 1 for the three specific zones, program 1 in (ZL), and program the 3 zones in field \*81's Zone List 1.

Since the second condition for turning on the indicator is triggering a 24-hour auxiliary zone (Zone Type 08), program (ZT) as 08.



To stop relay action and turn off the indicator, program a 0 for the Restore of Zone List (ZL). To choose a manual entry of [User Code] + [#] + [7] to turn it off, program (ZT) as 34 (refer to Choices for System Operation in the table above).

If no other relay is to be programmed, go to field \*81 and program the three specific zones in Zone List 1.

**Press \*81.** (Zone Lists for Output Relays). This Interactive Menu mode is applicable only if you have programmed \*80 mode.

Refer to the Programming Form worksheet for \*81 Mode in the separate *Programming Guide*.

**Zone List Displays :**

Zone List No. (00 = Quit)      01
--------------------------------------

Upon keying \*81, this screen will appear. Enter the Zone List Number 01, 02, or 03 to program (or 00 to end these entries). Press the [\*] key to advance.

In the following displays, Zone List 01 has been selected for programming.

01 Enter Zn Num. (00 = Quit)      00
---

Enter each zone number to add to the zone list by first entering the zone number, then pressing [\*] (for example, 01\*, 02\*, 03\*).

After all of the desired zones have been entered, press 00 to advance to the next prompt.

01 Del Zn List? 0 = No 1 = Yes 0
-------------------------------------

To delete the zone list, enter 1 (Yes). All zones in the zone list will be deleted automatically and programming will return to the first screen.

To save the zone list, enter 0 (No) to advance to the next prompt.

01 Delete Zone? 0 = No 1 = Yes 0
-------------------------------------

To delete a zone or zones in a zone list enter 1 (Yes) to advance.

01 Zn to Delete? (00 = Quit)      00
---

Enter each zone to be deleted from the list, followed by [\*]. After all zones to be deleted are entered, enter 00 to return to the first screen so that another list can be programmed, if desired.

**Notes:**

- Any list may include any or all of the system's zone numbers.
- A zone list can be assigned to more than one output relay.
- To review what has been previously programmed, enter [#] 81. The review can be advanced by using the [\*] key.

When finished, enter 00 [\*] to quit. No programmed values can be changed in this mode.

**When programming in \*80 and \*81 Interactive Menu modes is completed, exit the programming mode by keying \*99.**



# 4285 Phone Module



## In This Section

- ◆ *General Information*
- ◆ *Mounting the 4285 Phone Module*
- ◆ *Wiring the Phone Module*
- ◆ *Programming the Control for Phone Access*



## General Information

The 4285 Phone Module is an add-on accessory that permits the user to access the security system via a Touch-tone telephone, either from the premises or by calling the premises from a remote location. Only one phone module can be used in a security system. The phone module can announce many of the same words that would normally be displayed on an alpha keypad under the same system conditions.



- Only one phone module can be used in this security system.
- When using the 4285 Phone Module, keypads in the system must be set to the Nonaddressable mode (address 31).

When properly connected, the 4285 Phone Module will enable the user to do the following via a Touch-tone telephone:

- Receive synthesized voice messages over the phone regarding the status of the security system.
- Arm and disarm the security system and perform most other commands using the telephone keypad, and hear voice annunciation over the phone as confirmation after a command is entered.

The telephone used for phone access must have Touch-tone capability, though Touch-tone service is not necessary (if premises uses PULSE dialing, switchable phones must be set for TouchTone temporarily before attempting phone access).

A *Phone Access User Guide* is provided with the phone module for the user of the system.

**UL**

The phone module is not Listed for UL installation use.

## Mounting the 4285 Phone Module

The phone module may be mounted in the control cabinet if space is available or, if this is not possible, on the side of the cabinet or adjacent to it.

When mounting the Module outside the cabinet, use the screw holes at its rear that will permit it to be mounted horizontally or vertically (2-faced adhesive tape may be used, if preferred). Wires can be brought out from the side or back (a round breakout is also available on the back).

Affix the phone module's connections label (supplied separately) to the inside of the phone module's cover if the cover is used. If you have installed the module within the cabinet, affix the label to the inside of the control cabinet's door.

## Wiring the Phone Module

The 4285 is wired between the control panel and the premises' handset(s) (refer to *Figure 10-1*). It listens for touch-tones on the phone line and reports them to the control panel. During on-premises phone access, it powers the premises' phones; during off-premises phone access, it seizes the line from the premises' phones and any answering machines.

**Note:** The phone lines must be in service for the phone module to function, even when accessing the system from an on-premises phone.

1. Make 12V (+) and (-) and data-in and data-out connections from the phone module to the control using the connector cable supplied with the phone module. These are the same connections as for remote keypads.

Color Lead	Terminal On Control *
GREEN	DATA IN (terminal 6)
BLACK	AUX - (terminal 4)
RED	AUX + (terminal 5)
YELLOW	DATA OUT (terminal 7)

\* These are the same connections as those used for remote keypads.

2. Insert the keyed connector at the other end into the mating header on the phone module (refer to *Figure 8-1* for the location of the header).
3. Connect terminals 1 through 4 on the phone module as shown in the 4285 Wiring Table below and in the wiring diagram that follows in *Figure 8-1*. Terminals 5, 6, and 7, as indicated, are not used.



Use an RJ31X jack (CA38A in Canada) with a direct-connect cord and make all connections exactly as shown. If the leads on the direct-connect cord are too short to reach their assigned terminals, splice additional wires to them, as required.

### Terminal Block Connections

4285/4286 Terminal	Connects to:
1. Phone In (Tip)	Terminal 17 on control.
2. Phone In (Ring)	Terminal 18 on control.
3. Phone Out (Tip)	BROWN lead from direct-connected cord.
4. Phone Out (Ring)	GRAY lead from direct-connect cord.
5. Not Used	
6. Not Used*	
7. Not Used	



If no TouchTones are produced following access to the security system **from on-premises** (this problem may arise in rare cases), it may be necessary to reverse the wires connected to terminals 3 and 4 on the phone module **and** the wires connected to terminals 17 & 18 on the control. Figure 12 shows the wiring connections that will provide proper operation in most cases.

### Caller ID Units

If the telephone system on the premises includes a stand-alone Caller ID unit, connect the ID Caller unit directly to the handset terminals (17 & 18) on the control, as shown in *Figure 8-1*.



If the telephone has a built-in Caller ID unit, the Caller ID function may not work.

#### **4285 WIRING NOTES:**

1. Wire the 4285 Phone Module exactly as shown, using a direct-connect cord and RJ31X Jack.
2. If touch-tones are not heard when pressing keys following phone access to the security system via an on-premises phone, try reversing the pair of wires connected to terminals 3 & 4 on the 4285, **and** the pair of wires connected to terminals 17 & 18 on the control.
3. If an error signal (fast busy signal) is heard when trying to access the system via the phone, check for correct line seizure wiring, as described in note 4.
4. Connection to the incoming telco line via an RJ31X Jack (CA38A in Canada) and direct-connect cord, as shown in this diagram, is essential, even if the system is not connected to a central station. **The 4285 will not function if this is not done.**  
**The house phone lines (gray and brown wires) must be wired to the phone module terminals, not to the control terminals. Otherwise, an error signal (fast busy signal) will occur when trying to access the system from an on-premises phone.**
5. If the telephone system on the premises includes a stand-alone Caller ID unit, connect the ID unit **directly** to the handset terminals (17 & 18) on the control, as shown.

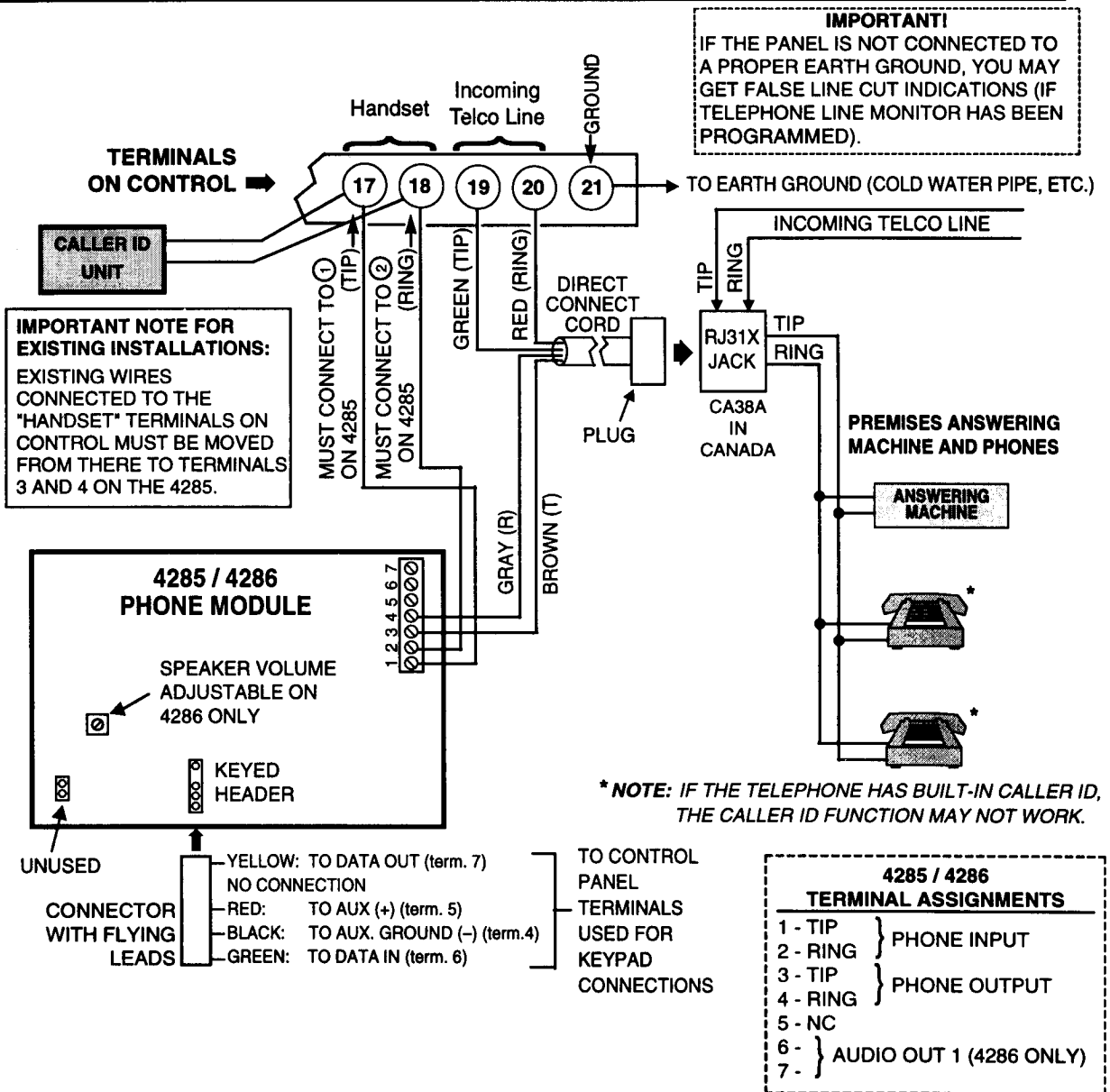


Figure 8-1: 4285/4286 Phone Module Wiring Connections

### Programming the Control for Phone Access

1. With at least one keypad (set to the Nonaddressable mode, address 31) connected to the keypad terminals on the control, power up the system temporarily. If you previously connected the AC transformer to the control panel, you need only plug in the transformer (to 120VAC outlet) to power up the system.

**Note:** The 4285 has a permanent device address of 4.

2. Enter the programming mode by keying the following on the keypad:  
**Installer code (4 1 1 1) + 8 + 0.**

3. **Press \*26. VOICE (PHONE) MODULE ACCESS CODE.** Enter the 2-digit phone access code as follows: For the first digit, enter 1–9; for the second digit, enter [#] +11 for \*, or # +12 for #.

Example: If desired access code is 7\*, 7 is the first entry, and [#] + 11 (for \*) is the second entry.

**Enter 00 if not using a phone module (this is the default).**

**Note:** A 0 in either position will disable a phone module.

4. **Press \*95. RING DETECTION COUNT FOR DOWNLOADING.**

Refer to the chart below and program this field accordingly.

PHONE MODULE	Answering Machine	Downloading	Field *95 Programming
Yes	No	No	Set for value other than 0 (1-14). This will enable the control panel to answer the phone call. Otherwise, it will not be possible to access the phone module.
Yes	Yes	NO	Set for a value higher than the number of rings for which the answering machine is set. <b>Example:</b> If the machine is set for 4 rings, use a value of 5 or higher. This is recommended so that the phone module can still be accessed if the answering machine is turned off and does not answer the phone call.
Yes	No	Yes	Set for value other than 0 (1-14).
Yes	Yes	Yes	Enter 15 to bypass the answering machine. See Important Note.

**Important Note:** If 15 is entered in field \*95 to bypass an answering machine, and a 4285 Phone Module is included in the installation, you should note the following:

When calling in from an off-premises phone (to receive a status report or execute a command), the user should make the initial call, allow 1 to 3 rings only, and hang up. Then call in again – the phone module will seize the line, and two long tones will heard, followed by the usual voice prompt for the 2-digit phone access code. If this procedure is not followed, phone module operation will not be possible.

5. Zone descriptors should also be programmed, regardless of the type of keypads in use. If this is not done, the phone module will not announce a description of the zone(s) in alarm, trouble, etc. (the phone module will announce zone numbers only). You can enter zone descriptors now using Interactive mode \*82, or later. Refer to *Section 13: Alpha Descriptor Programming* for a detailed procedure.
6. Exit the Programming mode by entering \*99.
- Perform a preliminary check of the 4285 Phone Module, as indicated next.

## Checking the Operation of the 4285 Phone Module

### To Check Phone Module Operation from an On-Premises Phone

1. Pick up the phone and enter the programmed 2-digit Phone code (entered in field \*26, VOICE MODULE ACCESS CODE). Annunciation of a system status report should automatically start. Refer to the User Guide accompanying the phone module for detailed information regarding the nature of the status report, if necessary.
2. During any pause in the status report, or immediately following it, key the following via the keypad on the phone: **Installer code (4111) +1 (OFF)**.
3. You should hear a beep on the phone and from a wired keypad, and the words **DISARMED...READY TO ARM** or **DISARMED...NOT READY TO ARM\*** indicating that the command was entered successfully. **DISARMED...NOT READY TO ARM** would indicate an open zone.
4. Hang up the phone.

### To Check Phone Module Operation from an Off-Premises Phone

1. Have someone dial the premises phone number, using a Touch-tone phone.
  - If the phone system does not include an answering machine, two long tones will be heard in the caller's phone, followed by the voice prompt, **HELLO, ENTER PHONE CODE NOW**. The caller should then enter the programmed 2-digit Phone code (entered in field \*26, VOICE MODULE ACCESS CODE).
  - If the premises phone system includes an answering machine, the 2-digit phone code should be entered **during a pause** at the beginning of, or during, the outgoing answering machine message.

**Note:** If 15 was entered in field \*95 to bypass an answering machine, and a 4285 Phone Module is included in the installation, off-premises phone operation will be affected. Read the Important Note in the programming information for field \*95 on the previous page.
2. When the 2-digit phone code is entered, the caller will hear a voice prompt asking for entry of the 4-digit system code (**ENTER SYSTEM CODE NOW**).
3. The caller should then enter the Installer code (4111). As a safety feature, there is a 3-try limit in which to enter each code (Phone code and System code), after which the call-in will be aborted. Also, if no keys are pressed for a period of 20 seconds, the call-in will be aborted.
4. Annunciation of a system status report will start if both codes were entered correctly.
5. During any pause in the status report, or immediately following it, the caller should key the following via the keypad on the phone: **Installer Code (4111) + 1 (OFF)**.
6. A beep should be heard on the caller's phone and from a wired keypad on the premises, and the caller should also hear the words **DISARMED...READY TO ARM** or **DISARMED...NOT READY TO ARM\*** on the phone, indicating that the command was entered successfully. \* **DISARMED...NOT READY TO ARM** would indicate an open zone.
7. At this point, the caller can hang up the phone.
8. Verify with the caller that there was successful access to the system and that the appropriate annunciations were heard over the phone.



# External Sounders

.....

**In This Section**

- ◆ *Compatible Sounders*
  - ◆ *Sounder Connections*
  - ◆ *Programming for External Sounders*
  - ◆ *Testing the Sounder*
- .....

**Compatible Sounders**

<b>ADEMCO AB-12M 10" Motorized Bell &amp; Box</b>	Motor bell & box. UL Grade A. 100mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 1011BE12M 10" Motorized Bell &amp; Box</b>	Motor bell & box. UL Listed. 100mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 702 Outdoor Siren</b>	Self-contained 6–12 volt siren (driver built-in) and weatherproof for outdoor use. Can be wired for either a steady or warble sound. 117dB @ 10 feet. 1500mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 719 2-Channel Siren</b>	Self-contained 6–12 volt siren (driver built in). Steady or warble sound. 109dB @ 10 feet. 550mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 747 Indoor Siren</b>	Self-contained 6–15 volt siren (driver built-in) for indoor wall mount. 747F available for flush mounting. 105dB @ 10 feet. 400mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 747UL Indoor Siren</b>	Self-contained 6–15 volt siren (driver built-in) for indoor wall mount. UL Listed. 85dB @ 10 feet. 320mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 744 Siren Driver</b>	6 jumper-selected sound outputs. Rated at 119dB with use of an 8-ohm 30 watt speaker. 1.3 amps current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 745X3* Voice Siren Driver</b>	12-volt voice siren driver with English, Spanish and French voice messages. Separate messages for Fire and Burglary. Use with 8-ohm speaker. UL Listed. 1100mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 705–820, 5-inch Round Speaker</b>	20-watt, 8-ohm indoor or outdoor speaker. Requires a driver.
<b>ADEMCO 713 Speaker</b>	40-watt, 8-ohm, indoor/outdoor speaker. Requires a driver.
<b>System Sensor A400B (beige)/PA400R (red) Indoor Piezo Sounder</b>	Indoor piezo sounder (red or beige), rated at 90 dB @ 10 feet.

\* Requires special power wiring, using additional components.

**UL**

- Use only UL Listed sounding devices for UL installations.
  - The total current drawn from the alarm output and the auxiliary power output combined cannot exceed 600mA. In addition, the sounding device must be a UL Listed audible signal appliance rated to operate in a 10.2–13.8 VDC voltage range, and must be mounted indoors, e.g., Wheelock Signals Inc. Siren Model 34T-12 (provides 85dB[A] for NFPA 74 & Standard 985).
- 

**Non-UL Installations**

The total current drawn from the alarm output terminals cannot exceed 2 amps. The backup battery must be installed since the current is supplied by that battery.

---



Going beyond the limits indicated (2 amps) will overload the power supply, or may cause the electronic circuit protecting the sounder output to trip.

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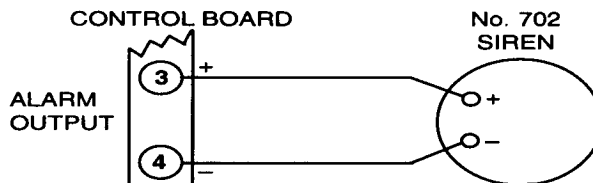
**This control complies with NFPA requirements for temporal pulse sounding of fire notification appliances.**

Temporal pulse sounding for a fire alarm consists of the following:

3 pulses – pause – 3 pulses – pause – 3 pulses. . . repeated.

**Sounder Connections**

The control provides a 12VDC output that can power external alarm sounders (bells or sirens; see compatible sounders listed previously). This output will activate a sounder when an alarm occurs. Make connections to alarm output terminals 3 (+) and 4 (-). Refer to *Figure 9-1*.



*Figure 9-1: Typical Sounder Wiring*

**Programming for External Sounders**

1. With at least one 2-line Alpha keypad (6139) connected to the keypad terminals on the control, power up the system temporarily. If you previously connected the AC transformer to the control panel, you need only plug in the transformer (to a 120VAC outlet) to power up the system.

2. Enter the Programming mode by keying the following on the Alpha keypad: **Installer code (4 1 1 1) + 8 + 0**.
3. **Press \*28. Single Alarm Sounding per Zone/Armed Period.** Enter 1 for yes, 0 for no (default).
4. **Press \*29. Fire Sounder Timeout.** Enter 1 for no timeout, 0 for timeout (default).
5. **Press \*30. Alarm Bell Timeout.** Enter 0 for no timeout, 1 for 4 min (default), 2 for 8 min, 3 for 12 min, or 4 for 16 min.
6. **Press \*51. Confirmation of Arming Ding.** Enter 0 for no (default); 1 for yes; or 2 for yes, but with RF arming only.
7. Exit the Programming mode by entering **\*99**.

### **Testing the Sounder**

After installation of the sounder is completed, the security system should be carefully tested, as follows.

1. Connect the battery wires from the control board to the battery, observing correct polarity.
2. Enter the **Installer code (4 1 1 1)** and press the **TEST** key on the wired keypad. The external sounder should sound for 1 second if the sounder is good and proper connections have been made. Note that if the backup battery is discharged, the sounder will not turn on.
3. To turn off the Test mode, enter the **Installer code (4 1 1 1)** and press the **OFF** key.



# Long Range Radio

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## In This Section

- ◆ General Information
  - ◆ Connection
  - ◆ Programming the Control for the Long Range Radio
- .....

## General Information

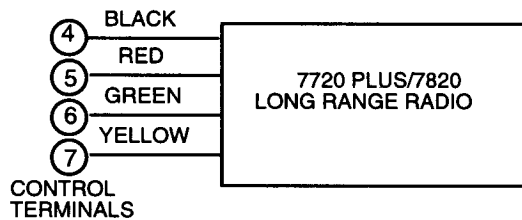
If output to long range radio is selected, all messages that are programmed to go to the primary telephone line receiver will also be sent to the ADEMCO 7720PLUS or 7820 Long Range Radio. These messages will be in Contact ID format (not affected by entry in field \*46).

The data line is supervised, as well as certain functions in the radio. If communication is lost or a trouble develops, the system will attempt to send a message via both radio and telephone to the central station.

For complete information, refer to the manual that accompanies the radio.

## Connection

Connect the data in/data out terminals and voltage input terminals of the long range radio to the control's keypad connection points, terminals 4, 5, 6, and 7, as shown below.



**Figure 10-1: Long Range Radio Connections**

## Programming for Long Range Radio

1. With at least one keypad connected to the keypad terminals on the control, power up the system temporarily. If you previously connected the AC transformer to the control panel, you need only plug in the transformer (to a 120VAC outlet) to power up the system.

2. Enter the Programming mode by keying the following on the Alpha keypad: **Installer code (4 1 1 1) + 8 + 0.**
3. **Press \*27 OUTPUT TO LONG RANGE RADIO.**  
Enter **1** when using a Long Range Radio; enter **0** if not (default is 0). If yes is selected, any dialer report programmed to report to the Primary phone number (in field \*47) will also be sent via long range radio.
4. All dialer and long range radio reports will be in Contact ID format (regardless of the selection made in field \*46). Full Trouble and Restore messages are sent.
5. Program the long-range radio for device address 3 on the keypad lines.
6. Exit the Programming mode by keying **\*99.**

# Audio Alarm Verification (AAV) Unit

.....

## In This Section

- ◆ General Information
  - ◆ Wiring Connections
  - ◆ Programming
- .....

## General Information

An Audio Alarm Verification (AAV) module, such as the Eagle 1241, is an add-on accessory that permits voice dialog between an operator at a central station and a person at the alarm installation, for the purpose of alarm verification.

---

### UL

For UL installations, the AAV option cannot be used.

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Alarm reports must be programmed for the Primary phone number to enable this feature.

---



AAV should not be used when Paging or Alarm reports are being sent to a Secondary number. If this is done, the call to the Secondary number by the communicator after the alarm report will prevent the AAV from taking control of the telephone line, and the AAV listen-in session cannot take place.

---

After all messages have been sent during a reporting session to the Primary phone number, the control will trigger the AAV if at least one of the messages was an Alarm report. If Contact ID format is selected for the primary phone number, the control will send a Listen-In To Follow message (event code 606) signaling the 685 receiver at the central station to hold the phone connection for 1 minute.

Once the digital message is kissed off, the control will give up the phone line to the AAV module, without breaking connection with the central station. At this time, all sirens and all continuous keypad sounds will be shut off.

---



You must connect a 4204 or 4229 Relay Module when using an AAV unit. Do not use relay output number 1 for any other usage.

---

## Wiring Connections

The method used to trigger AAV is via the use of a 4204 or 4229 Relay Module, as shown in the AAV connection diagrams that follow (one diagram for connections when an 4285 Phone Module is used, the other when the 4285 is not used).

## Programming

1. With at least one 2-line Alpha keypad (6139) connected, power up the system. If you previously connected the AC transformer to the control panel, you need only plug in the transformer (to a 120VAC outlet) to power up the system.
2. Enter the programming mode by keying the following on the Alpha keypad:  
**Installer code (4 1 1 1) + 8 + 0.**
3. **Press \*91. OPTION SELECTION.** Enter 4, 5, 6, or 7 for AAV monitoring. Note that Sounder Delay options 2 & 3 in this field cannot be used in UL installations. Refer to *Data Field Descriptions* (or the *Programming Form* in the separate *Programming Guide*) for detailed information on the available selections.
4. **Relay programming in field #80.** Do not program anything for Relay #1.
5. Exit the Programming mode by keying \*99.

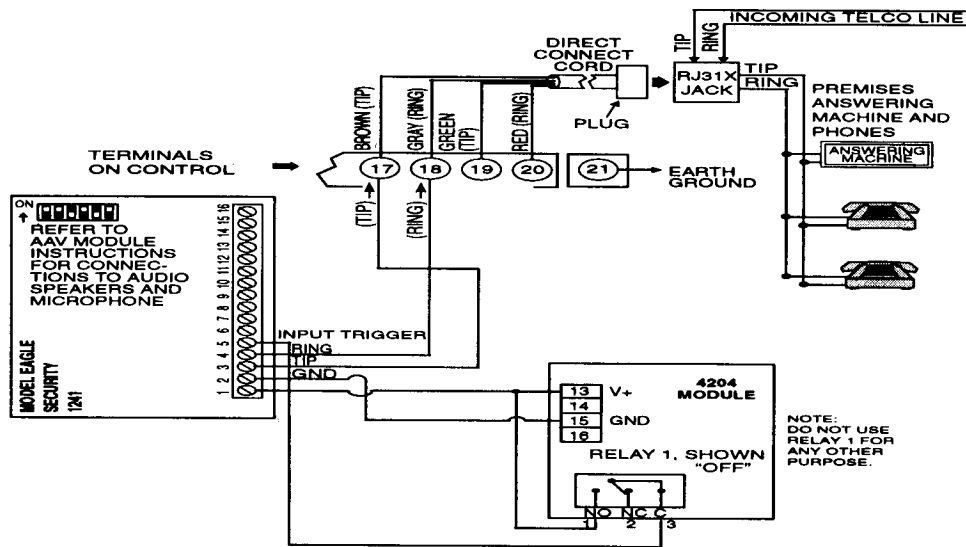


Figure 11-1: Connection of AAV Unit When Not Using a 4285 Voice Module



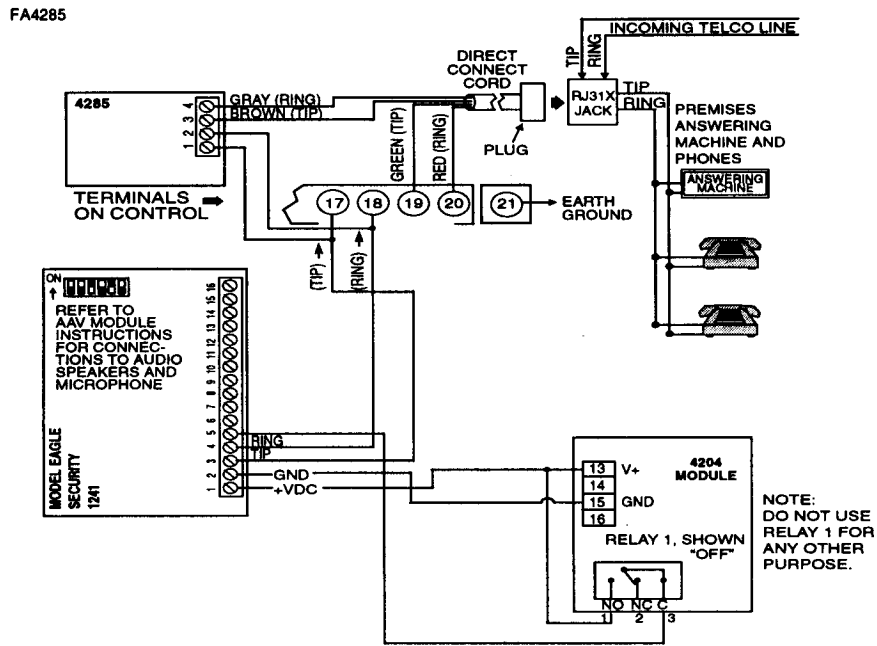


Figure 11-2: Connection of AAV Unit When Also Using a 4285 Phone Module



# Final Power-Up

.....

## In This Section

- ◆ Earth Ground Connections
  - ◆ AC Power-Up
  - ◆ Connecting the Backup Battery
- .....

## Earth Ground Connections

The designated earth ground terminal (21) must be terminated in a good earth ground for the lightning transient protective devices in this product to be effective. Refer to *Section 2: Installing The Control* section.

## AC Power-Up

1. Plug the AC transformer into a 24-hour, uninterrupted 120VAC outlet.
2. Following power-up, AC, dI (disabled), or BUSY–STANDBY (Alpha keypads); or NOT READY (Fixed-Word keypads) will be displayed. Also the green READY LED on the keypad(s) should light. After approximately 1 minute, the initial displays will revert to DISARMED...READY TO ARM for Alpha keypads, or READY for Fixed-Word keypads (if there are no faulted zones). This 1-minute delay allows PIRs, etc. to stabilize.

**To bypass this delay, press: [#] + 0.**

**Note:** If you do not get the READY displays described above, make sure that there are no faulted zones (doors or windows open, PIRs activated, etc). If necessary, refer to Trouble Conditions in the *Section 17: System Operation* section, and also to *Section 18: Troubleshooting Guide*.

## Connecting the Backup Battery

In the event of an AC power loss, the control panel is supported by a backup, rechargeable gel-cell battery. The minimum battery size recommended is the No. 467 (12V, 4AH) battery. See *Calculating the Battery Size Needed* below. The battery is installed in the control cabinet.

The standby battery connection is automatically checked every three minutes (a CSFM requirement). In addition, entry into the Test mode will cause a battery test to be initiated. If there is no battery or a low battery, a LOW BATTERY message is displayed and, if so programmed, will be reported to the central station.

## Calculating the Battery Size Needed

Determine the total device current draw after filling in the Auxiliary Device Current Draw Worksheet on the next page. To this figure add the 100mA that is drawn by the control panel itself. Then, to determine the battery size needed, use the following formula:

**Example:**

If total auxiliary device current drawn is 450mA, add 100mA for the control panel, for a total of 550mA (0.55 amps); if 24-hour standby is wanted, the calculation will be:

$$0.55\text{mA} \times 24 \text{ hours} = 13.2 \text{ Ampere/Hour battery needed.}$$

In this example, two 7 Amp/Hr batteries (connected in parallel) must be used.

**Making the Battery Connections**

1. Use the battery standby formula (shown above) to select the appropriate battery for the installation. Remember, when calculating the battery size needed, you must add the 100mA drawn by the control itself to the total auxiliary current draw in the worksheet on the next page.



---

Do not connect to the battery until all devices have been wired to the control.

---

2. Attach the red and black wires on the battery connector cable as follows:
  - a) Red to the positive (+) battery tab on the control board.\*
  - b) Black to the negative (-) battery tab on the control board.\*

\*This is not required if wires were previously connected to the battery tabs on the control.
3. Attach the red and black wires at the other end of the battery connector cable to the battery, as follows:
  - a) Red to the positive (+) terminal on the battery.
  - b) Black to the negative (-) terminal on the battery.

**AUXILIARY DEVICE CURRENT DRAW WORKSHEET**

<b>DEVICE USED</b>	<b>CURRENT DRAW</b>	<b>NUMBER OF DEVICES</b>	<b>TOTAL CURRENT</b> (device mA x # of units)
6128 Keypad	30mA		
6137 Keypad	120mA		
6139 Keypad	140mA		
5881/5882 Type RF Receiver	35mA		
4204 Relay Module	15/180mA‡		
4219 Zone Expander Module	35mA		
4229 Zone Expander/Relay Module	160mA		
Long Range Radio	Depends on type of radio used (see its instructions).		
*			
*			
*			
*			
*			
*			
*			
*			
<b>TOTAL =</b>			
(Current available from Aux. terminals = 500mA max.)**			

‡ Figures are for relays OFF/relays ON.

★If using hardwire devices such as PIRs, refer to the specifications for that particular unit's current draw, and include on worksheet.

\*\* In UL installations, maximum current draw from the Auxiliary output and the alarm output combined must NOT exceed 600mA.



# Alpha Descriptor Programming

.....

## In This Section

- ◆ *General Information*
  - ◆ *Assigning Zone Descriptors*
  - ◆ *Adding Custom Words*
- .....

## General Information

This section provides instructions for programming Alpha descriptors. This is recommended for systems using Alpha keypads, and necessary if a 4285 Phone Module is used. Alpha descriptors cannot be displayed on Fixed-Word keypads.

If using a 4285 Phone Module, select **only** from those words in the Alpha Vocabulary List (on page 59) shown in **boldface type**. The phone module will not provide annunciation of other words.



---

If a 4285 Phone Module is added to an existing V12C system, the Alpha descriptors presently in the system should be reprogrammed, selecting from those words shown in **boldface type** in the Alpha Vocabulary List. The phone module will not provide annunciation of any other words.

---

The Alpha Vocabulary List and Character ASCII Chart are on page 59.

## Assigning Zone Descriptors

The Alpha keypad used with the V12C can have a user-friendly English language descriptor/location of all protection zones, keypad Panics, and RF receiver supervision faults programmed into the system. Each descriptor can be composed of a combination of words (up to three) selected from a vocabulary of words stored in memory (the list is on a following page). In addition, up to five installer-defined words can be added to those already in memory. Thus, when an Alarm or Trouble occurs in a zone, an appropriate descriptor for that zone's location will be displayed at the keypad.

**Note:** Alpha descriptor entry can be done locally at the Alpha keypad or remotely using downloading software. The Alpha keypad procedure is described below.

**Entering Zone Descriptors (program Menu mode \*82)**

The descriptor can be entered when the zone is being defined in field \*56. Alternatively, zone descriptors can be entered in field \*82.

The procedure simply requires that you enter the 3-digit reference number for the desired word(s). The 3-digit number for each word is provided in the Alpha Vocabulary List on a following page.

**Programming the Descriptors**

1. With the system powered up, enter the programming mode by keying: **Installer code (4 1 1 1) + 8 + 0.**

The following display will appear:

Installer Code <div style="text-align: right;">20</div>
--

Program Alpha ? 0 = No, 1 = Yes 00
---------------------------------------

Custom Words ? 0 = No, 1 = Yes 00
--------------------------------------

Default Descriptor - * ZN 01 ZONE 01
---

Flashing Cursor (system is ready for entry of word). ▭

* ZN 01 <input type="checkbox"/>
----------------------------------

2. **Press \*82.**

The **Program Alpha?** prompt will appear.

3. **Press 1 (Yes).**

The **Custom Words?** prompt will appear.

4. **Press 0 (No).\***

If a descriptor was not entered previously for Zone 1, the default descriptor for Zone 1 will be displayed.

\* The procedure for adding custom words to the built-in vocabulary will be found later under Adding Custom Words.

Note that no entries can be made. Entries can be made only when the display contains a flashing cursor that signifies the Entry mode.

5. To delete or change the default descriptor for zone 1, **press [\*] plus the same zone number (01).** This will clear that descriptor and gain access to the Entry mode with flashing cursor, allowing changes to be made.

**Note:**

If you do not wish to change the existing descriptor for Zone 1, enter [\*] plus the next zone number for which you wish to enter (or check) a descriptor. A summary display for that zone will appear. You must then press [\*] plus the same zone number again to gain access to the Entry mode (flashing cursor) for that zone.



Flashing Cursor \_

\* ZN 01    **B** ACK

\* ZN 01    BACK

Flashing Cursor if 6 is pressed (system is ready for next word).

\* ZN 01    BACK  
 OOR

Flashing Cursor

\* ZN 01    BACK  
 DOOR   

Flashing Cursor if 6 is pressed (system ready for next word).

\* ZN 01    BACK  
 DOOR

Program Alpha ?  
 0 = No, 1 = Yes

6. Press [#] plus the 3-digit number for the first word, using the Alpha Vocabulary List on page 59 to locate the desired word and its 3-digit number.

**Example:** The descriptor that we wish to enter for Zone 1 is BACK DOOR. From the list, BACK = 013. Therefore, you would enter [#] 0 1 3.

**Note:** If you accidentally enter the wrong word, simply press [#] plus the correct 3-digit number for the word you want.

7. Press 6 to accept the selected word and continue.

**Note:** If this is the only word you are using for the descriptor, press 8 instead of 6 to save that word in memory, and then go to step 11.

8. Enter the 3-digit number for the next word. In our example, the word is DOOR, whose number is 057.

Enter [#] 0 5 7. The display on the left will appear.

9. Press 6 to accept the selected word.

**Note:** If these are the only words you are using for the descriptor, press 8 instead of 6 to save them in memory.

10. The two words in our example have now been entered.

**Note,** however, that up to three words may be entered (provided the number of characters will fit on the screen). Press 8 to save all words in memory.

The flashing cursor will disappear, indicating that the word(s) are stored in memory for that zone, as shown in the display at the left.

11. To enter a descriptor for the next zone, press [\*] plus the desired zone number (e.g., \*02). The summary display following step 4 previously will appear.

Now repeat steps 6 through 10 for the descriptor for the next zone.

12. To exit the Alpha Descriptor mode, press \*00 at the summary display.

The **Program Alpha?** prompt will be displayed.

13. Press 0.

Alpha Pgm

82

The Alpha Pgm prompt is displayed.

14. Press **\*99** to exit the Programming mode.

## Adding Custom Words

You can add up to five installer-defined words to the built-in Alpha vocabulary. Each of the five words can actually consist of a word string of one or more words, but no more than ten characters can be used for each word or word string.

**Note:** These custom words will not be announced by the 4285 Phone Module.

1. Perform steps 1, 2, and 3 of Programming the Descriptors on page 55. Select Custom Word mode (enter 1) when the prompt Custom Words? is displayed.
2. Enter the number (1–5) of the custom word or word string to be created. For example, if you are creating the first custom word or word-string, enter 1, for the second, enter 2, etc. A cursor will now appear at the beginning of the second line. Entering the custom word's characters can now be performed. Refer to the Character (ASCII) List of letters, numbers, and symbols on a following page for the desired character and its 2-digit number.

**When adding custom words in steps 3–6, the keypad's keys perform the following functions:**

**[4]** Moves cursor one space to left.

**[6]** Selects desired letter; moves cursor one space to right.

**[8]** Saves the new word in the system's memory.

3. Press [#], followed by the 2-digit entry for the first letter you would like to display (e.g., 65 for A).
4. When you have entered the 2-digit number, press 6 to select it. The cursor will then move to the right, in position for the next character.
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 above to create the desired word(s). Note that the [4] key can be used to move the cursor to the left, if necessary. Remember, no word or word-string can exceed 10 characters.
6. Press 8 to save the custom word(s) and return to the Custom Word? prompt.
7. Repeat steps 2–5 for other custom words to be entered. To change a custom word, just overwrite it.
8. If no more are to be entered, press 0 (No) at the Custom Word? prompt to return to the Descriptor entry. The custom word(s) will be automatically added to the built-in vocabulary.
9. Exit the Programming mode by keying **\*99**.

**When zone descriptors are being entered as described in step 6 of *Programming the Descriptors*, the custom word numbers are 250 to 254 for words 1 to 5, respectively.**

## ALPHA VOCABULARY LIST

### (For Entering Zone Descriptors)

000 (Word Space)	•057 DOOR	L	R	V
A	•059 DOWN	• 106 LAUNDRY	155 RADIO	209 VALVE
• 001 AIR	•060 DOWNSTAIRS	• 107 LEFT	• 156 REAR	210 VAULT
• 002 ALARM	061 DRAWER	108 LEVEL	157 RECREATION	212 VOLTAGE
004 ALLEY	•062 DRIVEWAY	• 109 LIBRARY	159 REFRIGERATION	W
005 AMBUSH	•064 DUCT	• 110 LIGHT	160 RF	213 WALL
• 006 AREA	E	111 LINE	• 161 RIGHT	214 WAREHOUSE
• 007 APARTMENT	•065 EAST	• 113 LIVING	• 162 ROOM	• 216 WEST
• 009 ATTIC	066 ELECTRIC	• 114 LOADING	163 ROOF	• 217 WINDOW
010 AUDIO	067 EMERGENCY	115 LOCK	S	• 219 WING
B	068 ENTRY	116 LOOP	164 SAFE	220 WIRELESS
• 012 BABY	•069 EQUIPMENT	117 LOW	165 SCREEN	X
• 013 BACK	• 071 EXIT	• 118 LOWER	166 SENSOR	222 XMITTER
• 014 BAR	072 EXTERIOR	M	• 167 SERVICE	Y
• 016 BASEMENT	F	• 119 MACHINE	• 168 SHED	223 YARD
• 017 BATHROOM	• 073 FACTORY	121 MAIDS	169 SHOCK	Z
• 018 BED	075 FAMILY	122 MAIN	• 170 SHOP	224 ZONE (No.)
• 019 BEDROOM	• 076 FATHERS	• 123 MASTER	171 SHORT	• 225 ZONE
020 BELL	• 077 FENCE	• 125 MEDICAL	• 173 SIDE	• 226 0
• 021 BLOWER	• 079 FIRE	126 MEDICINE	174 SKYLIGHT	• 227 1
• 022 BOILER	• 080 FLOOR	128 MONEY	175 SLIDING	• 228 1ST
023 BOTTOM	081 FLOW	129 MONITOR	• 176 SMOKE	• 229 2
025 BREAK	082 FOIL	• 130 MOTHERS	• 178 SONS	• 230 2ND
• 026 BUILDING	• 083 FOYER	• 131 MOTION	• 179 SOUTH	• 231 3
C	084 FREEZER	132 MOTOR	180 SPRINKLER	• 232 3RD
028 CABINET	• 085 FRONT	N	• 182 STATION	• 233 4
• 029 CALL	G	• 134 NORTH	184 STORE	• 234 4TH
030 CAMERA	• 089 GARAGE	135 NURSERY	• 185 STORAGE	• 235 5
031 CAR	• 090 GAS	O	186 STORY	• 236 5TH
033 CASH	091 GATE	• 136 OFFICE	190 SUPERVISED	• 237 6
034 CCTV	• 092 GLASS	• 138 OPEN	191 SUPERVISION	• 238 6TH
035 CEILING	093 GUEST	139 OPENING	192 SWIMMING	• 239 7
036 CELLAR	094 GUN	• 140 OUTSIDE	193 SWITCH	• 240 7TH
• 037 CENTRAL	H	142 OVERHEAD	T	• 241 8
038 CIRCUIT	• 095 HALL	P	194 TAMPER	• 242 8TH
• 040 CLOSED	• 096 HEAT	143 PAINTING	196 TELCO	• 243 9
• 046 COMPUTER	098 HOLDUP	• 144 PANIC	197 TELEPHONE	• 244 9TH
047 CONTACT	099 HOUSE	145 PASSIVE	• 199 TEMPERATURE	250 Custom Word #1
D	100 INFRARED	• 146 PATIO	200 THERMOSTAT	
• 048 DAUGHTERS	• 101 INSIDE	147 PERIMETER	• 201 TOOL	251 Custom Word #2
049 DELAYED	102 INTERIOR	• 148 PHONE	202 TRANSMITTER	
• 050 DEN	103 INTRUSION	150 POINT	U	252 Custom Word #3
051 DESK	J	151 POLICE	• 205 UP	
• 052 DETECTOR	104 JEWELRY	152 POOL	• 206 UPPER	253 Custom Word #4
• 053 DINING	K	• 153 POWER	• 207 UPSTAIRS	
054 ISCRIMINATOR	• 105 KITCHEN		• 208 UTILITY	254 Custom Word #5
055 DISPLAY				

**NOTES:**

- Some rarely used words appearing in previously published lists have been deleted from this list. Use only this list for selecting zone descriptors.
- Bulleted (•) words in **boldface type** are those that are also available for use by the 4285 Phone Module. If using a phone module and words other than these are selected for alpha descriptors, the module will not provide annunciation of those words.

**CHARACTER (ASCII) CHART**

**(For Adding Custom Words)**

32 (space)	42 *	52 4	62 >	72 H	82 R
33 !	43 +	53 5	63 ?	73 I	83 S
34 "	44 ,	54 6	64 @	74 J	84 T
35 #	45 -	55 7	65 A	75 K	85 U
36 \$	46 .	56 8	66 B	76 L	86 V
37 %	47 /	57 9	67 C	77 M	87 W
38 and	48 0	58 :	68 D	78 N	88 X
39 ' <b>•</b>	49 1	59 ;	69 E	79 O	89 Y
40 ( <b>•</b>	50 2	60 <	70 F	80 P	90 Z
41 ) <b>•</b>	51 3	61 =	71 G	81 Q	

# Sequential Mode

.....

## In This Section

- ◆ General Information
  - ◆ Sequential Enrollment
- .....

## General Information

There are two methods of enrolling transmitters:

- You can enroll each transmitter into the system as you are entering the zone information in field \*56 (the procedure will be found in *Section 6: Wireless (RF) Zone Expansion*).
- You can enroll all the transmitters in \*83 Menu mode after all other zone information has been entered in field \* 56. The enrolling method in \*83 is called sequential enrolling and is described in this section.

As an option, the new sequential mode allows you to use a 5804 button-type transmitter as a program tool. The advantage of using a program tool is that it enables remote enrollment. You can move to the physical location of the transmitter to be enrolled, press the upper left-hand button of the program tool, and then trip the intended transmitter (see step 10 for operation). The transmitter that you use as the program tool can also be used as a transmitter in the system. If you plan to use an existing transmitter, it must first be enrolled into the system as its associated zones. You may then program it as the tool.

An Alpha keypad is required for the following procedures.

## Sequential Enrollment

To enroll transmitters sequentially, after all other zone information has been programmed, do the following:

1. Enter Programming mode [**Installer Code**] + **8 + 0** on an Alpha keypad. Enter the Serial Number Sequential mode by pressing \***83**. The following prompt will be displayed.
2. If using a program tool, enter **1**. If not using a tool, enter **0**. If a tool has already been programmed, this prompt will not appear. If you are not using a tool or one has already been programmed, proceed to step 4.
3. If **1** is entered, the system will prompt for the transmitter's serial number. Enter the program tool's serial number using one of the following methods:
  - a) Enter the 7-digit serial number printed on the transmitter
  - or

Program Tool? 0 = No, 1 = Yes    0
---------------------------------------

00 Input S/N:    L A x x x-x x x x
---------------------------------------

- b) Press any button on the transmitter. The keypad should beep twice and display the serial number of the tool.

00 Input S/N: L  
A123-4567 3

In this example, the serial number is A123-4567. Once enrolled, the upper left-hand button of the program tool can be pressed to ready the system for enrolling a transmitter into the system.

**The serial number for the program tool will only remain in the system until the Programming mode is exited. (Entering \*97 will not delete the tool.)**

Press [\*] to continue.

Pressing [#] on the keypad will cause the system to back up to the **Program Tool?** prompt.

Enter Zn Num.  
(00 = Quit) 10

Zone Number Entered

- 4. Enter the first zone number to be enrolled (e.g., zone 10).

Press [\*] to continue.

The system will, starting with this zone number, search for the first transmitter that has all of the following attributes preprogrammed in Zone Programming:

- a) An input type of RF, UR, or BR programmed
- b) A loop number programmed
- c) No serial number programmed



If the zone number entered does **not** have all of the above attributes, the system will search its database for the first zone that does, and will display it on the next screen. This means that the zone number you entered has already been enrolled.

10 Input S/N: L  
Axxx xxxx

- 5. This prompt is displayed when the system has found the next zone that needs to be enrolled.

The system will respond to the first serial number transmitted. A serial number may be enrolled by one of two methods:

- a) Enter the 7-digit serial number printed on the transmitter  
or
- b) Activate the transmitter by faulting or restoring the input you wish to use for that zone (e.g., press a button, open or close a door, etc.).



If you do **not** wish to enroll the zone displayed, press [#] on the keypad or the upper right-hand button on the program tool (a long beep will be heard to verify). The following prompt will appear:

10 Learn S/N?  
0 = No, 1 = Yes 0

To enroll now, enter 1 (Yes). If 0 (No) is entered, the following prompt will appear if a program tool has already been programmed:

Enter Zn Num.  
(00 = Quit) 12

Enter the next zone number to be enrolled (e.g., zone 12). The system will search for that zone and will display the prompt shown in the beginning of step 5. If you wish to exit the enroll mode completely, enter 00 and press [\*].

Zone Number Entered

10 Input S/N:	L
A 022-4064	3

Serial #      Loop #

The system will enroll the serial number of the first transmitter heard, add the loop number entered to this serial number, display the serial and loop numbers, and cause the keypad to beep twice.



If the serial and loop number combination is already present in the system, you will hear a single long beep from the keypad. If this happens, the system will not display the serial number, but will wait for a transmission from another transmitter or transmitter loop input.

- The system will then enter an optional confirmation mode so that the operation of the actual programmed input can be confirmed. Activate the loop input or button that corresponds to this zone. **We recommend that you confirm the programming of every transmitter before proceeding to the next zone.**

10 Confirmed
A022-4064      3

When the system sees activity on the appropriate input, it will beep three times and display the confirmation message. Press [\*] or the upper left-hand button of the program tool when you are ready to enroll the next transmitter.

At any time during this step, you may press [\*] on the keypad or the upper left-hand button of the program tool if you are satisfied with the serial and loop number combination that has been enrolled, regardless of whether or not the enrolled input has been confirmed. This will ready the system to enroll the next transmitter.

If the incorrect transmitter has been enrolled, press [#] on the keypad or the upper right-hand button of the program tool to delete the serial number and return to the **LEARN S/N** prompt. The keypad will emit a single long beep to verify pressing of the upper right-hand button. Then, press 1 (Yes) or press the upper left-hand button of the program tool (a single short beep will verify the system is ready for enrolling) and re-activate the proper transmitter or transmitter loop input.

- The system will search for the next zone that does not have a serial number associated with it. If one is found, the prompt in step 5, along with the appropriate zone number, will be displayed. Follow steps 5 and 6 for the remaining wireless zones.
- After all wireless zones have been displayed, whether enrolled or not, the **Enter Zn Num.** prompt will appear. Enter 00 to exit the Sequential mode and return to Data Field Programming mode.



When you have finished programming all zones, test each using the system's Test mode. Do not use the Transmitter ID Sniffer mode for this, as it will only check for transmission of one zone on a particular transmitter, and NOT the zones assigned to each additional loop.





# System Communication



## In This Section

- ◆ Reporting Formats
- ◆ Communication Programming



## Reporting Formats

When the panel calls the central station receiver, it waits to hear a handshake frequency from the receiver to confirm that the receiver is on-line and ready to receive its message. Once the panel hears the handshake it is programmed to listen for, it sends its message. The panel then waits for a kissoff frequency from the receiver acknowledging that the message was received and understood.

If the handshake frequency is not given or is not understood by the panel, the panel will not send its message. Once the handshake frequency is received and understood by the panel, the panel will send its message. If there is an error in the transmission (the receiver does not receive a valid message), the kissoff frequency will not be given by the central station receiver.

The panel will make a total of eight attempts to the primary telephone number and eight attempts to the secondary telephone number (if programmed) to get a valid message through. If the panel is not successful after its numerous attempts, the keypad will display COMM. FAILURE (Alpha keypad) or FC (Fixed-word keypad).

The following chart defines the three sets of (handshake/kissoff) frequencies that the panel supports and the different formats that can be sent for each.

FORMAT	TIME	HANDSHAKE	TRANSMITS DATA	KISSOFF	TRANSMIT TIME
4+2	ADEMCO	1400Hz	1900Hz (10PPS)	1400Hz	Under 15 secs.
Low Speed	4+2	2300Hz	1800Hz (20PPS)	2300Hz	(Standard report) Under 10 secs.
Radionics	4+2 ADEMCO	2300Hz	1800Hz (20PPS)	2300Hz	Under 10 secs. (Standard report)
Express		1400-2300Hz	DTMF (10 cps)	1400Hz	Under 3 secs.
Contact ID					

The following describes each format in greater detail.

<b>4+2 Format</b>	A 4-digit subscriber number and 2-digit Report code.
<b>ADEMCO Contact ID</b>	A 4-digit subscriber number, 1-digit event qualifier
<b>Reporting Format</b>	(new or restore), 3-digit Event code, and 3-digit zone number, user number, or system status number (see the following page).

**4 + 2 Reporting**

<b>Report</b>	<b>4+2</b>
Alarm	SSSS AZ
Trouble	SSSS Tt
Bypass	SSSS Bb
AC Loss	SSSS EA <sub>C</sub>
Low Batt	SSSS LL <sub>B</sub>
Open	SSSS OU
Close	SSSS CU
Test	SSSS Gg
Restore	SSSS RZ
AC Restore	SSSSR <sub>A</sub> AC
LoBat Res.	SSSS R <sub>L</sub> L <sub>B</sub>
Trouble Res.	SSSS R <sub>T</sub> t
Bypass Res.	SSSS R <sub>B</sub> b

**Where:**

- |        |   |   |
|--------|---|---|
| SSS or | SSSS = Subscriber ID                                    | C = Close Code - 1st digit  |
|        | A = Alarm Code - 1st digit                              | U = User Number - 1st and 2nd digits                                    |
|        | Z = Typically Zone Number* - 2nd digit                  | Gg = Test Code - 1st and 2nd digits                                     |
|        | Tt = Trouble Code - 1st and 2nd digits                  | R = Restore Code (Alarm) - 1st and 2nd digits                           |
|        | Bb = Bypass Code - 1st and 2nd digits                   | R <sub>T</sub> t = Restore Code (Trbl) - 1st and 2nd digits             |
|        | EA <sub>C</sub> = AC Loss Code - 1st and 2nd digits     | R <sub>B</sub> b = Restore Code (Byps) - 1st and 2nd digits             |
|        | LL <sub>B</sub> = Low Battery Code - 1st and 2nd digits | R <sub>A</sub> AC = Restore Code (AC) - 1st and 2nd digits              |
|        | O = Open Code - 1st Digit                               | R <sub>L</sub> L <sub>B</sub> = Restore Code (Bat) - 1st and 2nd digits |

\*Zone numbers for: [\*] + [#], or [B] = 7; [1] + [\*], or [A] = 95; Duress = 8

[3] + [#], or [C] = 96; Tamper<sup>†</sup> = 9

<sup>†</sup> Expansion Module Failure also.

**ADEMCO Contact ID Reporting** takes the following format:

CCCC QEEE GG ZZZ

where: CCCC = Customer (subscriber) ID

Q = Event qualifier, where:

E = new event, and R = restore

EEE = Event code (3 hexadecimal digits)

GG = Partition number (system messages show 00)

ZZZ = Zone/Contact ID number reporting the alarm, or user number for Open/Close reports. System status messages (AC Loss, Walk-Test, etc.) contain zeroes in the ZZZ location.

**TABLE OF CONTACT ID EVENT CODES**

Code	Definition	Code	Definition
110	Fire Alarm	374	Exit Error by Zone
121	Duress	380	Trouble (global)
122	Silent Panic	383	RPM Sensor Tamper
123	Audible Panic	384	RF Transmitter Low Battery
131	Perimeter Burglary	401	O/C by User
132	Interior Burglary	406	Cancel by User
134	Entry/Exit Burglary	407	Remote Arm/Disarm (Download)
135	Day/Night Burglary	408	Quick Arm
150	24-Hour Auxiliary	441	Armed STAY
301	AC Loss	570	Bypass
302	Low System Battery	601	Test, Manually Triggered
333	Expansion Module Failure	602	Communicator Test
353	Long Range Radio Trouble	606	Listen-in to Follow
373	Fire Loop Trouble	616	Service Request

## Communication Programming

### Introduction

This section provides instructions for programming those fields that affect communications between the control and the central station.

### Programming Procedure

1. With at least one Alpha keypad (6139) connected to the system, power up the system. If necessary, refer to *Section 12: Final Power-Up* for the power-up procedure. If you previously connected the AC transformer to the control panel, you need only plug in the transformer (to a 120VAC outlet) to power up the system.
2. Enter the Programming mode by keying the following on the Alpha keypad: **Installer code (4 1 1 1) + 8 + 0.**

**Fields \*40, \*41, \*42,  
\*44**

Enter up to the number of digits shown. Do not fill unused spaces.

Enter 0-9,

# + 11 for \*

# + 12 for #

#+13 for a pause

(2 secs)

Field \*43 is also used as the long range radio Subscriber Account Number

**Press \*40 PABX ACCESS CODE**

Enter up to 6 digits if PABX is needed to access an outside line. If fewer than 6 digits are needed to be entered, exit by pressing [\*] and next field number (e.g., 41). To clear entries from field, press \*40\*.

**Press \*41 PRIMARY PHONE No.**

Enter up to 16 digits. If fewer than 16 digits entered, exit by pressing [\*] and next field number (e.g., 42). To clear entries from field, press \*41\*.

**Press \*42 SECONDARY PHONE No.**

Enter up to 16 digits. If fewer than 16 digits entered, exit by pressing [\*] and next field number (e.g., 43). To clear entries from field, press \*42\*.

**If using the Paging feature, enter the pager number as the secondary phone number**

(Central Station Account Number)

Enter 0-9; [#] + 11 for B, [#] + 12 for C, [#] + 13 for D; [#] + 14 for E, [#] + 15 for F (default).

Enter 0 as the first digit of a 4-digit account number for Nos. 0000-0999. End field by pressing [\*] (and press next field number). To clear entries from field, press \*44\*.

See the blank Programming Form in the separate *Programming Guide* for examples of account number entries.

**Press \*44 TEST REPORT PHONE No.**

If all test reports are to be sent to a specific phone number, enter the number in this field. If fewer than 16 digits are entered, exit by pressing [\*] and the next field number (e.g., 45). To clear entries from field, press \*44\*.

**Note:** If this field is left blank, the control will send test reports to the Primary or Secondary phone numbers, as selected (in field \*47).

**Press \*45 PHONE SYSTEM SELECT (default = 1)**

If central station receiver *is not* on WATS line:

0 = PULSE DIAL, 1 = TONE DIAL.

If central station receiver *is* on WATS line:

2 = Pulse Dial, 3 = Tone Dial.

**Press \*46 REPORT FORMAT, PRIMARY/SECONDARY**

Determines which format is to be used to report to the central station. Default = 7.

2 = 4+2 ADEMCO Low Speed Standard

3 = 4+2 Radionics Standard

6 (or undefined) = 4+2 ADEMCO Express

7 = ADEMCO Contact ID Reporting

**Note:** The maximum number of Alarm and Alarm Restore reports during one armed period is determined by field #92.

**Press \*47 SPLIT/DUAL REPORTING**

Enter 0 to disable (Backup report only). **This is the default.**

	<b>TO PRIMARY PHONE #</b>	<b>TO SECONDARY PHONE #</b>
1 =	Alarms, Restore, Cancel	Other Reports
2 =	All except Open/Close, Test	Open/Close, Test
3 =	Alarms, Restore, Cancel	All reports
4 =	All except Open/Close, Test	All reports
5 =	All reports	All reports

	<b>TO PRIMARY PHONE #</b>	<b>TO PAGING NUMBER*</b>
6 =	All reports except Open/Close	Alarms, Open/Close, Troubles
7 =	All reports	Alarms, Troubles
8 =	All reports	Alarms, Open/Close, Troubles
9 =	All reports except Open/Close	Open/Close for Users # 5–25 <sup>†</sup> .

\* Can only be used if primary reporting format is ADEMCO Contact ID.

If reporting to pager, choose from 6, 7, 8, or 9, as desired.

<sup>†</sup> Will report only Users 5–9. If using wireless button-type devices, the zone number of the arm or disarm button (10–25) will be sent as the user number.

**Important:**

Do not use AAV when Paging or Alarm reports are being sent to a Secondary number. If this is done, the call to the Secondary number by the communicator after the alarm report will prevent the AAV from taking control of the phone line, and the AAV listen in session cannot take place.

Entries 6 through 9 will send a report to a pager (in addition to the selected Primary phone number), **but you must enter the pager number as the Secondary phone number in field \*42.**

A 10-digit code is sent to the pager that will take the following format:

4-digit Subscriber No. ‡ • SSSS-EEE-NNN • 3-digit User or Zone No. (as entered in field \*43)

3-Digit Event code, as follows:

**911** = Alarm (NNN = Zone No.)

**001** = Open, system disarmed (NNN = User No.)

**002** = Close, system armed (NNN = User No.)

**811** = Trouble (NNN = Zone No.)

‡ The first digit of the Subscriber No. entered in field \*43 must be 1-9 (DO NOT USE 0); the last 3 digits can be 0-9. **Failure to observe this requirement may interfere with paging services.**

Example 1. Pager displays: **1 2 3 4 - 9 1 1 - 0 0 4**

This indicates that Subscriber No. 1234's system is reporting an alarm (911), due to zone 4 being faulted (004).

Example 2. Pager displays: **1 2 3 4 - 0 0 1 - 0 0 4**

This indicates that Subscriber No. 1234's system is reporting an opening (001) by User 4 (004).

Note that no Restore reports are sent to the pager.

**Press \*48 15-SECOND DIALER DELAY, BURGLARY**

Enter **0** for no, or **1** for yes. Default is 0 (no delay).

**Press \*49 PERIODIC TEST REPORT**

Select the desired Test report interval. 0 = none; 1 = 24 hours; 2 = weekly; 3 = 30 days. Default is 0 (none). Test Report Code entered in field \* 64 is sent. Reports with Subscriber No.

**Press \*50 SESCOA/RADIONICS SELECT**

0 = Radionics (0-9, B-F reporting)

1 = SESCOA (0-9 only reporting)

Select **0** for all other formats. Default is 0.

**TO PROGRAM  
SYSTEM STATUS  
AND RESTORE  
REPORT CODES  
(\*60 – \*68, \*70 – \*75)**

**Enter codes as follows:**

1–9, 0, B, C, D, E, or F. Enter [#] + 10 for 0, [#] + 11 for B, [#] + 12 for C, [#] + 13 for D, [#] + 14 for E, [#] + 15 for F.

**With 4+2 Format:** Enter codes in both boxes (1st and 2nd digits) for 1–9, 0, or B–F, as described above.

A 0 (not # + 10) in the second box will eliminate the expanded message for that report.

A 0 (not # + 10) in both boxes will disable the report.

**With ADEMCO Contact ID Reporting:** Enter any digit (other than 0) in the first box, to enable zone to report. This is an enabling code only and is disregarded in the actual reporting to the central office. Entries in the second boxes will be ignored.

A 0 (not # + 10) in the first box will disable the report.

**Examples:**

For Code **32** (Two Digits), enter:

For Code **B2** (Hexadecimal), enter:

**Press \*60 TROUBLE REPORT CODE**

This will be sent if a zone goes into trouble.

**Press \*61 BYPASS REPORT CODE**

This will be sent when a zone is manually bypassed.

**Press \*62 AC LOSS REPORT CODE**

Timing of this report is random with up to a 48-minute delay. The keypad response is about 6 seconds to display the AC failure. The restore report has a random delay of up to about 12 minutes. If AC restores before the report goes out, there is no AC Restore report.

**Press \*63 LOW BAT REPORT CODE**

This will be sent when a Low-Battery condition exists in the system's standby battery.

**Note:** Connection to the standby battery is checked every 3 minutes (CSFM requirement).

**Press \*64 TEST REPORT CODE**

This is sent periodically to test that the communicator and phone lines are operational (frequency of report is selected in field \*51).

**Press \*65 OPEN/EXIT ALARM REPORT CODE**

This is sent upon disarming of the system. 2nd digit = User No., if 4+2 reporting is selected.

**Press \*66 ARM AWAY/STAY REPORT CODES**

This option allows for independent programming of AWAY and STAY reports. 2nd digit of report is User No., if 4+2 reporting is selected.

**Press \*67 RF XMTR. LOW BATTERY REPORT CODE**

This is sent in the event that a wireless transmitter Low-Battery condition exists.

**Press \*68 CANCEL REPORT CODE**

This is sent upon disarming of the system after an Alarm condition was reported.

**Press \*70 ALARM RESTORE REPORT CODE, 1st DIGIT**

This is sent when the zone that caused an alarm is restored to its nonfaulted condition. 2nd digit is automatically sent as the 2nd digit of the zone Alarm Report code programmed in field \*56, if 4+2 reporting is selected.

**Press \*71 TROUBLE RESTORE REPORT CODE**

This is sent when a Trouble in a zone is restored.

**Press \*72 BYPASS RESTORE REPORT CODE**

This is sent when a zone that has been bypassed is unbypassed.

**Press \*73 AC RESTORE REPORT CODE**

This is sent when AC power has been restored after an AC power outage.

**Press \*74 LOW BAT RESTORE REPORT CODE**

This is sent when a system Low-Battery condition is restored to normal.

**Press \*75 RF XMTR. LOW BATTERY RESTORE CODE**

This is sent when a transmitter that previously sent in a low-battery message has sent a message indicating it no longer has a Low-Battery condition.

**Press \*84 AUTO STAY ARM Default is 0.**

If the system is armed in the AWAY mode, but an exit zone has not been tripped by the end of the exit delay, the system will automatically arm in the STAY mode. 0 = No, 1 = Yes.

**Press \*85 AC LOSS DELAY Default is 1.**

An AC Loss report will not be communicated immediately, but will be sent along with the next transmission of a report, whatever it may be; however, it will not be sent if AC has been restored by that time.

**Press \*86 SERVICE CALL REQUEST Default is 1.**

This option enables the [\*] and [#] keys to function either as the usual Panic keys, or to send a special message to the central station stating that service is requested. **This only applies when Contact ID format is enabled.** The Contact ID 3-digit event report code sent will be 616.

**Note:** The D key on wired keypads (if present) will always provide this feature, regardless of the selection in this field. The other three Panic keys (A, B, and C) will provide Panic functions, as usual. 0 = No, 1 = Yes.



**Press \*92 NUMBER OF REPORTS IN ARMED PERIOD**

This option can be used to limit the number of messages (Alarm and Alarm Restore reports) sent to the central station in an armed period. 0 limits reports to a total of 10; 1 allows an unlimited number of reports.

**Press \*94 DOWNLOAD PHONE NUMBER**

Enter up to 16 digits;

0–9, [#] + 11 for \*, [#] + 12 for #, [#] + 13 for a pause. Do not fill unused spaces. End field by entering [\*].

If fewer than 16 digits entered, exit field by pressing [\*] and next field number. To clear entries, press \*94\*.

**Press \*95 RING DETECTION COUNT FOR DOWNLOADING**

Refer to the chart below and program this field accordingly.

Phone	Answering		
Module Yes	Machine No	Downloading No	<b>Field *95 Programming</b> Set for value other than 0 (1–14). This will enable the control panel to answer the phone call. Otherwise, it will not be possible to access the module.
Yes	Yes	No	Set for a value higher than the number of rings for which the answering machine is set. Example: If machine is set for 4 rings, use value 5 or higher. This is recommended so that the phone module can still be accessed if the answering machine is turned off and does not answer the phone call.
Yes	No	Yes	Set for value other than 0 (1–14).
Yes	Yes	Yes	15 to bypass answering machine. See note below.
No	No	No	Enter 0
No	Yes	No	Enter 0
No	No	Yes	Enter 1–14
No	Yes	Yes	Enter 15



- If 15 is entered in field \*95 to bypass an answering machine, and an 4285 Phone Module is included in the installation, you should note the following:
- When calling in from an off-premises phone (to receive a status report or execute a command), the user should make the initial call, allow 1 to 3 rings only, and hang up. Then call in again – the phone module will now seize the line, and 2 long tones will heard, followed by the usual voice prompt for the 2-digit phone access code. If this procedure is not followed, phone module operation will not be possible

**\*96 INITIALIZE DOWNLOAD ID AND SUBSCRIBER ACCT. No.  
FOR DOWNLOADING (No data entry required)**

**This completes the communication programming.**

**Exit the Programming mode by keying \*99.**

Refer to the *Section 16: Testing The System* section to check system operation.

# Testing the System

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## In This Section

◆ *Test Procedure*

.....

### Test Procedure

After installation is completed, the security system should be carefully tested, as follows.

1. With the system in the disarmed state, check that all zones are intact. If a NOT READY message is displayed, press [\*] to display the faulted zone(s). Restore faulted zone(s) if necessary, so that the READY message is displayed.

Fault and restore every sensor individually to ensure that it is being monitored by the system.

2. Enter the **Security code** and press the **TEST** key. The external sounder will sound for 1 second.

The keypad should sound 3 beeps each time a contact is faulted. A Test report should be transmitted (if programmed) to the central station immediately. If the backup battery is discharged or missing, the sounder may not turn on and a Low-Battery report will be transmitted with a Test report.

The keypad will beep once per minute as a reminder that the system is in the Test mode.

To turn off the test mode enter the **Security code** and press the **OFF** key.

**Note:** For 5800 wireless systems, triggering a zone set to Arm-AWAY, Arm-STAY, or Disarm will take the system out of the Test mode and cause that action.

**Alarm messages will be sent to the central station during the following tests. Notify the central station in advance that tests will be in progress.**

3. Arm the system and fault one or more zones. After 15 seconds (if optional dialer delay is selected), silence alarm sounder(s) by entering the **Security code** and then pressing **OFF**. Check the entry/exit delay zones.
4. Check the keypad-initiated alarms that have been programmed in the system by pressing the Panic key (key pairs on some keypads). If the system has been programmed for audible emergency, the keypad will emit a steady alarm sound, and **ALARM and the zone number** will be displayed. Silence the alarm by entering the **Security code** and then pressing **OFF**. If the system has been programmed for silent emergency, there will be no audible alarms or displays, but a report will be sent to the central station.
5. If output relay units have been installed, test their programmed action.
6. Notify the central station when all tests are finished, and verify results with them.
7. To test the wireless part of the system and the RF receiver, perform the two tests (Transmitter Sniffer mode and Go/NoGo Test mode) that follow:

**TRANSMITTER SNIFFER MODE:**

Make sure the system is disarmed before trying to enter this mode.

Press [**Installer code**] + [#] + 3. This initiates a procedure that will check that all transmitters have been properly programmed.

**Note:** If the communicator is in the process of sending a report to the central station, the system will not go into the Sniffer mode. If so, wait a few minutes, and try again.

The keypad will display all zone numbers of wireless units programmed into the system. As the system receives a signal from each of the transmitters, the zone number of that transmitter will **disappear** from the display. The transmitter codes may be checked upon installation, or in an installed system. All the wireless zone numbers should disappear after about 1-1/2 hours. To speed this process, all sensors can be physically faulted and then restored.

**Note:** All BR-type units must physically be activated to clear the display. When **one** button of a transmitter (RF, UR, or BR) is activated, all zones assigned to other buttons on that transmitter are cleared. This also applies to 5816 and 5817 Transmitters that have multiple loops (zones). Any transmitter serial number that is not entered will not turn off its zone number. Exit this mode by keying [**Installer code**] + **OFF**.

#### **GO/NO GO TEST MODE:**

By pressing [**Installer code**] + [#] + 4, a mode similar to the user Test mode (code + TEST) is entered, but the wireless receiver gain is reduced.

Checking in this mode assists in determining good mounting locations for the transmitters when the system is being installed, and verifies that the RF transmission has sufficient signal amplitude margin for the installed system.

Exit the mode by entering [**Installer code**] + **OFF**.

#### **TO THE INSTALLER**

Regular maintenance and inspection (at least annually) by the installer and frequent testing by the user are vital to continuous satisfactory operation of any alarm system.

The installer should assume the responsibility of developing and offering a regular maintenance program to the user as well as acquainting the user with the proper operation and limitations of the alarm system and its component parts. Recommendations must be included for a specific program of frequent testing (at least weekly) to ensure the system's proper operation at all times.

# System Operation

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## In This Section

- ◆ Security Codes
- ◆ Keypad Functions
- ◆ Trouble Conditions

.....

## Security Codes

### Installer Code

The installer programs the 4-digit Installer code initially as part of the programming procedure. The factory default Installer code is 4-1-1-1, but may be changed in field \*20. **Note:** The Installer code is defined as User 1.

The Installer code is the only code that can allow reentry into Programming mode. In normal operation mode, only the Master code can be used to enter the User codes (refer to Assigning the Master Code).

Refer to *Mechanics Of Programming* in the separate *Programming Guide* for details on exiting the Programming mode via \*98 or \*99.

### Assigning the Master Code

In normal operation mode, assign the 4-digit Master code as follows:

Master code + 8 + 2 + new Master code + new Master code again

**Note:** The Master code is defined as User 2.

### Changing the Master Code

In normal operation mode, the Master security code can be used to assign up to 6\* secondary users 4-digit security codes (Users 3–8 or 3–9\*). It can also be used to remove Secondary User codes from the system (individually).

If a Duress code (User No. 9) is **not** assigned, up to 7 Secondary User codes (Users 3–9) will be available for assignment

**To assign (or change) a Secondary security code, enter:**

Master code + [8] + User # (3–8<sup>†</sup>) + desired 4-digit User code

<sup>†</sup> User No. 9 is reserved for a Duress code. However, if a Duress code is **not** assigned, a Security code can be assigned to an additional user (who will be User No. 9).

The system will emit a single beep when each Secondary User code has been successfully entered.

**To delete a Secondary security code, enter:**

Master Code + [8] + [User Code]

### Babysitter Code

User No. 8 can be assigned as a Babysitter code, but will have limited capabilities – the Babysitter code cannot be used to disarm the system if it was armed by another user's code.

### Special Notes

- All Master and Secondary User codes permit access to the system for arming, disarming, etc.
- If a Secondary User code is inadvertently repeated for different users, the lower user number will take priority.
- Opening and closing reports are sent for the Master code as No. 02, with the appropriate subscriber number. Secondary User codes are sent as Nos. 3 through 8 (or 9, if no Duress code is assigned), respectively, with the appropriate subscriber number.

### Duress Code

This feature is intended for use when you are forced to disarm or arm the system under threat. When used, the system will act normally, but can silently notify the central station of your situation, if that service has been provided. The Duress code may be any 4-digit code assigned to User No. 9.

**Note:** This code is useful only when the system is connected to a central station.

**To program a Duress code, enter:**

Master code + CODE [8] + [9] + [desired 4-digit Duress code]

The keypad will beep once to confirm acceptance.

**Note:** The Duress code must differ from the Master code or any other user's code.

**To change the Duress code, enter:**

Master Code + [8] + [9] + [new 4-digit Duress Code]

When the keypad beeps once, it signifies that the code has been changed.

**To delete the Duress code, enter:**

Master code + [8] + [9] and wait

## Keypad Functions

### General Information

Note that if you enabled QUICK ARM (field \*21), the [#] key can be pressed instead of entering the security code, for any of the arming procedures (AWAY, STAY, INSTANT, MAXIMUM, etc.). The security code is *always* required, however, when disarming the system.

**The Quick Arm feature will function only if the Master code has been programmed (see Assigning the Master Code on the previous page).**

The keypad allows the user to arm and disarm the system, and perform other system functions, such as bypassing zones; and to display zone descriptors. Zone and system conditions (Alarm, Trouble, Bypass) are displayed in the display window.

be displayed (memory of alarm). To clear this display, simply repeat the disarm sequence (enter the security code and press the OFF key) again.

The keypads also feature chime annunciation. Three Panic key pairs, or individual Panic keys (depending on keypad type – see Panic Keys on next page), can send silent, audible, Fire or Personal Emergency alarms to the central station, if that service is connected.

### **Arming, Disarming Functions, etc.**

The following is a brief list of system commands. For detailed information concerning system functions, refer to the User's Manual.

<b>Disarmed, Not Ready</b>	Before arming, the system must be in the READY condition (all zones must be intact). If the NOT READY message appears, press the READY [*] key to display faulted zones.
<b>Arming Away</b>	Enter code + AWAY [2].
<b>Arming Stay</b>	Enter code + STAY [3].
<b>Arming Instant</b>	Enter code + INSTANT [7].
<b>Arming Maximum</b>	Enter code + MAXIMUM [4].
<b>Quick Arming</b>	(If enabled). Simply press [#] in place of the code, then press AWAY, STAY, INSTANT, or MAXIMUM to arm system as desired. Note that the [#] key cannot be used in place of the code when disarming the system.
<b>Disarming</b>	Enter code + OFF [1].
<b>Bypassing Zones</b>	Enter code + BYPASS [6] + zone number(s).
<b>Forced (Quick) Bypass</b>	(If enabled.) To automatically bypass all faulted zones, use the Quick Bypass method: Enter code + BYPASS, then wait for all open zones to be displayed. Arm when display indicates BYPASS and READY TO ARM. If programmed (in field *23), zones 17, 30, and 31 will also be bypassed.
<b>Chime Mode</b>	Enter code + CHIME [9]. To turn chime off, enter code + CHIME [9] again.

**SUMMARY OF ARMING MODES**

Arming Mode	Features for Each Arming Mode			
	Exit Delay	Entry Delay	Perimeter Armed	Interior Armed
AWAY	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
STAY	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
INSTANT	Yes	No	Yes	No
MAXIMUM	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

**Panic Keys**

There are three individual lettered keys (or Panic key pairs on some keypads) that, if programmed, can be used to manually initiate alarms and send a report to the central station.

Each can be individually programmed for 24-hour Silent, Audible, Personal or Fire Emergency responses. The Panic function is activated when the appropriate lettered key is pressed for at least 2 seconds, or when both keys of the appropriate key pair are pressed at the same time. See chart below.

**Note:** If the [D] key is not present on the keypad, the [\*] and [#] keys can be programmed (in field \*86) to send a **Service Request** message to the central station. This is only possible if Contact ID format is selected in field \*46. If the [\*] and [#] keys are programmed for Service Request, they can no longer be used for a Panic function.

The Panic functions are identified by the system as follows:



For the Silent Panic functions to be of practical value, the system must be connected to a central station.

Keys	Displayed as Zone
[1] & [*], or [A]	95
[*] & [#], or [B]	7
[3] & [#], or [C]	96

**Notes:**

- Keys [A], [B], [C] are not on all keypads.
- Key [D], if present, does not perform a Panic function. See note above.

**4285 Phone Module (if used)**

Refer to the separate instructions supplied with the phone module for detailed information concerning its operating procedures. The checkout procedure in *Section 8: 4285 Phone Module* should have been performed following installation of the phone module

**Note:** The phone module **cannot** be used to add User codes in this system. User codes must be added by using a wired keypad.



**Relay Outputs (if used)**

If relay outputs are used, two keypad entries available to the user are included among the system operation choices (34 and 35) that may be programmed (refer to *Section 7: Relay Outputs* section). They can manually activate or deactivate the relay(s) for starting or stopping some action, such as turning lights on or off, etc. These keypad entries are:

- **Security Code + [#] + 7**
- **Security Code + [#] + 8**

**Note:** Whichever entry is used to start/stop the action cannot also be used to stop/start it. The opposite action must be performed either by the other keypad entry or by some other event or operation offered in the programming section.

**Exit Alarm Displays (if programmed)**

- **A display of CANCELED ALARM or CA and a zone indication** will appear if an exit or interior zone contained a fault during closing at the time the exit delay ended (e.g., exit door left open), but the system **was** disarmed during the entry delay time. The alarm sounder and keypad will sound continuously, but will stop when the system is disarmed. No message will be transmitted to the central station.
- **A display of EXIT ALARM or EA and a zone indication** will appear if an exit or interior zone contained a fault during closing at the time the exit delay ended, but the system **was NOT** disarmed during the entry delay time. The alarm sounder and keypad will sound continuously until the system is disarmed (or timeout occurs). An Exit alarm message will be sent to the central station.

**Trouble Conditions (refer to *Section 18: Troubleshooting Guide*)****General Information**

The word **CHECK** on the keypad's display, accompanied by a rapid beeping at the keypad, indicates that there is a Trouble condition in the system. The warning sound can be silenced by pressing any key. Instruct users to call for service immediately upon seeing any of the following messages:

**Check and Battery Displays**

- **A display of CHECK and one or more zone numbers** indicates that a problem exists with the displayed zone(s) and requires attention.
- **A display of CHECK and 09** indicates that communication between the control and a zone expander or wireless receiver is interrupted. Check the wiring and DIP switch settings on the units.
- **If there are wireless sensors in the system**, the Check condition may also be caused by some change in the environment that prevents the receiver from receiving signals from a particular sensor.
- **A display of BAT (Fixed-Word keypads) or SYSTEM LO BAT (Alpha keypads) with no zone number** indicates that the system's main standby battery is weak.
- **A display of BAT (Fixed-word keypads) with a zone number and a once-per-minute beeping at the keypad** indicates that a low battery condition exists in the wireless sensor displayed (zone 00 indicates a wireless keypad). If the battery is not replaced within 30 days, a CHECK display may occur.
- **A display of KYPD LB on Alpha keypads (without a zone number)** indicates that a wireless keypad (5827, 5827BD) has a low battery. If the battery is not replaced within 30 days, a CHECK display may occur.

**Note:** Some wireless sensors contain a nonreplaceable long-life battery that requires replacement of the entire unit at the end of battery life (e.g., Nos. 5802, 5802CP).

### Power Failure

- **If there is no keypad display at all, and the POWER indicator (if present) is not lit,** operating power for the system has stopped and the system is inoperative.

**Note:** The control panel will power up in its previous state (armed or disarmed) after a complete power failure, but will not retain any memory of bypasses.

- **If the message AC LOSS (Alpha keypads) or NO AC (Fixed-Word keypads) is displayed,** the keypad is operating on battery power only.

**Note:** There is a random delay of up to 48 minutes before the system will report an AC failure to the central station. The keypad response is about 6 seconds. The Restore report has a random delay of up to 12 minutes (if the AC failure report was sent).

- **If the battery standby capacity is used up during a prolonged AC power outage,** the control's auxiliary power will shut down to minimize deep discharge of the battery.

### Other Displays

**Note:** Fixed-word displays are in parentheses.

<b>Busy-Standby (dl)</b>	If this remains displayed for more than 1 minute, the system is disabled.
<b>Modem Comm (CC)</b>	The system is in communication with the central station for change of function or status verification.
<b>Comm. Failure (FC)</b>	A communication failure has occurred.
<b>Open Circuit (OC)</b>	The keypad is not receiving signals from the control and sees an open circuit.
<b>Long Rng Trbl (bF)</b>	Backup LRR communication failure.
<b>Service Request (Cd)</b>	Displayed if the [D] key (when present on the keypad) is pressed for 2 seconds. Also will be displayed if the keypad does not have a [D] key and key pair [*] and [#] are pressed.*

In either case, a message will be sent to the central station requesting service.

\* The [\*] and [#] keys must be programmed for Service Request (in field \*86) for this feature to function.

If the [\*] and [#] keys are programmed to send a Service Request message, they can no longer be used for a Panic function.

**Note:** The [D] key, if present, is dedicated to this feature, and does not need to be programmed in field \*86. **However, in all cases, Contact ID format must be enabled in field \*46 for a Service Request message to be sent.**

# Troubleshooting Guide



## In This Section

- ◆ System
- ◆ Control
- ◆ Smoke Detector



### SYSTEM (including Wireless)

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
1. Transmitter signal not received at 5881.	1a. Transmitter or 5881 not properly powered. 1b. If Transmitter is 5827/5827BD, House ID code not set in field *24, or transmitter not set to same House code set in that field. 1c. Transmitter located too far from 5881. 1d. Metal shielding between transmitter and 5881. 1e. Transmitter malfunctioning. 1f. 5881 malfunctioning. 1g. Transmitter No. (zone) not programmed. 1h. 5881 address incorrect. 1i. Field *22 not set properly.	1a. Check or change transmitter's battery. Check the control's AC power. 1b. Check code switches inside transmitter. Must match with RF House code programmed in control. 1c. Move transmitter or 5881. 1d. Check for large metal obstructions, then relocate transmitter if necessary. 1e. Verify by activating 5881 with another, similar transmitter. If O.K. now, return defective transmitter. 1f. Verify by making sure other transmitters cannot activate 5881. If defective, replace and return original 5881. 1g. Verify programming. 1h. Set DIP switch for address 0. 1i. Set field *22 to 1 for 5881 RF receiver.
2. Transmitter zone number appears during Transmitter Sniffer mode, but does not clear.	2a. Transmitter zone type (ZT) is set to 00 (Not Used). 2b. Transmitter battery not installed. 2c. 5800 System transmitter serial No. not entered in system.	2a. Set ZT to a valid active zone type in field *56. 2b. Install proper battery. 2c. Enter unit's serial No. in field *56 or *83.
3a. Bat or System Lo Bat (with no zone no. displayed). 3b. Bat + 00 (Fixed-Word keypad display) or KYPD LB + 00 (Alpha keypad display). 3c. Bat or Lo Bat + nn.	3a. System battery is low or missing. 3b. Remote RF wireless keypad battery low. 3c. Transmitter in Zone nn has a low battery.	3a. Replace battery in control box. 3b. Replace battery in wireless keypad. 3c. Replace transmitter battery in Zone nn.

## TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (continued)

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
<b>4. Periodic beep(s) from keypad.</b>	4a. System is in Test mode. 4b. A wireless transmitter low battery has occurred and is displayed. 4c. A supervision CHECK has occurred.	4a. Enter [Code] + OFF to exit Test mode. 4b. Enter [Code] + OFF and replace the battery. 4c. Check the wireless transmitter indicated. Restore communication to the RF receiver to cancel the condition.
<b>5. With 5800 RF System, no response to a transmitter in normal operation, although zone number clears during Transmitter Sniffer mode.</b>	Put control in Test mode. If zone does not respond, try operating the tamper switch or another input to the transmitter. 5a. If another input causes the zone to be displayed, the wrong loop input was entered when programming. 5b. If no response at all from this transmitter, this physical transmitter has not been entered into the system.	5a. Delete input's serial number (not the zone), and enter the proper loop input (see field *56 or *83). 5b. Determine which transmitter is programmed for this zone and reprogram as necessary.
<b>6. Nuisance or phantom alarm.</b>	6a. Sensors not properly installed, wired, or monitored. 6b. Universal transmitter (5817) programmed incorrectly.	6a. Check installation to see if in accordance with established procedure. 6b. Check programming for transmitter.
<b>7. Intrusion alarm for no apparent reason.</b>	7a. Protected door or window opened while system is armed. 7b. Improper user operation of exit/entry delays. 7c. Magnets located too far from switches, and/or doors and windows not properly aligned. 7d. Magnetic contacts improperly connected or wire broken. 7e. Entry door programmed as Instant. 7f. Loose-fitting door or window being rattled by wind or vibrations.	7a. Check with occupants of protected premises in case protected door or window was opened unintentionally during armed period. 7b. Check programming of entry delays. 7c. Check all openings for proper switch and magnet orientation. 7d. Check wiring connections. Be sure wires are properly stripped and are tightly fastened to screw terminals. 7e. Check and revise programming. Reprogram transmitter number. 7f. Mount magnet closer to mating switch.
<b>8. Repeated Low-Battery signal.</b>	8a. Transmitter located where temperature drops below 32°F. 8b. Poor quality or unspecified battery in transmitter. 8c. Transmitter malfunctioning.	8a. Change location. Use magnetic contacts to protect opening. 8b. Check battery. Use only batteries specified (does not apply to transmitters with non-replaceable batteries). 8c. Replace faulty transmitter.
<b>9. Local bell and keypad sound continuously after arming.</b>	9. Exit or interior zone contained a fault at end of exit delay (e.g., exit door left open).  The EXIT ALARM display, etc. will also result if an alarm from an exit or interior zone occurs within two minutes after the end of an exit delay. ∅	9a. If system disarmed before ensuing entry time runs out, CA or CANCELED ALARM will be displayed. Sounding will stop. 9b. If system not disarmed before entry time ends, EA or EXIT ALARM will be displayed and Exit Alarm message will be sent to central station. Sounding will continue until system is disarmed or timeout occurs.  Clear display by entering [Code] + OFF a second time. Avoid fault when re-arming.

**TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE (continued)**

<b>SYMPTOM</b>	<b>POSSIBLE CAUSE</b>	<b>REMEDY</b>
<b>10. CHECK and 09 displayed</b>	10. Communication between control and zone expander or wireless receiver is interrupted.	10. Check wiring connections of expander and receiver to control. Check DIP switch settings on the units.

**CONTROL**

<b>SYMPTOM</b>	<b>POSSIBLE CAUSE</b>	<b>REMEDY</b>
<b>1. AC LOSS or NO AC displayed.</b>	1a. Interrupted AC power supply.	1a. Check transformer connection and power line circuit breaker. Transformer must be connected to an unswitched (24-hour) outlet.
<b>2. Digital communicator message not being received.</b>	2a. Control in Test mode. 2b. Telephone connection not secure. 2c. Digital communicator malfunctioning. 2d. Telephone number in program needs prefix or access code. 2e. Telephone call to central monitoring station requires operator assistance.	2a. Remove from Test mode. 2b. Check all connections. 2c. Check with a different V12C. 2d. Program prefix or access code into the control. 2e. System cannot work in this situation.
<b>3. Does not arm properly.</b>	3a. READY light not on.	3a. Check for faulted zone(s) by pressing [*] ; make faulted zone(s) intact, or use Bypass arming, if desired.
<b>4. V12C doesn't respond to keystrokes on keypad.</b>	4a. CC or MODEM COMM displayed. 4b. d1 or BUSY-STANDBY is displayed. 4c. E4 or E8 displayed. 4d. Keypad address setting incorrect.	4a. System is in communication with downloader at central station. Wait until download session is finished. 4b. System has just been powered and is in its one minute initialization. To bypass this time, press [#] + 0. 4c. More zones have been programmed than the zone expansion modules can handle. Delete some zones or use a higher-capability RF receiver. 4d. Keypads must be set for address 31 (Nonaddressable mode).

**SMOKE DETECTOR**

<b>SYMPTOM</b>	<b>POSSIBLE CAUSE</b>	<b>REMEDY</b>
<b>1. Detector alarms, no apparent reason.</b>	1a. Dust, dirt in sensing chamber. 1b. Improper location. 1c. Unit malfunctioning.	1a. Clean unit's sensing chamber with vacuum cleaner per unit's instructions. 1b. Refer to the unit's instructions for locations to avoid. Relocate as necessary. 1c. Replace detector.
<b>2. Detector's siren sounds.</b>	2a. Unit not receiving required power. 2b. Unit malfunctioning.	2a. Check for proper installation of battery. Try new battery. 2b. Replace detector.



# Specifications and Accessories

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## Specifications

### V12C SECURITY CONTROL

**1. Physical:** 12-1/2" W x 14-1/2" H x 3" D (318mm x 368mm x 76mm)

**2. Electrical:**

VOLTAGE INPUT: 16.5VAC from plug-in 25VA transformer, ADEMCO No. 1317.

RECHARGEABLE BACKUP BATTERY: 12VDC, 4AH (Gel type).  
Charging Voltage: 13.8VDC.

ALARM SOUNDER: 12V, 2.0 Amp output can drive 12V BELLS or can drive one or two 702 (**series** connected) self-contained 20-watt sirens. Do **not** connect two 702s in parallel.

AUXILIARY POWER OUTPUT: 12VDC, 500mA max. Interrupts for 4-wire smoke detector reset.

Note: For UL installations, Alarm Sounder plus Auxiliary Power currents should not exceed 600mA total.

STANDBY TIME: (refer to the Table in *Section 12: Final Power-Up*)

**3. Communication:**

FORMATS SUPPORTED:

**4 + 2 ADEMCO Express,**  
10 characters/sec, DTMF (TouchTone) Data Tones, 1400/2300Hz ACK, 1400Hz KISSOFF.

**ADEMCO Contact ID Reporting,**  
10 characters/sec., DTMF (TouchTone) Data Tones, 1400/2300Hz ACK, 1400Hz KISSOFF.

**4 + 2 ADEMCO Low Speed, Standard**  
10 pulses/sec, 1900Hz Data Tone, 1400Hz ACK/KISSOFF.

**Radionics, Standard**  
20 pulses/sec, 1800Hz Data Tone, 2300Hz ACK/KISSOFF.  
Can report 0-9, B-F.

Line Seize: Double Pole.

Ringer Equivalence: 0.7B.

FCC Registration No.: AC 398U-68192-AL-E.

**4. Maximum Zone Resistance:** Zones 1-6 = 300 ohms excluding EOLR.

**6128  
REMOTE KEYPAD**

- 1. Physical:** 5-3/4" W x 4-3/4" H x 1" D (146mm x 121mm x 26mm).
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC, Current Drain: 30mA.
- 3. Interface Wiring:** To control panel's keypad connection points.
  - RED: 12VDC input (+) aux power.
  - GREEN: Data Out to control.
  - YELLOW: Data In from control.
  - BLACK: Ground.

**6137  
REMOTE KEYPAD**

- 1. Physical:** 5-1/16" W x 6-3/8" H x 1-3/4" D (129mm x 162mm x 45mm).
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC.  
Current Drain: 120mA.
- 3. Interface Wiring:** Same as 6128.

**6139  
REMOTE KEYPAD**

- 1. Physical:** 5-1/16" W x 6-3/8" H x 1-3/4" D (129mm x 162mm x 45mm).
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC; Current Drain: 140mA.
- 3. Interface Wiring:** Same as 6128.

**5881L, 5881M, 5881H  
RF RECEIVERS  
(5800 System)**

- 1. Physical:** 7-3/8" (188mm) W x 4-3/8" (112mm) H x 1-7/16" (37mm) D.  
*Note: 10-7/8" (277mm) H with antenna.*
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC; Current Drain: 35mA.
- 3. Interface Wiring:** Same as 6128.
- 4. Range:** 200ft (60m) nominal indoors from wireless transmitters (the actual range to be determined with system in Test mode).
- 5. Zones:** 5881L: accepts up to 8 transmitters.  
5881M: accepts up to 16 transmitters.  
5881H: accepts up to 30 transmitters.

**5800TM  
TRANSMITTER  
MODULE  
used with 5827BD  
Wireless 2-Way Keypad**

- 1. Physical:** 2-1/4" W x 4-1/8" H x 7/8" D (57mm x 105mm x 22mm).
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC; Current Drain: 20mA.
- 3. Interface Wiring:** Same as 6128.

**4204  
RELAY MODULE**

- 1. Physical:** 6-1/2" W x 4-1/4" H x 1-1/4" D (169mm x 108mm x 32mm).
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC; Current Drain: 15mA (Relays off).  
180mA (Relays on).
- 3. Interface Wiring:** Same as 6128.
- 4. Four Output Relays:** SPDT Contacts.  
Rating: 2A max at 28VDC/AC.



**4219  
WIRED EXPANSION  
MODULE**

- 1. Physical:** 6-1/2" W x 4-1/4" H x 1-1/4" D (169mm x 108mm x 32mm)
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC; Current Drain: 35mA
- 3. Interface Wiring:** Same as 6128.
- 4. Four Output Relays:** SPDT Contacts, Rating: 2A max at 28VDC/AC

**4229  
WIRED EXPANSION/  
RELAY MODULE**

- 1. Physical:** 6-1/2" W x 4-1/4" H x 1-1/4" D (169mm x 108mm x 32mm)
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC; Current Drain: 35mA (Relays off)  
100mA (Relays on)
- 3. Interface Wiring:** Same as 6128.
- 4. 8 EOLR Loops (A-H):** Loop A can be set for fast (10–15msec) response to an open.
- 5. Two Output Relays:** SPDT Contacts; Rating: 2A max at 28VDC/AC

**4285  
PHONE MODULE**

- 1. Physical:** 6-1/2" W x 4-1/4" H x 1-1/4" D (169mm x 108mm x 32mm).
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC; Current Drain: 160mA.
- 3. Device Address:** Permanently set to address 4.
- 4. Interface Wiring:** Refer to *Section 8: 4285 Phone Module*.
- 5. Telephone Line Connections:** Refer to *Section 8: 4285 Phone Module*.

**7720PLUS/7820  
LONG RANGE RADIO**

- 1. Physical:** 8-1/2" W x 9-1/2" H x 1-3/4" D (216mm x 242mm x 45mm).
- 2. Electrical:** Voltage Input: 12VDC; Current Drain: 150mA.
- 3. Device Address:** Set to address 3.
- 4. Interface Wiring:** Same as 4127 above.

## Accessories (Compatible Devices)

### Sounders

<b>ADEMCO AB-12M 10" Motorized Bell &amp; Box</b>	MOTOR BELL & BOX. UL GRADE A. 100MA CURRENT DRAW.
<b>ADEMCO 1011BE12M 10" Motorized Bell &amp; Box</b>	Motor bell & box. UL Listed. 100mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 702 Outdoor Siren</b>	Self-contained 6–12 volt siren (driver built-in) and weatherproof for outdoor use. Can be wired for either a steady or warble sound. 117dB @ 10 feet. 1500mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 719 2-Channel Siren</b>	Self-contained 6–12-volt siren (driver builtin). Steady or warble sound. 109dB @ 10 feet. 550mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 747 Indoor Siren</b>	Self-contained 6–15 volt siren (driver built-in) for indoor wall mount. 747F available for flush mounting. 105dB @ 10 feet. 400mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 747UL Indoor Siren</b>	Self-contained 6–15 volt siren (driver built-in) for indoor wall mount. UL Listed. 85dB @ 10 feet. 320mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 744 Siren Driver</b>	6 jumper-selected sound outputs. Rated at 119dB with use of an 8-ohm 30 watt speaker. 1.3 amps current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 745X3* Voice Siren Driver</b>	12-volt voice siren driver with English, Spanish and French voice messages. Separate messages for Fire and Burglary. Use with 8-ohm speaker. UL Listed. 1100mA current draw.
<b>ADEMCO 705–820, 5-inch Round Speaker</b>	20-watt, 8-ohm indoor or outdoor speaker. Requires a driver.
<b>ADEMCO 713 Speaker</b>	40-watt, 8-ohm, indoor/outdoor speaker. Requires a driver.
<b>System Sensor PA400B (beige)/PA400R (red) Indoor Piezo Sounder</b>	Indoor piezo sounder (red or beige), rated at 90 dB @ 10 feet.

\* Requires special power wiring connections.

## **Compatible 4-Wire Smoke/Combustion Detectors**

### **System Sensor**

- 1412** 4-wire ionization products of combustion detector.
- 2412** 4-wire photoelectric smoke detector.
- 2412TH** 4-wire photoelectric smoke detector w/135° F (57° C) heat detector.
- A77-716B** EOL relay module (supervisory module for wired 4-wire fire zone).
- 2112/24T** Low-profile 4-wire photoelectric smoke detector w/135° F (57° C) heat detector.



# Regulatory Agency Statements

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## UL Installation Requirements

UL NOTICES
1. This is a "Grade A" residential system.
2. The 4285 Phone Module and ADEMCO 7720PLUS or 7820 Long Range Radios have not been UL tested and cannot, therefore, be used in a UL installation.
3. Entry delays (fields *32, *33) cannot be greater than 45 seconds for UL installations.
4. The maximum number of reports per armed period (field *92) must be unlimited (set to 1) for UL installations.
5. Periodic testing (field *49) must be at least every 24 hours (set to 1) for UL installations.
6. Alarm sounder plus Auxiliary Power currents must not exceed 500mA total for UL installations.
7. Downloading is not permissible for UL installations.

### CALIFORNIA STATE FIRE MARSHAL (CSFM) 24 HOUR BATTERY BACKUP REQUIREMENTS

The California State Fire Marshal has published new regulations that require that all residential fire alarm control panels installed after June 30, 1993, must be provided with a backup battery that has sufficient capacity to operate the panel and its attached peripheral devices for 24 hours in the intended standby condition, followed by at least 4 minutes in the intended fire alarm signaling condition.

This control panel can meet these requirements without using a supplementary power supply, provided that the panel's auxiliary power and bell output currents are limited as indicated below.

<b>OUTPUT LIMITATIONS TO MEET CSFM 24 HOUR BATTERY BACKUP REQUIREMENTS FOR UL LISTED RESIDENTIAL FIRE INSTALLATIONS</b>			
<b>OUTPUT CURRENT LIMITATIONS</b>		<b>BATTERY INFORMATION</b>	
<b>OUTPUT CURRENT TOTAL</b>	<b>MAXIMUM AUXILIARY CURRENT</b>	<b>BATTERY CAPACITY TO USE (Amp/Hrs)</b>	<b>RECOMMENDED BATTERY (Yuasa Model No.)</b>
500mA maximum total of auxiliary power plus bell output currents.	45mA	4AH	NP4-12
	160mA	7AH	NP7-12
	200mA	8AH	NP4-12 (two)‡
	425mA	14AH	NP7-12 (two)‡

‡**Note:** Use two batteries, connected in parallel. Obtain an ADEMCO No. 4100EOLR Resistor Kit. A dual battery harness is provided with the kit. The kit also contains EOL resistors with spade lug/heat shrink tubing construction that has been approved by UL and CSFM for fire zone usage. Both batteries will fit inside the panel's cabinet.

### FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION (FCC) STATEMENT

This equipment has been tested to FCC requirements and has been found acceptable for use. The FCC requires the following statement for your information:

**This equipment generates and uses radio frequency energy and if not installed and used properly, that is, in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, may cause interference to radio and television reception. It has been type tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B computing device in accordance with the specifications in Part 15 of FCC Rules, which are designed to provide reasonable protection against such interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:**

- If using an indoor antenna, have a quality outdoor antenna installed.
- Reorient the receiving antenna until interference is reduced or eliminated.
- Move the receiver away from the control/communicator.
- Move the antenna leads away from any wire runs to the control/communicator.
- Plug the control/communicator into a different outlet so that it and the receiver are on different branch circuits.

If necessary, the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. The user or installer may find the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission helpful:

"Interference Handbook"

This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

The user shall not make any changes or modifications to the equipment unless authorized by the Installation Instructions or User's Manual. Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

### IN THE EVENT OF TELEPHONE OPERATIONAL PROBLEMS

In the event of telephone operational problems, disconnect the control panel by removing the plug from the RJ31X (CA38A in Canada) wall jack. We recommend that you demonstrate disconnecting the phones on installation of the system. Do not disconnect the phone connection inside the control panel. Doing so will result in the loss of your phone lines. If the regular phone works correctly after the control panel has been disconnected from the phone lines, the control panel has a problem and should be returned for repair. If upon disconnection of the control panel, there is still a problem on the line, notify the telephone company that they have a problem and request prompt repair service. The user may not under any circumstances (in or out of warranty) attempt any service or repairs to the system. It must be returned to the factory or an authorized service agency for all repairs.

### FCC PART 68 NOTICE

This equipment complies with Part 68 of the FCC rules. On the front cover of this equipment is a label that contains, among other information, the FCC registration number and ringer equivalence number (REN) for this equipment. If requested, this information must be provided to the telephone company.

This equipment uses the following jacks:

An RJ31X is used to connect this equipment to the telephone network. The REN is used to determine the quantity of devices which may be connected to the telephone line. Excessive RENs on the telephone line may result in the devices not ringing in response to an incoming call. In most, but not all areas, the sum of the RENs should not exceed five (5.0). To be certain of the number of devices that may be connected to the line, as determined by the total RENs, contact the telephone company to determine the maximum REN for the calling area.

If this equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. If advance notice is not practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe necessary.

The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations, or procedures that could affect the operation of the equipment. If this happens, the telephone company will provide advance notice in order for you to make the necessary modifications in order to maintain uninterrupted service.

If trouble is experienced with this equipment, please contact the manufacturer for repair and warranty information. If the trouble is causing harm to the telephone network, the telephone company may request you remove the equipment from the network until the problem is resolved.

There are no user serviceable components in this product, and all necessary repairs must be made by the manufacturer. Other repair methods may invalidate the FCC registration on this product.

This equipment cannot be used on telephone company-provided coin service. Connection to Party Line Service is subject to state tariffs.

This equipment is hearing-aid compatible.

When programming or making test calls to an emergency number, briefly explain to the dispatcher the reason for the call. Perform such activities in the off-peak hours; such as early morning or late evening.

**CANADIAN DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNICATIONS  
(DOC) STATEMENT**

**NOTICE**

The Canadian Department of Communications label identifies certified equipment. This certification means that the equipment meets certain telecommunications network protective, operational and safety requirements. The Department does not guarantee the equipment will operate to the user's satisfaction.

Before installing this equipment, users should ensure that it is permissible to be connected to the facilities of the local telecommunications company. The equipment must also be installed using an acceptable method of connection. In some cases, the company's inside wiring associated with a single line individual service may be extended by means of certified connector assembly (telephone extension cord). The customer should be aware that compliance with the above conditions may not prevent degradation of service in some situations.

Repairs to certified equipment should be made by an authorized Canadian maintenance facility designated by the supplier. Any repairs or alterations made by the user to this equipment, or equipment malfunctions, may give the telecommunications company cause to request the user to disconnect the equipment.

Users should ensure for their own protection that the electrical ground connections of the power utility, telephone lines and internal metallic water pipe system, if present, are connected together. This precaution may be particularly important in rural areas.

**Caution:** User should not attempt to make such connections themselves, but should contact the appropriate electric inspection authority, or electrician, as appropriate.

The Load Number (LN) assigned to each terminal device denotes the percentage of the total load to be connected to a telephone loop which is used by the device, to prevent overloading. The termination on a loop may consist of any combination of devices subject only to the requirement that the total of the Load Numbers of all the devices does not exceed 100.

**AVIS**

L'étiquette du ministère des Communications du Canada identifie le matériel homologué. Cette étiquette certifie que le matériel est conforme à certaines normes de protection, d'exploitation et de sécurité des réseaux de télécommunications. Le ministère n'assure toutefois pas que le matériel fonctionnera à la satisfaction de l'utilisateur.

Avant d'installer ce matériel, l'utilisateur doit s'assurer qu'il est permis de le raccorder aux installations de l'entreprise locale de télécommunications. Le matériel doit également être installé en suivant une méthode acceptée de raccordement. Dans certains cas, les fils intérieurs de l'entreprise utilisés pour un service individuel à la ligne unique peuvent être prolongés au moyen d'un dispositif homologué de raccordement (cordon prolongateur téléphonique interne). L'abonné ne doit pas oublier qu'il est possible que la conformité aux conditions énoncées ci-dessus n'empêche pas la dégradation du service dans certaines situations. Actuellement, les entreprises de télécommunications ne permettent pas que l'on raccorde leur matériel aux prises d'abonnés, sauf dans les cas précis prévus par les tarifs particuliers de ces entreprises.

Les réparations du matériel homologué doivent être effectuées par un centre d'entretien canadien autorisé désigné par le fournisseur. La compagnie de télécommunications peut demander à l'utilisateur de débrancher un appareil à la suite de réparations ou de modifications effectuées par l'utilisateur ou à cause de mauvais fonctionnement.

Pour sa propre protection, l'utilisateur doit s'assurer que tous les fils de mise en terre de la source d'énergie électrique, des lignes téléphoniques de réseau de conduites d'eau s'il y en a, soient raccordés ensemble. Cette précaution est particulièrement importante dans les régions rurales.

**Avertissement:** L'utilisateur ne doit pas tenter de faire ces raccordements lui-même; il doit avoir recours à un service d'inspection des installations électriques, ou à un électricien, selon le cas.

L'indice de charge (IC) assigné à chaque dispositif terminal pour éviter toute surcharge indique le pourcentage de la charge totale qui peut être raccordé à un circuit téléphonique bouclé utilisé par ce dispositif. La terminaison du circuit bouclé peut être constituée de n'importe quelle combinaison de dispositifs, pourvu que la somme des indices de charge de l'ensemble des dispositifs ne dépasse pas 100.

**WARNING!**

**THE LIMITATIONS OF THIS ALARM SYSTEM**

While this System is an advanced design security system, it does not offer guaranteed protection against burglary, fire or other emergency. Any alarm system, whether commercial or residential, is subject to compromise or failure to warn for a variety of reasons. For example:

- Intrusion detectors (e.g., passive infrared detectors), smoke detectors, and many other sensing devices will not work without power. Battery-operated devices will not work without batteries, with dead batteries, or if the batteries are not put in properly. Devices powered solely by AC will not work if their AC power supply is cut off for any reason, however briefly.
- Signals sent by wireless transmitters may be blocked or reflected by metal before they reach the alarm receiver. Even if the signal path has been recently checked during a weekly test, blockage can occur if a metal object is moved into the path.
- A user may not be able to reach a panic or emergency button quickly enough.
- While smoke detectors have played a key role in reducing residential fire deaths in the United States, they may not activate or provide early warning for a variety of reasons in as many as 35% of all fires, according to data published by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. Some of the reasons smoke detectors used in conjunction with this System may not work are as follows. Smoke detectors may have been improperly installed and positioned. Smoke detectors may not sense fires that start where smoke cannot reach the detectors, such as in chimneys, in walls, or roofs, or on the other side of closed doors. Smoke detectors also may not sense a fire on another level of a residence or building. A second floor detector, for example, may not sense a first floor or basement fire. Finally, smoke detectors have sensing limitations. No smoke detector can sense every kind of fire every time. In general, detectors may not always warn about fires caused by carelessness and safety hazards like smoking in bed, violent explosions, escaping gas, improper storage of flammable materials, overloaded electrical circuits, children playing with matches, or arson. Depending on the nature of the fire and/or location of the smoke detectors, the detector, even if it operates as anticipated, may not provide sufficient warning to allow all occupants to escape in time to prevent injury or death.
- Passive Infrared Motion Detectors can only detect intrusion within the designed ranges as diagrammed in their installation manual. Passive Infrared Detectors do not provide volumetric area protection. They do create multiple beams of protection, and intrusion can only be detected in unobstructed areas covered by those beams. They cannot detect motion or intrusion that takes place behind walls, ceilings, floors, closed doors, glass partitions, glass doors, or windows. Mechanical tampering, masking, painting or spraying of any material on the mirrors, windows or any part of the optical system can reduce their detection ability. Passive Infrared Detectors sense changes in temperature; however, as the ambient temperature of the protected area approaches the temperature range of 90° to 105°F (32° to 40°C), the detection performance can decrease.
- Alarm warning devices such as sirens, bells or horns may not alert people or wake up sleepers if they are located on the other side of closed or partly open doors. If warning devices are located on a different level of the residence from the bedrooms, then they are less likely to waken or alert people inside the bedrooms. Even persons who are awake may not hear the warning if the alarm is muffled by noise from a stereo, radio, air conditioner or other appliance, or by passing traffic. Finally, alarm warning devices, however loud, may not warn hearing-impaired people.
- Telephone lines needed to transmit alarm signals from a premises to a central monitoring station may be out of service or temporarily out of service. Telephone lines are also subject to compromise by sophisticated intruders.
- Even if the system responds to the emergency as intended, however, occupants may have insufficient time to protect themselves from the emergency situation. In the case of a monitored alarm system, authorities may not respond appropriately.
- This equipment, like other electrical devices, is subject to component failure. Even though this equipment is designed to last as long as 20 years, the electronic components could fail at any time.

The most common cause of an alarm system not functioning when an intrusion or fire occurs is inadequate maintenance. This alarm system should be tested weekly to make sure all sensors and transmitters are working properly. The security keypad (and remote keypad) should be tested as well.

Wireless transmitters (used in some systems) are designed to provide long battery life under normal operating conditions. Longevity of batteries may be as much as 4 to 7 years, depending on the environment, usage, and the specific wireless device being used. External factors such as humidity, high or low temperatures, as well as large swings in temperature, may all reduce the actual battery life in a given installation. This wireless system, however, can identify a true low battery situation, thus allowing time to arrange a change of battery to maintain protection for that given point within the system.

Installing an alarm system may make the owner eligible for a lower insurance rate, but an alarm system is not a substitute for insurance. Homeowners, property owners and renters should continue to act prudently in protecting themselves and continue to insure their lives and property.

We continue to develop new and improved protection devices. Users of alarm systems owe it to themselves and their loved ones to learn about these developments..



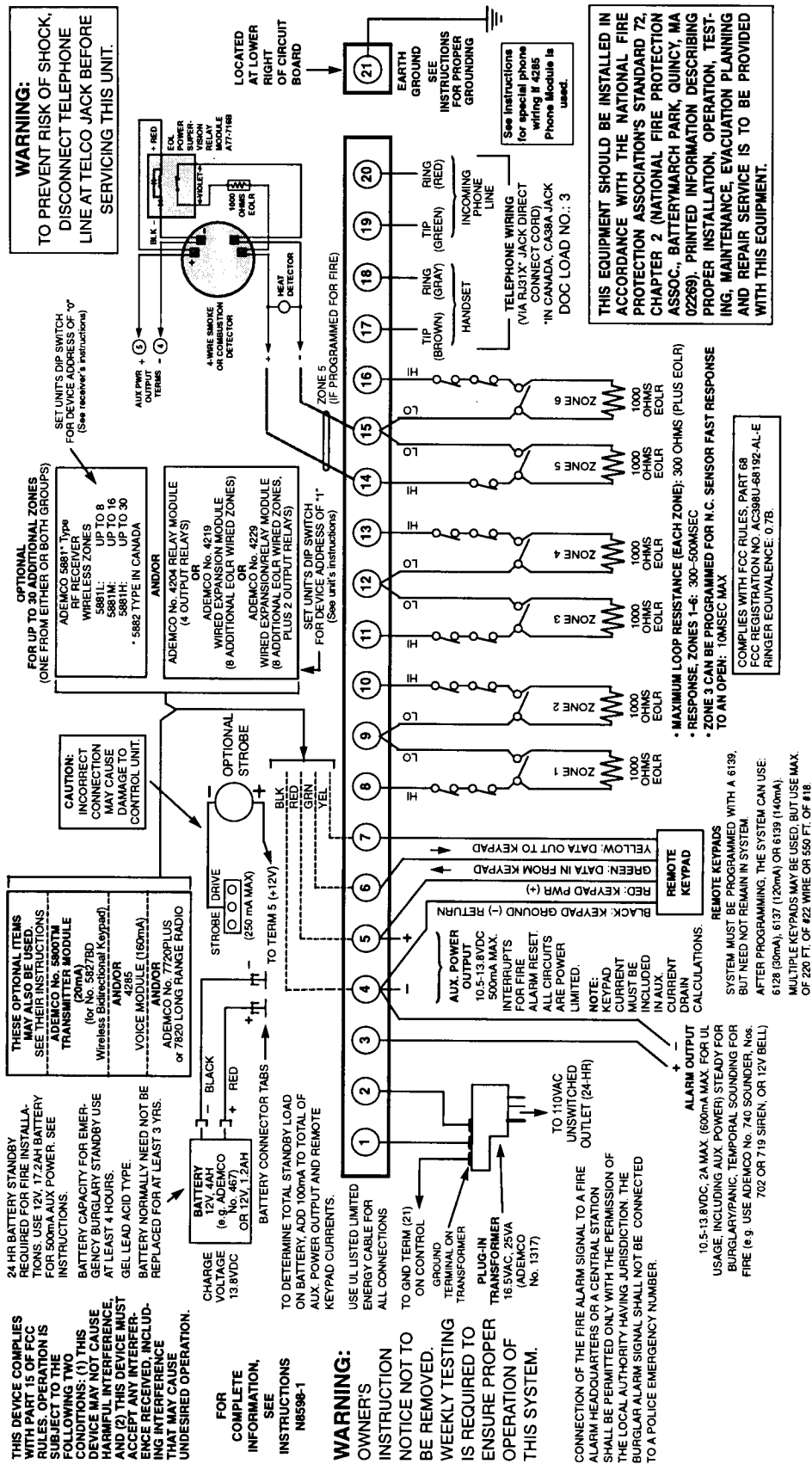


Figure A-1: V12C SUMMARY OF CONNECTIONS DIAGRAM

**ADEMCO LIMITED WARRANTY**

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